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GUDE

Expert Power Control 8291

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1.1 Security Advice

- The device must be installed only by qualified personnel according to the following installation and operating instructions. The manufacturer does not accept responsibility in case of improper use of the device and particularly any use of equipment that may cause personal injury or material damage.
- The device contains no user-maintainable parts. All maintenance has to be performed by factory trained service personnel.
- This device contains potentially hazardous voltages and should not be opened or disassembled.
- The device can be connected only to 100 240 V AC (50 60 Hz) power supply sockets.
- The used power cords, plugs and sockets have to be in good condition. Always connect the device to properly grounded power sockets.
- To disconnect the appliance quickly and safely from the power supply, the outlet supplying the appliance with power must be easily accessible.
- This equipment is designed for indoor use only. It must not be used in condensing or excessively hot environments.
- Please also observe the other instructions in the instructions for proper handling of the device.
- Because of safety and approval issues it is not allowed to modify the device without our permission.
- The device is NOT a toy. It has to be used or stored out of range of children.
- Care about packaging material. Plastics has to be stored out of range of children. Please recycle the packaging materials.
- In case of further questions, about installation, operation or usage of the device, which are not clear after reading the manual, please do not hesitate to ask our support team.
- Please, never leave connected equipment unattended, that can cause damage.
- Only connect electrical devices that do not have a limited duty cycle. This means that in the event of a fault, all connected electrical devices must be able to withstand continuous activation without causing damage.

1.2 Content of Delivery

The package includes:

- Expert Power Control 8291
- 1 x Power Supply cable (IEC C19, max. 16 A)
- Quick Start Guide

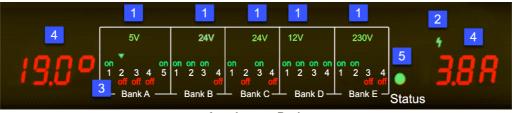
1.3 Description

The **Expert Power Control 8291-1** has 17 DC switchable power outlets with voltages of 24 V, 12 V and 5 V and 4 AC (IEC C13, max. 10A) switchable power outlets

• 21 Power Ports individually switchable directly on the device

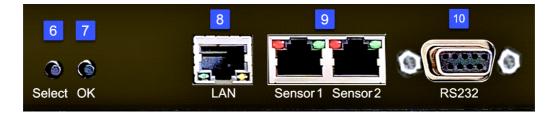
- Integrated power supply unit (max. 300 W) with active power factor correction (PFC)
- Power monitoring of 5 V, 12 V and 24 V (Bank A-D)
- Maximum available DC current per port: max. 4 A
- Current segmentation per bank: 5 V: max. 8,8 A, 12 V: max. 6 A, 24 V: max. 12,5 A
- AC: Metering of energy, current, power factor, phase angle, frequency, voltage and active / apparent / reactive power
- AC: Residual current metering type A
- A clearly visible LED display for port status, total current,
- Integrated overvoltage protection (SPD) type 3
- Each outlet protected by eFuses in case of short circuits
- 2 interfaces for optional sensors for environmental monitoring (temperature, humidity and air pressure)
- RJ45 network connection and RS232 interface
- Console commands via SSH, Telnet and serial interface
- SSH support with public key and passwords
- Individually parameterisable switch-on delay of all outputs
- Programmable timetables and turn-on/turn-off sequences
- Individually adjustable watchdog for each output, which switches depending on accessibility (network ping)
- Dual TCP/IP stack with IPv4 and IPv6 support (IPv6-ready)
- Control and monitoring of the device via Ethernet with an integrated web server with SSL encryption (TLS 1.1, 1.2, 1.3)
- Control and configuration with CGI parameters and JSON messages via HTTP (REST API)
- SNMP (v1, v2c and v3, traps)
- MQTT 3.1.1 Support
- Modbus TCP support
- Radius support
- Generation of messages (e-mail, syslog and SNMP traps) and switching of relays depending on sensor measurement limits
- · Firmware update during operation via Ethernet possible
- Encrypted e-mails (SSL, STARTTLS)
- Access protection through IP access control
- Low own consumption
- Developed and produced in Germany

1.4 Installation



Anzeige pro Bank

- 1. LED indicators (5V, 12V, 24V, 230V) for bank voltage display
- 2. LED indicator (flash) for Over Voltage Protection (green surge protection is active, red inactive)
- 3. 21 plain text displays (on/off) for the state of the outputs (Bank A to Bank E)
- 4. 2 x 7-segment display for measured values
- 5. Status LED



- 6. Select button
- 7. Ok button
- 8. Ethernet connector (RJ45)
- 9. 2 x External sensor connectors (RJ45)
- 10. RS232 connector



- 11. Mains supply (IEC C20, max.16A)
- 12. 4 x Load outputs Bank E (IEC C13, max. 16A)



- 13. 4 x Industrial terminal 2-pole (Bank D)
- 14. 4 x Industrial terminal 2-pole (Bank C)
- 15. 4 x Industrial terminal 2-pole (Bank B)
- 16. 5 x Industrial terminal 2-pole (Bank A)
- 17. 5 x USB socket Type A (Bank A)
- 18. 3 x LED indicators 12V / 24V selected

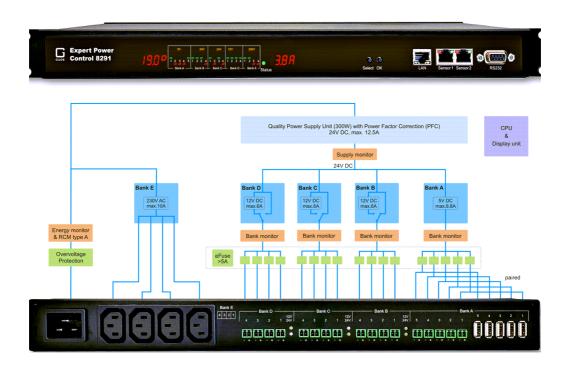
F The USB ports are for power supply only, no data communication takes place.

Start-up the device

- Connect the power cord (IEC C19, max. 16A) to the mains supply. The cable connectors are secured as regards their type against unintentional loosening. They must be inserted up to the stop, otherwise there is no secure connection. The plug must not wobble in the socket, or there is no tight connection.
- Plug the network cable into the Ethernet socket (RJ45).
- If required, setup a serial connection to the RS232 port.

- Insert the optional external sensors into the sensor connectors.
- Connect the consumers with the load outputs (IEC C13, max. 10A).
- Connect the consumers with the Industrial terminal or USB sockets.

1.5 Structure EPC 8291



The **Expert Power Control 8291-1** has 17 x DC switchable outputs with voltages of 12V, 24V and 5V as well as $4 \times AC$ switchable 230V outputs. The outputs are divided into 5 different banks:

- Bank A with 5V (max. 8.8 A)
- Bank B with 12V (max. 6.0 A) or 24V (max. 12.5 A)
- Bank C with 12V (max. 6.0 A) or 24V (max. 12.5 A)
- Bank D with 12V (max. 6.0 A) or 24V (max. 12.5 A)
- Bank E with 230V (max. 10 A)

The voltage selection (12V or 24V) of the banks B to D is indicated by LEDs on the front panel and on the back.

Voltage sources in the EPC 8291-1

The 230V mains voltage feeds the built-in 24V power supply unit (300 W) of the device. On the web page (Control Panel) the measurements of the DC voltage sources S1 to S5 are displayed. Here corresponds:

- S1 5V DC (max. 8.8 A) for Bank A fed from 24V
- S2 12V DC (max. 6.0 A) for bank B fed from 24V
- S3 12V DC (max. 6.0 A) for Bank C fed from 24V
- S4 12V DC (max. 6.0 A) for Bank D powered from 24V

S5 - 24V DC (max. 12.5 A) fed from 230V mains voltage

81	5.026 V DC	2.025	a /	8.8 A
52	11.982 V DC	0.000	a /	6.0 A
83	12.000 V DC	0.000	a /	6.0 A
84	12.000 V DC	0.000	a /	6.0 A
85	24.041 V DC	0.436	A /	12.5 A

In this example you can see that the voltage source S1 (bank A) is fed by the source S5 (24V power supply). The consumption at S1 is also reflected at S5.

Measuring points of the voltage sources

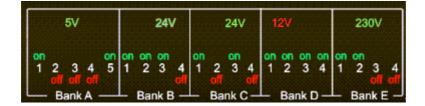
The device has a current and voltage measurement at the following locations in the device:

- Bank A 5V DC (Bank monitor) display on the website Bank A
- Bank B 12V / 24V DC (Bank monitor) Display on the website Bank B
- Bank C 12V / 24V DC (Bank monitor) Display on the website Bank C
- Bank D 12V / 24V DC (Bank monitor) Display on the website Bank D
- 24V power supply (Supply monitor) Display on the website as "S5"
- 230V power supply (Energy monitor & RCM type A) on the website as "L1 Meter12

Critical voltage and current values

If the voltage measurement falls below minimum values, the voltage indicator LED on the front panel changes from green to red. If the current of a bank or 24V power supply exceeds a critical value, the voltage indicator LED flashes.

Error case	5V	12V	24V	230V
Voltage undershot (red LED)	< 4,75V	< 11,4V	< 22,8V	< 80V
Current exceeded (flashing LED)	> 8,8 A	> 6,0 A	> 12,5 A	> 16 A



Here the voltage at bank D has fallen below 11.4V.

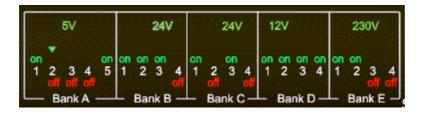
Use of eFuses

In the device, the DC power sources are protected by resettable electronic fuses (eFuses). These fuses are triggered by short circuit or overload. If an eFuse is triggered, the output is switched off. The device then also automatically switches off the port (front LEDs go from "on" to "off"). When the port is turned on again, the eFuse is reset and the output will operate normally until another short circuit or overload occurs. Triggering of an eFuse is indicated on the front panel LEDs by a flashing green triangle above a port number. The following states exist for an eFuse:

State	Number	Web Icon	Frontpanel LED
switched off (Ok)	0	×	
switched on (Ok)	1	×	
eFuse triggered (Error 1)	2	×	flashing triangle
External voltage source (Er- ror 2)	3	×	flashing triangle

The numbers (0 - 3) of eFuses are returned by console commands, SNMP and Modbus TCP as eFuse state description.

Operating external voltage sources at the outputs of the EPC 8291-1 can cause damage to the device.



In this example an overload has occurred on port 2 of bank A.

Overvoltage Protection

The device has a type 3 overvoltage protection. The status of which is indicated by a green and a red flash on the front panel. A green flash indicates that the protection is operational, a red flash indicates that the overvoltage protection is out of order. In addition, the status of the surge protection cant be determined via data communication with the device. Each surge protector is designed to discharge a virtually unlimited number of surge pulses in normal installation environments. In an environment with many high-energy surge pulses, aging of the surge protection element can lead to a permanent failure of the function.

The surge protection function can only be restored by the manufacturer of the device. Normally, the device will continue to operate even after the failure of the protective function.

Signalling via e-mail, syslog or SNMP trap is only done once during operation, exactly at the moment when the protection fails. In addition, a message is generated when the device is switched on if the surge protection is not operational.

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1.6 Technical Specifications

Interfaces	1 x Ethernet port (RJ45) 1 x Serial connector (D-SUB, RS232) 1 x Mains supply (IEC C20, max.16 A) 5 x USB socket Type A (5V, max. 3.5 A) 5 x DC outputs (5V, max. 3,5 A) 12 x DC outputs (12V / 24V, max. 4 A) 4 x Load outputs (IEC C13, max. 16 A) 2 x RJ45 for external sensor
Network connectivity	10/100 MBit/s Ethernet RJ45
Power Supply	internal power supply (240V AC / -15% / +10%)
Overvoltage Protection	Туре 3
Environment Operating temperature Storage temperature Humidity 	0°C - 50 °C -20°C - 70 °C 0% - 95% (non-condensing)
Case	powder coated, galvanized steel sheet
Measurements	19" (inches), 1 Rack Unit, (Depth 240 mm)
Weight	approx. 4.4 kg
Plug for DC switching outputs	Industrial terminal 2-pole - AK1550/2-3.5- GREEN

1.6.1 Electrical Measurement

typical fault tolerances for Ta=25°C, I=1Arms...16Arms, Un=90Vrms...265Vrms

Electrical Measurement Specification						
Category	Range	Unit	Resolu- tion	Inaccuracy (typical)		
Voltage	90-265	V	0.01	< 1%		
Current	0 - 16	А	0.001	< 1.5%		
Frequency	45-65	Hz	0.01	< 0.03%		
Phase	-180 - +180	0	0.1	< 1%		
Active power	0 - 4000	W	1	< 1.5%		
Reactive power	-4000 - 4000	Var	1	< 1.5%		
Apparent power	0 - 4000	VA	1	< 1.5%		
Power factor	0 - 1	-	0.01	< 3%		
	E	nergy Co	unter			
Active Energy (total)	9.999.999,999	kWh	0.001	< 1.5%		
Active Energy (resettable)	9.999.999,999	kWh	0.001	< 1.5%		

Meas	Measurement accuracy DC						
Voltage internal sources S1S5	better \pm 3% of measured value \pm 0.1V						
Current Bank AD + S5 (pure resistive loads)	better \pm 3% of measured value \pm 0.1A						

1.7 Sensor

Two external sensors can be connected to the **Expert Power Control 8291-1**. The following sensors are currently available



7101

7104 - 7106

Product Name	7101	7104-1	7105-1	7106-1
Calibrated Sensor	-	7104-2	7105-2	7106-2
Cable length	≈ 2m	≈ 2m	≈ 2m	≈ 2m
Connector	RJ45	RJ45	RJ45	RJ45
temperature range	-20°C to +80°C at ±2°C (maximum) and ±1°C (typical)			
air humidity range (non-condensing)	-	-	0-100%, ±3% (typical), 10-80% ±2% (typical)	0-100%, ±3% (typical), 10-80% ±2% (typical)
air pressure range (full)	-	-	-	± 1 hPa (typical) at 300 1100 hPa, 0 +40 °C
air pressure range (ext)	-	-	-	± 1.7 hPa (typical) at 300 1100 hPa, -20 0 °C
Protection	IP68	-	-	-



7201, 7202

Product Name	7201	7202
Cable length	-	-
Connector	RJ45	RJ45
temperature range	-20°C to +80°C at ±2°C (max- imum) and ±1°C (typical)	-20°C to +80°C at ±2°C (max- imum) and ±1°C (typical)
air humidity range (non-condensing)	-	0-100%, ±3% (typical)

The sensors are automatically detected after connect. This is indicated by the green LED on the sensor port that is lit permanently. The sensor values are displayed at the "Control Panel" web page:

ld	Name	Temperature °C	Humidity %	Dew Point °C	Dew Diff °C	Pressure hPa
1: 7106	7106	22.5	34.2	5.9	16.6	1013.8

A click on the link in the "Name" column opens the display of the Min and Max values. The values in a column can be reset using the "Reset" button. The "Reset" button in the name column deletes all stored Min and Max values.

ld	Name	Temperature °C	Humidity %	Dew Point °C	Dew Diff °C	Pressure hPa
1: 7106	7106 30m min 30m max	22.5 0.0 22.6	34.4 34.1 34.7	6.1 5.9 6.2	16.5 16.4 300.0	1013.8 125.0 1013.8
	Reset	Reset	Reset	Reset	Reset	Reset

Operating

2 Operating

2.1 Operating the device directly

Port Switching

The current switching state of the output is indicated by the corresponding plain text displays (port LEDs). If the green "on" LED is lit, the port is switched on, if the red "off" LED is lit, the output port is switched off. The buttons "Select" and "Ok" are located on the device. If you press "select", you can select the following modes one after the other (in the front panel [54] configuration you can deactivate the modes "All on" or "All off").

- 1. All on (PALL in the display): All LEDs flash green. If you press the "Ok" button for 2.5 seconds, all ports are switched on.
- 2. All off (PALL in the display): All LEDs flash red. If you hold the "Ok" button for 2.5 seconds, all ports are switched off.
- If you press "Select" again, the LED for the first output starts flashing, i.e. the output is selected. Press "Select" again to select the next output. Pressing and holding the "Ok" button for one second will toggle the state of the selected output.

👭 If the ports are already "All on" or "All off", the corresponding mode is skipped.

Display Information

If no port is selected manually, repeatedly pressing the "ok" button will show the IP-address and the values of the external sensors on the display.

Status-LED

The Status LED shows the different states of the device:

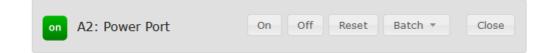
- red: The device is not connected to the Ethernet.
- orange: The device is connected to the Ethernet and waits for data from the DHCP server.
- green: The device is connected to the Ethernet and the TCP/IP settings are allocated.
- periodic blinking: The device is in Bootloader mode.

2.2 Control Panel

Access the web interface: http://"IP-address" and log-in.

Bank A - 5V	Bank B - DC 12V	Bank C - DC 12V	Bank D - DC 12V	Bank E - 230V
on A1:Power Port	off B1: Power Port	off C1:Power Port	off D1:Power Port	off E1:Power Port
on A2:Power Port	off B2: Power Port	off C2:Power Port	off D2:Power Port	off E2:Power Port
off A3:Power Port	off B3: Power Port	off C3:Power Port	off D3:Power Port	off E3:Power Port
off A4:Power Port	off B4: Power Port	off C4:Power Port	off D4:Power Port	off E4:Power Port
off A5:Power Port				
S1: 5.0 V DC 0.667 A	S2: 12.0 V DC 0.000 A	S3: 12.0 V DC 0.000 A	S4: 12.0 V DC 0.000 A	L1: 238.5 V AC OVP operational

The website provides an overview of the switching status and shows the measured values of the current banks A to E. If you click on a single port, the buttons appear to control the port:



The port icon is green when a port is on or red when it is off. The output can be switched manually using the "On" and "Off" buttons. If the output is switched on, it can be switched off by pressing "Reset" until it switches on again after a delay. This delay time is determined by the parameter Reset Duration, which is described in the chapter "Configuration - Power Ports 28". The "Close" button makes the buttons disappear again. An additional small clock symbol indicates that a timer is active. Timers are activated by switch-on delay, reset or batch mode. A flash on the icon indicates an error condition of the eFuse.



An activated Watchdog is represented by an eye icon. An "X" means, that the address that should be observed, could not be resolved. Two circular arrows show a booting status.



Batchmode

Each individual port can be set for a selectable period of time to the state "switch on" or "switch off". After the selected time they are automatically switched to the second preselected state.

on A2: Power Port				On Off	Reset	Bat	ch 🔺		Close
switch on 🔹	, wait	5	-	sec(s)	· , S∖	witch	off	Ŧ	Ok

Optionally the device can be switched via a Perl script or external tools like wget. More information is available on our support wiki at www.gude.info/wiki.

Measured values mains connection and power sources

		Voltage	Current	Freq	Phase		Pow	er		Residual Current	total Energy	resettable	Energy	
		AC rms	AC rms			active	reactive	apparent		AC rms	active	active	time	
ld	Name	V	Α	Hz	۰	W	VAR	VA	PF	mA	kWh	kWh	h:m:s	
L1	Meter1	257.8	0.165	49.97	-82.7	6	-41	42	0.15	0.0	5.920	5.920	35d 00:25:50	Reset

For mains connection, current, voltage, phase angle, power factor, frequency, active, apparent, reactive and residual power are measured.

51	5.026 V DC	2.025	A	7	8.8	A
52	11.982 V DC	0.000	λ	7	6.0	λ
53	12.000 V DC	0.000	λ	7	6.0	Α
84	12.000 V DC	0.000	A	7	6.0	Α
35	24.041 V DC	0.436	A	7	12.5	A

Display of voltage and current of each source S1 to S5.

2.3 Maintenance

The actual device generation with IPv6 and SSL allows all maintenance functions in the web interface to be carried out on the Maintenance Page 2^{2} .

Maintenance in the web interface

The following functions are available from the maintenance web page:

- Firmware Update
- Change the SSL certificate
- Load and save the configuration
- Restart the device
- Factory Reset
- Jump into the Bootloader
- Delete the DNS cache

Upload Firmware, Certificate or Configuration

On the Maintenance Page 2, select the required file with "Browse ..." in the sections "Firmware Update", "SSL Certificate Upload" or "Config Import File Upload" and press "Upload". The file is now transferred to the update area of the device and the contents are checked. Only now, pressing the "Apply" button will permanently update the data, or abort with "Cancel".

Only one upload function can be initiated with a reboot, eg. you cannot transmit firmware and configuration at the same time.

If after a firmware update, the web page is not displayed correctly anymore, this may be related to the interaction of Javascript with an outdated browser cache. If a Ctrl-F5 does not help, it is recommended that you manually delete the cache in the browser options. Alternatively, you can test start the browser in "private mode".

During a firmware update, old data formats are sometimes converted to new structures. If an older firmware is newly installed, the configuration data and the energy meters may be lost! If the device then does not run correctly, please restore the factory settings (e.g. from the Maintenance Page 2).

Actions in Bootloader mode

If the web interface of the device is no longer accessible, the device can be put into Bootloader mode (see chapter Bootloader activation 24). The following functions can be executed using the GBL_Conf.exe application:

- Set IPv4 address, net-mask and gateway
- Turn HTTP password on and off
- Turn IP-ACL on and off
- Factory Reset
- Allow jump from firmware to bootloader
- Restart the device

For devices with relays, entering or exiting the bootloader mode does not change the state of the relays as long as the operating voltage is maintained.

The GBL_Conf.exe program is available free of charge on our website www.gude.info and can also be found on the enclosed CD-ROM.

SBL_Conf 2.7.13					×
Search Launch Browser Pro	ogram Device	Options ?			
Expert Power Control 8031-12 - v1.3 - Expert Net Control 2304 - v1.0 - ENC-	EPC-8031 2304		GBL_Conf 2.7.13 Host OS: Win8 Version 6.2, Build 9200 Interface: all v		
			BootLoader Version: v6.6 GBL v4 uC:Kinetis K64 Firmware Version: v1.3		
Network Configuration			Searching devices, please wait Search finished: 2 Device(s) found		
MAC Address:	IP Address:				
00:19:32:01:16:41	192.168.0.111	7			
Netmask:	Gateway:				
255.255.255.0	192.168.0.1				
Use HTTP/HTTPS password Use HTTPS only	HTTP Port: 80	HTTPS Port: 443			
CP/IP-Settings by DHCP Enable IP ACL	🗹 Enable FW				
● Manual: □ 10Mbps ☑ 100 Current Link: 100 Mbps full-duplex	Mbps 🗹 FC) 🔿 Auto-Neg.	<		>

Interface GBL_Conf

To check the network settings with GBL_Conf.exe, start the program and choose "All Devices" in the "Search" menu. From the list select the appropriate device. The lower part of the left half of the window now shows the current network settings of the device. If the IP address is displayed with the default settings (192.168.0.2), either no DHCP server is present on the network, or there could be no free IP address assigned to it.

- Activate the Bootloader Mode (see Chapter Bootloader Mode) and choose in menu "Search" the item "Bootloader-Mode Devices only"
- Enter the desired settings in the edit window and save them with "Save Config".
- Deactivate the boot loader mode for the changes to take effect. Select again "All Devices" in the "Search" menu of GBL_Conf.exe.

The new network configuration is now displayed.

Changing the configuration with gbl_conf.exe is explicitly only allowed in bootloader mode!

Factory Reset

The device can be reset to the factory default via the web interface from the Maintenance Page 22° or from the Bootloader mode (see chapter Bootloader activation 24°). All TCP/IP settings are reset in this operation.

If a unit is set to factory defaults, an uploaded certificate or updated firmware will be preserved.

2.3.1 Maintenance Page

This section provides access to important functions such as Firmware Update or Restart Device. It is advisable to set an HTTP password for this reason.

C Firmware Update
Choose File Upload
SSL Certificate Upload
·
Choose File Upload
Config Import File Upload
Choose File Upload
Config File Export
Restart / Fab-Settings
kostart / rub octangs
Restart Device Restore Fab Settings and Restart Device
Enter Bootloader Mode Flush DNS Cache
C Service Data
Config/Status View: status.html
Config/Status Download: export.json

Firmware Update: Start a firmware update.

SSL Certificate Upload: Saves your own SSL certificate. See chapter "SSL 66" for the generation of a certificate in the right format.

<u>Config Import File Upload</u>: Loads a new configuration from a text file. To apply the new configuration, a "Restart Device" must be executed after the "Upload".

<u>Config File Export</u>: Saves the current configuration in a text file.

Saving the configuration should only be carried out in an SSL connection, since it contains sensitive password information (even if it is encrypted or hashed).

Restart Device: Restarts the device without changing the status of the relays.

Some functions such as a firmware update or changing of the IP-address and HTTP settings require a restart of the device. A jump to the boot loader or a restart of the device lead by no means to a change of the relay states.

Restore Fab Settings and Restart Device: Performs a restart and resets the device to factory default 25.

<u>Enter Bootloader Mode</u>: Jumps into bootloader mode, where additional settings can be made with GBL_Conf.exe.

Flush DNS Cache: All entries in the DNS cache are discarded and address resolutions are requested again.

Config/Status View: status.html: Displays the status.html page with the JSON data.

Config/Status Download: export.json: Direct file download of JSON data from status.hml.

2.3.2 Configuration Management

The device configuration can be saved and restored in the maintenance area 22.

Config Import File Upload
Choose File Upload
onfig File Export

The "Config File Export" function can be used to save the current configuration as a text file. The syntax used in the configuration file corresponds to the commands of the Telnet console. If the configuration of a device is to be restored from a text file, load the file with "Upload" and restart the device with "Restart Device".

Saving the configuration should only be carried out in an SSL connection, since it contains sensitive password information (even if it is encrypted or hashed). For the same reasons, it is advisable to carefully handle the generated configuration files when archiving.

Editing the configuration file

It is possible to customize a saved configuration file with a text editor for your own needs. For example, one scenario would be to use a script language to automate the creation of many customized versions of a configuration, then equip a large number of devices with an individualized configuration. Also Upload and restart with CGI commands can be done in scripting languages. With use of the comment sign "#" you can quickly hide single commands or add personal notes.

If you modify a configuration file manually, it is not always clear which limits are allowed for parameters. After uploading and restarting, commands with invalid parameters are ignored. Therefore, the generated configuration includes comments describing the boundaries of the parameters. Where "range:" refers to a numeric value, and "len:" to a text parameter. E.g:

```
email auth set 0 #range: 0..2
email user set "" #len: 0..100
```

The command "system fabsettings" from the beginning of a generated configuration file brings the device into the factory state, and then executes the individual commands that

modify the configuration state. It may be desirable to make the changes relative to the current configuration, and not out of the factory state. Then the "system fabsettings" should be removed.

No output of default values

The configuration file contains (with exceptions) only values which differ from the default. The command "system fabsettings" (go to the factory state) from the beginning of a generated configuration file should not be removed, otherwise the device can get incompletely configured.

Configuration via Telnet

The configuration files can in principle also be transferred in a Telnet session, but then the settings are changed during operation, and not completely when restarting, as it would have been the case with an upload. It can happen that events are triggered at the same time as the device is configured. One should therefore:

- a) disable the function
- b) completely parametrize
- c) reactivate the function

An example:

```
email enabled set 0
email sender set "" #len: 0..100
email recipient set "" #len: 0..100
email server set "" #len: 0..100
email port set 25
email security set 0 #range: 0..2
email auth set 0 #range: 0..2
email user set "" #len: 0..100
email passwd hash set "" #len: 0..100
email enabled set 1 #range: 0..1
```

2.3.3 Bootloader Activation

The configuration of the device from the application "GBL_Conf.exe" is only possible, if the device is in Bootloader Mode.

Activation of the Bootloader Mode

1) via push button:

Hold both buttons for 3 seconds

2) or

- Remove the power supply
- Hold down the "Select" button. If the push button is recessed, use a pin or paper clip
- Connect the operating voltage

3) by Software:

- Start the "GBL_Conf.exe" program
- Do a network search with the "Search" menu action
- Activate in menu "Program Device" the item "Enter Bootloader"

This function is only possible if "Enable FW to BL" was activated in the application "GBL_Conf.exe" before, while the device was already in the bootloader.

4) via web interface:

Press "Enter Bootloader Mode" on the maintenance 22 web page.

Whether the device is in Bootloader mode, is indicated by the flashing of the status LED, or it is shown in "GBL_Conf.exe" application after a renewed device search (appendix "BOOT-LDR" after the device name). In Bootloader mode the program "GBL_Conf.exe" can disable the password and the IP ACL, perform a firmware update, and restore the factory settings.

For devices with relays, entering or exiting the bootloader mode does not change the state of the relays as long as the operating voltage is maintained.

Abandonment of the Bootloader Mode

1) via push button:

• Hold both buttons for 3 seconds (only if the device has 2 buttons)

2) or

• Remove and connect the power supply without operating a button

3) by Software:

- Start the "GBL_Conf.exe" application
- Do a network search with the "Search" menu action
- In menu "Program Device" activate the item "Enter Firmware"

For devices with relays, entering or exiting the bootloader mode does not change the state of the relays as long as the operating voltage is maintained.

Factory Reset

If the device is in bootloader mode, it can always be put back to its factory default. All TCP/IP settings are reset in this operation.

If a unit is set to factory defaults, an uploaded certificate or updated firmware will be preserved.

1) via push button:

Activate the Bootloader Mode of the device

- Hold down the button (or the "Select" button for devices with 2 buttons) for 6 seconds. If the push button is recessed, use a pin or paper clip
- The status LED will blink in a fast rhythm, please wait until the LED blinks slowly (about 5 seconds)

2) by Software:

- Activate the Bootloader Mode of the device
- "Start the GBL_Conf.exe" program
- In menu "Program Device" activate the item "Reset to Fab Settings"
- The status LED will blink in a fast rhythm, please wait until the LED blinks slowly (about 5 seconds)

Configuration

3 Configuration

TCP/IP configuration by DHCP

After switching on the device is scanning on the Ethernet for a DHCP server and requests an unused IP address. Check the IP address that has been assigned and adjust if necessary, that the same IP address is used at each restart. To turn off DHCP use the software GBL_Conf.exe or use the configuration via the web interface.

To check the network settings with GBL_Conf.exe, start the program and choose "All Devices" in the "Search" menu. From the list select the appropriate device. The lower part of the left half of the window now shows the current network settings of the device. If the IP address is displayed with the default settings (192.168.0.2), either no DHCP server is present on the network, or there could be no free IP address assigned to it.

3.1 Power Ports

Power Ports					
Choose Power Port to configure:	A1: Power Port ~				
Label:	Power Port				
Initialization status (coldstart):	○on ●off ○remember last state				
Initialization delay:	0 s				
Repower delay:	0 s				
Reset duration:	10 s				
Enable watchdog:	⊖yes ⊛no				
Configuration - Powerbanks					
Powersource Bank A:	• DC 5V (S1)				
Powersource Bank B:	● DC 12V (S2) ○ DC 24V (S5)				
Powersource Bank C:	 ● DC 12V (S3) ○ DC 24V (S5) ● DC 12V (S4) ○ DC 24V (S5) 				
Powersource Bank D:					
Powersource Bank E:	●AC 230V (L1)				

<u>Choose Power Port to configure</u>: This field is used to select the power ports to be configured.

<u>Label</u>: You can assign a name up to 15 characters for each of the power ports. Using the name, an identification of the the device connected to the port can be facilitated.

Start-up Monitoring

It is important, that if necessary the condition of the power ports can be restored after a power failure. Therefore each port can be configured with <u>Initialization status</u> to a specific start-up state. This start-up sequence can be carried out delayed by the parameter <u>Ini-tialization Delay</u>. There is in any case a minimum one-second delay between switching of ports.

<u>Initialization status(coldstart)</u>: This is the port state (on, off, remember last state) the port should be set when the device is turned on. The setting "remember last state" saves the last manually set state of the power port in the EEPROM.

<u>Initialization delay</u>: Here can be configured how long the port should wait to switch to its defined state after the device is turned on. The delay may last up to 8191 seconds. This corresponds to a period of approx. two hours and 20 minutes. A value of zero means that the initialization is off.

<u>Repower delay</u>: When this feature is enabled (value greater than 0), the power port will switch itself on again a specified time after it has been disabled. Unlike the "*Reset*" button this function applies to all switch actions, including SNMP, or an optional serial interface.

<u>Reset Duration</u>: When the "*Reset*" button is triggered, the device turns the power port off, waits for the time entered here (in seconds) and turns the power port on.

Configuration - Powerbanks

<u>Powersource Bank X</u>: With the banks B to D you can choose between 12V and 24V. Bank A and Bank E have a fixed voltage.

3.1.1 Watchdog

The watchdog feature enables to monitor various remote devices. Therefore either ICMP pings or TCP pings are sent to the device to be monitored. If these pings are not answered within a certain time (both the time and the number of attempts can be set), the port is reset. This allows e.g. to automatically restart not responding server or NAS systems. The mode IP master-slave port allows you to switch a port depending on the availability of a remote device.

When a watchdog is activated it presents various information in the Control Panel. The information is color-coded.

- Green text: The watchdog is active and regularly receives ping replies.
- Orange text: The watchdog is currently enabled, and waits for the first Ping response.
- Red text: The watchdog is active and receives no ping replies anymore from the configured IP address.

After the watchdog has been enabled, the display remains orange until the watchdog receives a ping response for the first time. Only then the watchdog is activated. Even after triggering a watchdog and a subsequent power port reset, the display will remain orange until the device is rebooted and responds again to ping requests. This will prevent a premature watchdog reset of the port, e.g. when a server needs a long time for a file check.

You can monitor devices on your own network, as well as devices on an external network, e.g. the operating status of a router.

Enable watchdog: Ping type: Hostname: Ping interval: Ping retries:	<pre>● yes ○ no ● ICMP ○ TCP 10 s 6</pre>
Watchdog mode:	 Reset port when host down: Infinite wait for booting host after reset Repeat reset on booting host after 10 ping timeouts Switch off once when host down IP Master-Slave port: O host comes up -> switch on, host goes down -> switch off O host goes down -> switch on, host comes up -> switch off count PING requests as unreplied when ethernet link down

Enable watchdog: Enables the watchdog function for this Power Port.

<u>Watchdog type</u>: Here you can choose between the monitoring by ICMP pings or TCP pings.

- ICMP Pings: The classic ping (ICMP echo request). It can be used to check the accessibility of network devices (for example, a server).
- TCP Pings: With TCP pings, you can check if a TCP port on the target device would accept a TCP connect. Therefore a non-blocked TCP port should be selected. A good choice would be port 80 for http or port 25 for SMTP.

<u>TCP port</u>: Enter the TCP port to be monitored. When using ICMP pings this is not needed.

Hostname: The name or IP address of the monitored network device.

<u>Ping interval</u>: Select the frequency (in seconds) at which the ping packet is sent to each network device to check its operating status.

<u>Ping retries</u>: After this number of consecutive unanswered ping requests the device is considered inactive.

<u>Watchdog mode</u>: When <u>Reset port when host down</u> is enabled, the Power Port is turned off and switched back on after the time set in <u>Reset Duration</u>. In mode <u>Switch off once</u> <u>when host down</u> the Power Port remains disabled.

At the default setting (Infinite wait for booting host after reset) the watchdog monitors the connected device. When there is no longer a reply after a set time, the watchdog performs the specified action, usually a reset of the Power Port. Now the watchdog waits until the monitored device reports again on the network. This may take several minutes depending on the boot duration of the device. Only when the device is accessible from network again, the watchdog is re-armed. If the option Repeat reset on booting host after x ping timeout is enabled, this mechanism is bypassed. Now the watchdog is re-activated after N Ping intervals (input field ping timeouts).

When enabling the <u>IP master-slave mode</u>, the port is switched depending on the availability of a remote device. Depending on the configuration, the port is switched on when the terminal is reachable, or vice versa.

equal The option Repeat reset on booting host after x ping timeout has the following pitfall:

If a server, that is connected to the monitored Port is in need for a long boot process (e.g. it is doing a file system check), the server would probably exceed the tripping time of the watchdog. The server would be switched off and on again, and the file system check is restarted. This would be repeated endlessly.

<u>count PING requests as unreplied when ethernet link down</u>: If the Ethernet link of the device is not active, watchdog monitoring is not possible and the watchdog function is not activated. If this option is activated, a watchdog is also triggered if the Ethernet link is down.

3.2 Ethernet

3.2.1 IP Address

IP Address	· IP ACL · HTTP Server
Hostname	
Hostname:	EPC-8291
IPv4	
Use IPv4 DHCP:	●yes ⊖no
IPv4 Address:	192.168.0.137
IPv4 Netmask:	255.255.255.0
IPv4 Gateway address:	192.168.0.1
IPv4 DNS address:	192.168.0.1
ΙΡν6	
Use IPv6 Protocol:	⊛yes ⊖no
Use IPv6 Router Advertisement:	⊚yes ⊖no
Use DHCP v6:	⊛yes ⊖no
Use manual IPv6 address settings:	⊖yes ⊛no

<u>Hostname</u>: Here you can enter a name with up to 63 characters. This name will be used for registration on the DHCP server.

🜻 Special characters and umlauts can cause problems in the network.

IPv4 Address: The IP address of the device.

IPv4 Netmask: The network mask used in the network.

IPv4 Gateway address: The IP address of the gateway.

IPv4 DNS address: The IP address of the DNS server.

<u>Use IPv4 DHCP</u>: Select "yes" if the TCP/IP settings should be obtained directly from the DHCP server: When the function is selected, each time the device powers up it is checked if a DHCP server is available on the network.

If no DHCP server is available, the last IP address is used. However, the DHCP client tries to reach a DHCP server again every 5 minutes. The DHCP request lasts one minute until it is aborted. During this time the IP-address is not accessible! It is therefore essential to deactivate DHCP for a static IP addresses!

Use IPv6 Protocol: Activates IPv6 usage.

<u>Use IPv6 Router Advertisement</u>: The Router Advertisement communicates with the router to make global IPv6 addresses available.

<u>Use DHCP v6</u>: Requests from an existing DHCPv6 server addresses of the configured DNS server.

<u>Use manual IPv6 address settings</u>: Activates the entry of manual IPv6 addresses.

<u>IPv6 status</u>: Displays the IPv6 addresses over which the device can be accessed, and additionally DNS and router addresses.

~ IPv6 status	Current IPv6 status:	IPv6 Addr: fe80::219:32ff:fe00:996d 2007:7dd0:ffcl:l:219:32ff:fe00:996d	
		IPv6 DNS Server: 2007:7dd0:ffcl:1:20c:29ff:feaf:93c IPv6 Router: fe80::20c:29ff:feaf:93c	

For IP changes a firmware reset is required. This can be done in the Maintenance web page. A restart of the device leads by no means to a change of the relay states.

Manual IPv6 Configuration

– IPv6 (manual) –			
	IPv6 Addresses:	2007:7dd0:ffc1:0:219:32ff:fe00:996d	/ 64
			/ 64
			/ 64
			/ 64
	IPv6 DNS addresses:	2007:7dd0:ffc1:0:20c:29fffeaf:93c	
IP	v6 Gateway address:	fe80::20c:29ff:feaf:93c	

The input fields for the manual setting of IPv6 addresses allow you to configure the prefix of four additional IPv6 device addresses, and to set two DNS addresses, and a gateway.

3.2.2 IP ACL

IP Address · IP ACL · HTTP Server		
ICMP Ping		
Reply ICMP ping requests	: 💿 yes 🔘 no	
IP Access Control List		
Enable IP filter	: ⊙yes ⊖no	
1. Grant IP access to host/net	: 1234::4ef0:eec1:0:219:32ff:fe00:f124 - +	
2. Grant IP access to host/net	: 192.168.1.84 - +	
3. Grant IP access to host/net	: mypc.locdom - +	
4. Grant IP access to host/net	: 192.168.1.0/24 - +	
5. Grant IP access to host/net	: 1234:4ef0:eecl:0::/64 - +	
Apply		

<u>Reply ICMP ping requests</u>: If you enable this feature, the device responds to ICMP pings from the network.

<u>Enable IP filter</u>: Enable or disable the IP filter here. The IP filter represents an access control for incoming IP packets.

Please note that when IP access control is enabled HTTP and SNMP only work if the appropriate servers and clients are registered in the IP access control list.

If you choose a wrong IP ACL setting and locked yourself out, please activate the Bootloader Mode and use GBL_Conf.exe to deactivate the IP ACL. Alternatively, you can reset the device to factory default.

3.2.3 HTTP

IP Address	· IP ACL · <u>HTTP Server</u>
— НТТР	
HTTP Server option:	• HTTP + HTTPS
	OHTTP redirects to HTTPS
	O HTTPS only O HTTP only
Server port HTTP:	80
Server port HTTPS:	443
Supported TLS versions:	TLS v1.2 only
Enable Ajax autorefresh:	⊙yes ⊖no
HTTP Password	
Enable password protection:	⊙yes ⊖no
Use radius server passwords:	⊖yes ⊙no
Use locally stored passwords:	⊙yes ⊖no
Set new admin password:	•••• (32 characters max)
Repeat admin password:	••••
Set new user password:	(32 characters max)
Repeat user password:	

<u>HTTP Server option</u>: Selects whether access is possible only with HTTP, HTTPS, or both.

<u>Server port HTTP</u>: Here can be set the port number of the internal HTTP. Possible values are from 1 to 65534 (default: 80). If you do not use the default port, you must append the port number to the address with a colon to address the device from a web browser. Such as: "http://192.168.0.2:800"

<u>Server port HTTPS;</u> The port number to connect the web server via the SSL (TLS) protocol.

Supported TLS versions: Limits the supported TLS versions.

<u>Enable Ajax autorefresh</u>: If this is activated, the information of the status page is automatically updated via http request (AJAX).

For some HTTP configuration changes a firmware reset is required. This can be done in the Maintenance web page. A restart of the device leads by no means to a change of the relay states.

<u>Enable password protection</u>: Password access protection can be activated. If the admin password is assigned, you can only log in by entering this password to change settings. Users can log in by entering the user password in order to query the status information and initiate switching operations.

Use radius server passwords: Username and password are validated by a Radius Sever.

Use locally stored passwords: Username and password are stored locally. In this case,

an admin password and a user password must be assigned. The password can have a maximum of 31 characters. The name "admin" and "user" are provided for the user name in the password entry mask of the browser. In factory settings, the password for the admin is set to "admin" or "user" for the user password.

If the password mask is redisplayed, only four "bullets" are shown as a symbolic placeholder, since for security reasons the device never stores the password itself, but only the SHA2-256 hash. If you want to change a password, the complete password must always be re-entered.

If you have forgotten your password, please activate the bootloader mode and then turn off the password prompt in GBL_Conf.exe.

3.3 Protocols

3.3.1 Console

Console · Syslog · SNMP · Radius · Modbus · MQTT		
- TCP/IP Console		
Enable Telnet:	⊙yes ⊖no	
Telnet TCP port:	23	
Raw mode:	🔾 yes 💿 no	
Active negotiation:	🔾 yes 💿 no	
Activate echo:	🔾 yes 💿 no	
Push messages:	🔾 yes 💿 no	
Delay after 3 failed logins:	🔾 yes 🧿 no	
Enable SSH:	⊙yes ⊖no	
SSH TCP port:	22	
Activate echo:	⊙yes ⊖no	
Push messages:	🔾 yes 🧿 no	
Require user login (Telnet/SSH):	⊙yes ⊖no	
Use radius server passwords:		
Use locally stored passwords:		
Username:		
Set new password:	•••• (32 characters max)	
Repeat password:	••••	
Upload new SSH public key:		

Telnet

Enable Telnet: Enables the Telnet console.

<u>Telnet TCP port</u>: Telnet sessions are accepted on this port.

Raw mode: The VT100 editing and the IAC protocol are disabled.

Active negotiation: The IAC negotiation is initiated by the server.

Activate echo: The Telnet echo setting if not changed by IAC.

Push messages: Sends push messages via SSH.

<u>Delay after 3 failed logins</u>: After 3 wrong entries of username or password, the next login attempt is delayed.

SSH

Enable SSH: Enables the SSH protocol.

<u>SSH TCP port</u>: Port on which SSH sessions are accepted.

Activate echo: The echo setting for SSH.

Push messages: Sends push messages via SSH.

SSH and Telnet

Require user login: Username and password are required.

Use radius server passwords: Username and password are validated by a Radius Sever.

Use locally stored passwords: Username and password are stored locally.

<u>Upload SSH public key</u>: Input field for public key.

Delete public key: Setting this at Apply deletes the public key.

 Serial console 	
Enable serial console:	⊙yes ⊖no
Raw mode:	🔾 yes 🧿 no
Activate echo:	⊙yes ⊖no
Enable binary KVM protocol:	🔾 yes 💿 no
Enable UTF-8 support:	🔾 yes 💿 no
Push messages:	🔾 yes 🧿 no
Require user login:	⊙yes ⊖no
Delay after 3 failed logins:	🔿 yes 🧿 no
Use radius server passwords:	🔾 yes 🧿 no
Use locally stored passwords:	⊙yes ⊖no
Username:	console
Set new password:	•••• (32 characters max)
Repeat password:	••••

Enable serial console: Enables the serial console.

Raw mode: The VT100 editing is disabled.

Activate echo: The echo setting.

Enable binary KVM protocol: Additionally activates the KVM protocol.

Enable UTF8 support: Enables character encoding in UTF8.

Push messages: Sends push messages via serial console.

<u>Require user login</u>: Username and password are required.

<u>Delay after 3 failed logins</u>: After 3 wrong entries of username or password, the next login attempt is delayed.

Use radius server passwords: Username and password are validated by a Radius Sever.

<u>Use locally stored passwords</u>: Username and password are stored locally.

3.3.2 Syslog

	Console · <u>Syslog</u> · SNMP · Radius · Modbus · MQTT
– Syslog	
	Enable Syslog: • yes O no Syslog server:
	Apply

Enable Syslog: Enables the usage of Syslog Messages.

<u>Syslog Server</u>: If you have enabled Syslog Messages, enter the IP address of the server to which the syslog information should be transmitted.

3.3.3 SNMP

Console · Syslog	• <u>SNMP</u> • Radius • Modbus	s · MQTT
SNMP		
Enable SNMP options:	🗸 SNMP get 🔽 SNMP set	
SNMP UDP port:		
sysContact:	sysContact	
sysName:	sysName	
sysLocation:	sysLocation	
SNMP v2		
Enable SNMP v2:	⊙yes ⊖no	
SNMP v2 public Community:	public	(16 char. max)
SNMP v2 private Community:	private	(16 char. max)
SNMP v3		
Enable SNMP v3:	⊙yes ⊖no	
SNMP v3 Username:	standard	(32 char. max)
SNMP v3 Authorization Algorithm:	SHA2-256 ¥	
Set new Authorization password:	(8	char. min, 32 char. max)
Repeat Authorization password:		
SNMP v3 Privacy Algorithm:	AES-128 V	
Set new Privacy password:	(8	char. min, 32 char. max)
Repeat Privacy password:		
SNMP Traps		
Send SNMP Traps:	SNMP v3 Traps v	
SNMP trap receiver 1 :		- +

<u>SNMP-get</u>: Enables the acceptance of SNMP-GET commands.

SNMP-set: Allows the reception of SNMP-SET commands.

SNMP UDP Port: Sets the UDP port where SNMP messages are received.

sysContact: Value of RFC 1213 sysContact.

sysName: Value of RFC 1213 sysName.

sysLocation: Value of RFC 1213 sysLocation.

Enable SNMP v2: Activates SNMP v2.

Because of security issues, it is advisable to use only SNMP v3, and to disable SNMP v2. Accesses to SNMP v2 are always insecure.

<u>Community public</u>: The community password for SNMP GET requests.

Community private: The community password for SNMP SET requests.

Enable SNMP v3: Activates SNMP v3.

SNMP v3 Username: The SNMP v3 User Name.

SNMP v3 Authorization Algorithm: The selected Authentication Algorithm.

SNMP v3 Privacy Algorithm: SNMP v3 Encryption Algorithm..

If the password mask is redisplayed, only four "bullets" are shown as a symbolic placeholder, since for security reasons the device never stores the password itself, but only the key formed using the Authorization Algorithm. If you want to change a password, the complete password must always be re-entered.

The calculation of the password hashes varies with the selected algorithms. If the Authentication or Privacy algorithms are changed, the passwords must be re-entered in the configuration dialog. "SHA-384" and "SHA512" are calculated purely in software. If "SHA-512" is set on the configuration page, the time for the key generation may take once up to approx. 45 seconds.

<u>Send SNMP traps</u>: Here you can specify whether, and in what format the device should send SNMP traps.

SNMP trap receiver: You can insert here up to eight SNMP trap receiver.

MIB table: The download link to the text file with the MIB table for the device.

More information about SNMP settings are available from our support or can be found on the Internet at www.gude.info/wiki.

3.3.4 Radius

Console · Syslog · SN	IMP · <u>Radius</u> · Modbus · MQTT
Radius	
Enable Radius Client: 🧕	yes 🔿 no
Authentication Protocol: 🤇	РАР 🔿 СНАР
Use Message Authentication: 🤇	yes 🔿 no
Default Session Timeout: 1	800
Primary Server:	
Set new shared secret: •	•••
Repeat new shared secret: •	•••
Timeout: 5	
Retries: 3	
Use backup server: 🧿	yes 🔾 no
Backup Server:	
Set new shared secret: •	•••
Repeat new shared secret: •	•••
Timeout: 5	
Retries: 3	ł

Enable Radius Client: Enables validation over Radius.

<u>Use CHAP</u>: Use CHAP password encoding.

<u>Use Message Authentication</u>: Adds the "Message Authentication" attribute to the Authentication Request.

Primary Server: Name or IP address of the Primary Radius server.

<u>Shared secret</u>: Radius Shared Secret. For compatibility reasons, only use ASCII characters.

<u>Timeout</u>: How long (in seconds) will be waited for a response from an Authentication Request.

Retries: How often an authentication request is repeated after a timeout.

Use Backup Server: Activates a Radius Backup server.

Backup Server: Name or IP address of the Radius Backup server.

<u>Shared secret</u>: Radius Shared Secret. For compatibility reasons, only use ASCII characters.

<u>Timeout</u>: How long (in seconds) will be waited for a response from an Authentication Request.

Retries: How often an authentication request is repeated after a timeout.

Test Radius Server	
Test Username: Test Password:	
Test Radius Server	

Test Username: Username input field for Radius test.

Test Password: Password input field for Radius test.

The "Test Radius Server" function allows you to check whether a combination of Username and Password is accepted by the configured Radius Servers.

3.3.5 Modbus TCP

Console · Syslog · SNMP · Radius · <u>Modbus</u> · MC	2TT
Modbus TCP	
Enable Modbus TCP: • yes O no Modbus TCP port: 502	
Apply	

Enable Modbus TCP: Enables Modbus TCP support.

Modus TCP port: The TCP/IP port number for Modbus TCP.

3.3.6 MQTT

MQTT Enable MQTT: • yes O no Broker: 6137c48439e81c18b11bd06ab.s1.eu.hivemq.cloud TLS: • yes O no TCP Port: 8883 (Default: 8883) Username: epc-user Set new password: •••• Repeat password: •••• Client ID: client_1641 Quality of Service (QoS): At most once (QoS 0) ~ Keep-alive ping interval: 300 s (minimum 10s) Topic Prefix: de/gudesystems/epc/[mac] de/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41
Broker: 6137c48439e81c18b11bd06ab.s1.eu.hivemq.cloud TLS: • yes ono TCP Port: 8883 (Default: 8883) Username: epc-user Set new password: •••• Repeat password: •••• Client ID: client_1641 Quality of Service (QoS): At most once (QoS 0) ~ Keep-alive ping interval: 300 s (minimum 10s) Topic Prefix: de/gudesystems/epc/[mac]
TLS: • yes O no TCP Port: 8883 (Default: 8883) Username: epc-user Set new password: •••• Repeat password: •••• Client ID: client_1641 Quality of Service (QoS): At most once (QoS 0) ~ Keep-alive ping interval: 300 s (minimum 10s) Topic Prefix: de/gudesystems/epc/[mac]
TCP Port: 8883 (Default: 8883) Username: epc-user Set new password: •••• Repeat password: •••• Client ID: client_1641 Quality of Service (QoS): At most once (QoS 0) ~ Keep-alive ping interval: 300 s (minimum 10s) Topic Prefix: de/gudesystems/epc/[mac]
Username: epc-user Set new password: •••• Repeat password: •••• Client ID: client_1641 Quality of Service (QoS): At most once (QoS 0) v Keep-alive ping interval: 300 s (minimum 10s) Topic Prefix: de/gudesystems/epc/[mac]
Set new password: Repeat password: Client ID: client_1641 Quality of Service (QoS): At most once (QoS 0) ~ Keep-alive ping interval: 300 s (minimum 10s) Topic Prefix: de/gudesystems/epc/[mac]
Set new password: Repeat password: Client ID: client_1641 Quality of Service (QoS): At most once (QoS 0) ~ Keep-alive ping interval: 300 s (minimum 10s) Topic Prefix: de/gudesystems/epc/[mac]
Repeat password: •••• Client ID: client_1641 Quality of Service (QoS): At most once (QoS 0) v Keep-alive ping interval: 300 s (minimum 10s) Topic Prefix: de/gudesystems/epc/[mac]
Client ID: client_1641 Quality of Service (QoS): At most once (QoS 0) ~ Keep-alive ping interval: 300 s (minimum 10s) Topic Prefix: de/gudesystems/epc/[mac]
Quality of Service (QoS): At most once (QoS 0) V Keep-alive ping interval: 300 s (minimum 10s) Topic Prefix: de/gudesystems/epc/[mac]
Quality of Service (QoS): At most once (QoS 0) V Keep-alive ping interval: 300 s (minimum 10s) Topic Prefix: de/gudesystems/epc/[mac]
Keep-alive ping interval: 300 s (minimum 10s) Topic Prefix: de/gudesystems/epc/[mac]
Topic Prefix: de/gudesystems/epc/[mac]
de/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41
Permit CLI commands: 🔘 yes 🇿 no
Publish device data summary interval: 30 s (0=disabled)

Enable MQTT: Enables MQTT support.

Broker: DNS or IP address of the MQTT broker.

TLS: Turns on TLS encryption.

Mode TCP port: The TCP/IP port number of the broker.

<u>Username</u>: The MQTT username.

password: The password for the username.

Client ID: The MQTT client ID.

The client IDs of a user must be different! If two clients of a user have the same name, the connection of one client is normally terminated.

Quality of Service (QoS): Sets the QoS value (0 or 1) of the MQTT publishes.

<u>Keep-alive ping interval</u>: This defines the time interval in which the client sends an MQTT ping.

<u>Topic prefix</u>: Defines the beginning of the topic with which all messages are sent. The strings **[mac]** and **[host]** symbolize the MAC address or the hostname of the device.

Permit CLI commands: Enables the execution of console commands.

<u>Publish device data summary</u> interval: Time interval in which messages with the global status of the device are sent.

- MQTT Logs

- MQTT client connected
- MQTT sending client id:'client_1641' username:'epc-user'
- MQTT broker connected
- MQTT broker DNS resolved
- MQTT broker DNS not yet resolved
- MQTT resolving host 'f3c06b76137c48439e81c18b11bd06ab.s1.eu.hivemq.cloud' TCP port 8883

- MQTT Broker Status

- Broker DNS ready, connected since 71 seconds
- Last publish 11 seconds ago

MQTT Logs: Outputs individual log messages about the connection setup.

<u>MQTT Broker Status</u>: Time information about connection duration, the last publish and the last keep-alive.

3.4 Clock

3.4.1 NTP

	<u>NTP</u> · Timer	
_ NTP		
Enable Time Synchronization:	⊙yes ⊖no	
Primary NTP server:	0.pool.ntp.org	_ه
	 reply 12s ago, 59ms signal delay Mon Oct 11 2021 13:49:46 GMT+0200) (Central European Summer Time)
Backup NTP server:	1.pool.ntp.org] w
Timezone: Timezone: Daylight Saving Time (DST):	(GMT+01:00) Berlin, Paris, Central ∨	
Clock Current Systemtime (UTC):	11:49:59 11.10.2021 (1633952999)	
Current Localtime:	13:49:59 11.10.2021	
Browsertime:	13:49:58 11.10.2021	
Set clock:	set manually set to Browsertime	

Enable Time Synchronization: Enables the NTP protocol.

Primary NTP server: IP address of the first NTP server.

<u>Backup NTP server</u>: IP address of the second NTP server. Used when the first NTP server does not respond.

<u>Timezone</u>: The set time zone for the local time.

<u>Daylight Saving Time</u>: If enabled, the local time is converted to Central European Summer Time.

set manually: The user can set a time manually.

set to Browsertime: Sets the time corresponding to web browser.

If Time synchronization is enabled, a manual time will be overwritten at the next NTP synchronization.

3.4.2 Timer

— Timer - Basic Settings ———	
Enable Timer: Syslog verbosity level:	
– Timer - Rules	
New Rule: simple Timer	
New Rule: advanced Timer	

Enable Timer: nables or disables all timers globally.

Syslog verbosity level: Sets the verbosity level for timer syslog output.

<u>New Rule simple Timer</u>: Shows a dialog for a simple timer rule.

New Rule advanced Timer: Brings up the dialog for advanced timer settings.

3.4.3 Timer Configuration

In the timer configuration you have three options: Create a simple timer, add a complex timer, or change an existing configuration.

Fimer rules are only executed if the device has a valid time. See configuration NTP [43].

This instruction chapter applies to all Gude devices. For devices without switchable ports you can only create a complex timer. For an action there is only the register "Action CLI" available, and not the register "Action PortSwitch".

- Timer - Basic Settings
Enable Timer: 💿 yes 🔘 no
Syslog verbosity level: normal V
- Timer - Rules
New Rule: simple Timer
New Rule: advanced Timer

Creating a simple timer

If you activate "New Rule: simple Timer" the following dialog is displayed:

Timer Rule	X
Switch 1: Output Port On	
From 09 v: 30 v To 11 v: 00 v	
On weekdays: 🗹 Mon 🗹 Tue 🗹 Wed 🗹 Thu 🗹 Fri 🗌 Sat 🗌 Sun	
Save Cance	il.

You set here which port should be switched for which time period, and on which days of the week the rule is active. In this example the period 9:00 to 17:00 is changed to 9:30 to 11:00 compared to the default input mask. Also, this rule should not be applied on Saturday and Sunday. The rule we have now says that every day, except Saturday and Sunday, port 1 will be switched on at 9:30 and switched off after 1.5 hours. Clicking on "Save" saves this rule.

Timer - Rules	
• Rule 1: '1: Power Port' 09:30 On	
• Rule 2: '1: Power Port' 11:00 Off	
New Rule: simple Timer	
New Rule: advanced Timer	

We have now created 2 rules, one for when the port is turned on and the second for when it is turned off.

Creating a complex timer

If you create a complex timer or change an existing timer, you will always see an extended dialog. Here, ports can be switched as well as other actions can be executed via CLI commands. The setting of the switching times is more granular.

Trigger: Date/Time Pattern Options Action PortSwitch Action Cli	
Hours: 0000102030405060708091011121314151617181920212223	
Minutes:	
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59	
Days: 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	
Month	
01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 Days of week:	
Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat Sun	
Delete Save Ca	incel

You can see here the extended representation of the first rule of the simple timer from the previous example. The action is started every day of every month at 9:30. The week-days Saturday and Sunday are excluded. An existing rule can be removed with the "Delete" button.

If a rule is deleted, the following rules move up. The numbering of the following rules also changes by one. This also applies to the index in the console commands.

Trigger: Date/Time Pattern Options Action PortSwitch	Action Cli	
Rule Name '1: Power Port' 09:30 On		
Rule Valid from to dd.mm.yyyy		
Random Trigger Probability 100		
Random Trigger Jitter: 0 secs		
enable trigger: ⊙yes ○no		
Action mode:		

A simple timer is directly "enabled", for a newly created complex timer "enable trigger" must be switched on manually. You can set a probability and a jitter for the timer rules. This makes random events possible. In this example the rule is executed with 100% probability. A jitter of 0 means that the action takes place exactly at the programmed time. Ports are switched as action mode, alternatively a console command (CLI Cmd) can be executed.

After changes to existing timers, the "Rule Name" may no longer be meaningful. To keep the overview, it may be useful to adjust the name.

Trigger: Date/Time Pattern Options Action PortSwitch Action Cli Switch Power Ports Action1:	
On On<	
Off O O O	
Switch Power Ports Action2: On - - - - -	
On	
Off	
Between Action1 and Action 2 : wait 0 hour(s) v	
Test Action	
Delete Save	Cancel

The switching function can be set in more detail on the "Action PortSwitch" register. Port 1 is switched on. You could extend the rule and switch more ports on or off. Additionally you can set a time for a batchmode in the field after "Between Action1 and Action 2 : wait", which starts "Action 2" after expired time. However, the batch mode has the disadvantage that it is not automatically restarted when the device is rebooted. Also, the port is locked against manual operation on the web page as long as the batch mode is running.

 $rac{1}{9}$ The "Action PortSwitch" function is only available for devices with switchable ports.

Extending a rule

For demonstration purposes, here is an extension to the simple timer from the previous example:

	3
Trigger: Date/Time Pattern Options Action PortSwitch Action Cli	
Hours:	
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	
Minutes:	
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59	
Days:	
01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	
Month	
01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12	
Days of week:	
Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat Sun	
Delete Save	Cancel

The action is now started not only at 9:30, but also at 17:30 There are other changes: The timer is only active between October and December, also the action does not take place on the first day of a month.

Since all fields in the mask are always considered, it is not possible to define the times 9:30 and 17:10 in a single timer rule. You need a second rule for this. If you set the hours 9 and 17, as well as the minutes 10 and 30, then the four times 9:10, 9:30,

17:10 and 17:30 would be programmed.

To change a field in this input mask without changing the state of the other fields, the Ctrl key must be pressed during the mouse click.

Timer - Rule 1: '1: Power Port' 09:30 On		x
Trigger: Date/Time Pattern Options Action PortSwitch	Action Cli	
Rule Name '1: Power Port' 09:30 On		
Rule Valid from 05.10.2021 to 05.04.2022 dd.mm.yyyy		
Random Trigger Probability 90		
Random Trigger Jitter: 0 secs		
enable trigger: 💿 yes 🔿 no		
Action mode: Switch Power Ports Perform CLI Cmd		
	Delete	Save Cancel

For this rule, on the "Options" tab, the time period is limited to the range between 5.10.2021 and 5.4.2022. In this example, the timer rule is only executed with a probability (Random Trigger Probability) of 90%.

ner - New Rule: advanced T	mer		
Trigger: Date/Time Pattern	Options Action PortSwitch	Action Cli	
Switch Power Ports Action1: On On On On On On On On Off Off Off Off Off Off Off Off S: Power Ports Action2: On On Between Action1 and Action Test Action	off rt -		
		Delete	Save Cancel

In this example, port 1 and port 5 are enabled and disabled after 90 minutes by batch mode.

 $rac{4}{9}$ A popup on the mouse pointer shows the port number of the field.

Console Commands

mer - New Rule: advanced Timer				
Trigger: Date/Time Pattern	Options	Action PortSwitch	Action Cli	
Perform CLI Command:				
port 1 reset port 3 state set 1				
			11.	
31/64				
Test Action				
			Delete	Save Cancel

Instead of switching a port, one or more console commands can be executed. These commands are entered in the "Action CLI" register. The "Action Cli" tab can only be selected if the option "Perform CLI Cmd" is activated in "Options".

Example Switching a Port on a Date

If you want to switch on a timer on a certain date at a certain time and switch it off at a later time, you cannot do it directly with a simple timer. Therefore it can be useful to create the timer as a simple timer first, and then customize it in the advanced dialog.

Timer Rule	x
Switch 3: Power Port On	
From 09 v: 25 v To 17 v: 30 v	
On weekdays: 🗹 Mon 🗹 Tue 🗹 Wed 🗹 Thu 🗹 Fri 🗹 Sat 🗹 Sun	
Save Cance	1

Switch port 3 on every day at 9:25, and off again at 17:30. You save.

mer - Rule 4: '3: Power Port' 09:25 On		
Trigger: Date/Time Pattern Options Action PortSwitch	Action Cli	
Rule Name '3: Power Port' 09:25 On		
Rule Valid from 24.10.2021 to 24.10.2021 dd.mm.yyyy		
Random Trigger Probability 100		
Random Trigger Jitter: 0 secs		
enable trigger: 🧿 yes 🔿 no		
Action mode:		
	Delete	Save Cancel

Then call up the two timer rules you created ("On" and "Off") and enter the date on which the switching operation is to take place in the "Options" tab.

Example blind control

Trigger: Date/Time Pattern Options Action PortSwitch	Action Cli	
Rule Name Random Trigger Port 1		
Rule Valid from to dd.mm.yyyy		
Random Trigger Probability 100		
Random Trigger Jitter: 1800 secs		
enable trigger: 🔿 yes 🧿 no		
Action mode: 🧿 Switch Power Ports 🔘 Perform CLI Cmd		

You can use the jitter e.g. for a shutter control. In the classic example of a shutter control, you do not always want to raise and lower the shutters at the same time in order to confuse potential burglars. The jitter of 1800 seconds means that the action is executed randomly in a period between 30 minutes before and 30 minutes after the programmed time. The probability (Random Trigger Probability) of execution here is 100%.

3.5 Sensors

 Sensors Config 	
- Sensor:	1: 7106 - 7106 🗸
Sensor Name:	
	Temperature (°C) V
Enable value-threshold message trigger:	
Maximum value:	⊙ yes ○ no 65.0] °C
Minimum value:	25.0 °C
Hysteresis:	3.0 °C
	Switch port 1: Power Port v to Off v
	Switch port 1: Power Port v to On v
	Switch port 2: Power Port v to On v
	Switch port 2: Power Port V to Off V
Enable time-interval message trigger:	⊙ yes ◯ no
	every 10 second(s)
	for Console- and MQTT channels
Enable value-delta message trigger:	⊙ yes () no
	every value step of 5.0 °C
	for Console- and MQTT channels
Message channels:	Syslog SNMP Email Console
	MQTT: normal MQTT message v
	Beeper: Beeper mode : continous v
	Flashing display
Misc sensor options	
Min/Max measurement period:	24 Hours v
Enable beeper for AC alarms:	⊙yes ⊖no
Enable beeper for sensor alarms:	⊙yes ⊖no

<u>Sensor</u>: Selects a sensor type to configure it. The first digit "1:" indicates the number of the sensor port (only important for devices with more than one sensor port). This is followed by the sensor name, and the adjustable sensor name.

<u>Sensor Name</u>: Changeable name for this sensor. For example, you can give the temperature and the humidity a different name, even if they belong to the same sensor.

<u>Select Sensor Field</u>: Selects a data channel from a sensor.

Enable value-threshold message trigger: Enables monitoring of sensor threshold values.

<u>Maximum/Minimum value</u>: Adjustable threshold values at which messages should be sent via console (Telnet/SSH), SNMP trap, Syslog, MQTT or e-mail.

<u>Hysteresis</u>: Defines the distance that must be exceeded after a limit value of an external sensor has been exceeded in order to signal that the limit value has fallen below.

<u>When above/below Min/Max value Switch Port</u>: Switches a port depending on the exceeding or falling below of a limit value.

<u>Enable time interval message trigger</u>: Generates console (Telnet/SSH) and MQTT messages within time intervals.

Enable value-delta message trigger: Generates console (Telnet/SSH) and MQTT messages when a sensor value deviates by a delta value.

Message channels: Enables the generation of messages on different channels.

For the beeper, you can choose between a continuous and an interrupted tone. Flashing display causes the 7-segment display to flash. Pressing a front panel button resets the beeper and the flashing display.

<u>Min/Max measurement period</u>: Selects the time range for the sensor min/max values on the overview web page.

Enable beeper for AC alarms: Activates the beeper for all AC limit messages.

Enable beeper for sensor alarms: Activates the beeper for all sensor limit messages.

System Events

If you select "System" as <u>Sensor</u>, it is possible to select the message channels for global events, such as switching a port.

Hysteresis Example:

A Hysteresis value prevents that too much messages are generated, when a sensor value is jittering around a sensor limit. The following example shows the behavior for a temperature sensor and a hysteresis value of "1". An upper limit of "50 °C" is set. Example:

49.9 °C - is below the upper limit
50.0 °C - a message is generated for reaching the upper limit
50.1 °C - is above the upper limit
49.1 °C - is below the upper limit, but in the hysteresis range
49.0 °C - is below the upper limit, but in the hysteresis range
48.9 °C - a message is generated for underrunning the upper limit inclusive hysteresis range

•••

3.5.1 Port Switching

Depending on the measured Current and the measured sensor values, switching actions can be triggered. During operation, the actions configured for crossing the limits are executed. For example, when a value moves from the range "above max value" inside the range "below max value", the action defined for "below max value" is performed. In the case of device start, configuration or plug-in of the sensor, the actions corresponding to the range in which the current temperature is located are switched.

Example with "Maximum value" of 65 °C, "Minimum value" of 25 °C and hysteresis of 3 °

C. The dotted line shows the hysteresis.

When above Max value: Switch port	1: Output Port 🗸 to	Off v
When below Max value: Switch port	1: Output Port 🗸 to	On v
When above Min value: Switch port	2: Output Port 🗸 to	On v
When below Min value: Switch port	2: Output Port 🗸 to	Off v

Actions during configuration, device start or plugging in the sensor (for given example):

actual temperature during configuration	actions
70 °C	Port A1 Off (above max) + Port A2 On (above min)
45 °C	Port A1 On (below max) + Port A2 On (above min)
20 °C	Port A1 On (below max) + Port A2 Off (below min)

Action matrix during operation when limit values are exceeded (for given example):

	to "above max"	to "below max"	to "above min"	to "below min"
from "above max"	-	A1 On	A1 On	A1 On + A2 Off
from "below max"	A1 Off	-	-	A2 Off
from "above min"	A1 Off	-	-	A2 Off
from "below min"	A1 Off + A2 On	A2 On	A2 On	-

Only the switching operations for which actions have been defined, are triggered. If no "On" or "Off" action is defined for a port, the port can never reach this state by exceeding sensor values. Unless it is the initial state.

3.6 E-Mail

E-Mail	
Enable E-Mail:	⊙yes ⊖no
Sender address:	sender@provider.net
Recipient address:	info@gude.info
SMTP server:	smtp.provider.de
SMTP server port:	587 (Default: 587)
SMTP Connection Security:	STARTTLS V

Authentication	
SMTP Authentication (password):	PLAIN V
Username:	
Set new password:	••••
Repeat password:	••••

Enable E-Mail: Activates the E-Mail dispatch of messages.

<u>Sender address</u>: The E-Mail address of the sender.

<u>Recipient address</u>: The E-Mail address of the recipient. Additional E-Mail addresses, separated by comma, can be specified. The input limit is 100 characters.

<u>SMTP Server</u>: The SMTP IP-address of the E-Mail server. Either as FQDN, e.g: "mail.gmx.net", or as IP-address, e.g: "213.165.64.20". If required, attach a designated port, e.g: "mail.gmx.net:25".

<u>SMTP server port</u>: The port address of the E-Mail server. In the normal case this should be the same as the default, that is determined by the setting <u>SMTP Connection Security</u>.

SMTP Connection Security: Transmission via SSL or no encryption.

SMTP Authentification (password): Authentication method of the E-Mail Server.

Username: User name that is registered with the SMTP E-Mail server.

Set new password: Enter the password for the login to the E-Mail server.

Repeat password: Enter the password again to confirm it.

If the password mask is redisplayed, only four "bullets" are shown as a symbolic placeholder, since for security reasons the password is never shown itself. If you want to change a password, the complete password must always be re-entered.

E-Mail Logs: Logging of E-Mail system messages.

3.7 Front Panel

Front Panel			
Button Lock: Allow switching all ports:	⊖yes ⊛no ⊖yes ⊛no		
Display 1 default:	Localtime hh:mm	~	
Display 2 default:	L1: Meter1: Current	~	

<u>Button Lock</u>: Disables the front buttons (activates the key lock) with the exception of the bootloader activation.

Allow switching all ports: Allows to switch all ports on or off with the front panel buttons.

<u>Display X default</u>: Selects the display of sensor values for both displays.

Configuration

3.8 Fan

Fan	
Venting Fan Speed:	automatic 🗸

<u>Venting Fan Speed</u>: Switches the fan between a maximum or a temperature controlled fan speed.

Specifications

4 Specifications

4.1 Automated Access

The device can be accessed automatically via four different interfaces, which offer different possibilities to access the configuration data and status information. Only http and the console (telnet and serial) provide full access to the device.

This chapter is general for all Gude devices. Depending on the device model are ports, certain sensors or other features not available.

List of different access options:

Interface	Scope of Access			
HTTP	read / write status of Power Ports (relays or eFuses)			
	read / write all configuration data			
	read / write all status information			
	(full access to the device)			
Console 🚳	read / write status of Power Ports (relays or eFuses)			
	read / write all configuration data			
	read / write all status information			
	(full access to the device)			
SNMP	read / write status of Power Ports (relays or eFuses)			
	read / write names of Power Ports (relays or eFuses)			
	read / write status of Port start configuration			
	read / write status Buzzer			
	read / write configuration of power sources (EPC 8291)			
	read / write fan configuration (EPC 8291)			
	read measurement values of external sensors			
	read measurement values of all energy sensors			
	read NTP time and status			
	resetting the energy meters			
	read the status of Overvoltage Protection			
Modbus TCP 🚳	read / write status of Power Ports (relays or eFuses)			
	read status of Inputs			
	read / write configuration of power sources (EPC 8291)			
	read / write fan configuration (EPC 8291)			
	read measurement values of external sensors			
	read measurement values of all energy sensors			
	read the status of Overvoltage Protection			
MQTT	Execute console commands			

The device can be controlled via HTTP interface with CGI commands and returns the internal configuration and status in JSON format. The structure of the CGI commands and the JSON data is explained in more detail in our Wiki article: http://wiki.gude.info/EPC_HTTP_Interface

4.2 Messages

Depending on adjustable events, various messages can be sent from the device. The fol-

lowing message types are supported:

- Sending of e-mails
- SNMP Traps
- Syslog messages

E-Mail messages

Email messages are triggered by the following events:

- Switching of the Ports
- · Exceeding of the max / min values of attached sensors
- · State change of digital sensor input ports

SNMP Traps

SNMP Traps are system messages that are sent via the SNMP protocol to different recipients. SNMP traps are triggered by the following events:

- Switching of the Ports
- Exceeding of the max / min values of attached sensors
- State change of digital sensor input ports

Syslog messages

Syslog messages are simple text messages that are sent via UDP to a syslog server. Under Linux, normally a syslog daemon is already running (eg. syslog-ng), for Microsoft Windows systems some freeware programs are available on the market. The syslog messages are sent for the following events:

- Turning on the device
- Enable/disable of syslog in the configuration
- Switching of the Ports
- · Exceeding of the max / min values of attached sensors
- State change of digital sensor input ports

	SNMP Trap	Console	MQTT	Syslog	Email
Global					
Device started	х	Х	х	х	х
Switch port	х	Х	х	х	х
Port watchdog status	х	Х	х	х	х
eFuse shutdown	х	Х	х	х	х
Syslog switched on/off				х	
MQTT connection established			х	х	
MQTT connection lost				х	
Over-Voltage-Protection Status	х	Х	х	х	х
Value-Threshold			-		
external sensors Current, differential current Type A	x	х	x	х	х
Time-Interval					
external sensors					
		х	х		

Current, differential current type A			
Value-Delta			
external sensors Current, differential current type A	х	х	

SNMP traps

There are common traps for state changes of the same device resource. For example, a SwitchEvtPort trap is sent when a port is turned on or off. The state change itself is conveyed by the supplied data within the trap.

MQTT published data

Messages on the MQTT channel are sent in JSON format.

Example switch a port: "{"type": "portswitch", "idx": 2, "port": "2", "state": 1, "cause": {"id": 2, "txt": "http"}, "ts": 1632}"

Console Push Messages

Push messages can be activated on the console channels (Telnet, SSH or serial console), which output sensor values at timed intervals (every n seconds) or as of a configurable change in the magnitude of the sensor value on that channel. The generated message always starts with a "#" and ends with a CR/LF.

Example: Switch a port: "#port 2 ON"

If you open a telnet or SSH connection, the push messages are either preconfigured, or you switch on the push messages temporarily with "console telnet pushmsgs set 1" (or "console ssh pushmsgs set 1"). From now on, push messages will be sent asynchronously on this channel. The asynchronous nature of the messages can cause problems on a connection if you send commands yourself at the same time. There are then the possibilities:

- Filter all incoming characters between "#" and CR/LF
- or open a second channel (Telnet, SSH, serial) and switch on the push messages there.

4.3 IP ACL

IP Access Control List

The IP Access Control List (ACL IP) is a filter for incoming IP packets. If the filter is active, only the hosts and subnets whose IP addresses are registered in the list, can contact via HTTP or SNMP, and make changes. For incoming connections from unauthorized PCs, the device is not completely transparent. Due to technical restraints, a TCP/IP connection will be accepted at first, but then rejected directly. Examples:

Entry in the IP ACL	Meaning
192.168.0.123	the PC with IP Address "192.168.0.123" can access the device
192.168.0.1/24	all devices of subnet "192.168.0.1/24" can access the device
1234:4ef0:eec1:0::/64	all devices of subnet "1234:4ef0:eec1:0::/64" can access the device

If you choose a wrong IP ACL setting and locked yourself out, please activate the Bootloader Mode and use GBL_Conf.exe to deactivate the IP ACL. Alternatively, you can reset the device to factory default.

4.4 IPv6

IPv6 Addresses

IPv6 addresses are 128 bit long and thus four times as long as IPv4 addresses. The first 64 bit form a so-called prefix, the last 64 bit designate a unique interface identifier. The prefix is composed of a routing prefix and a subnet ID. An IPv6 network interface can be reached under several IP addresses. Usually this is the case under a global address and the link local address.

Address Notation

IPv6 addresses are noted in 8 hexadecimal blocks at 16 bit, while IPv4 normally is noted in decimal. The seperator is a colon, not a period.

E.g.: 1234:4ef0:0:0:0019:32ff:fe00:0124

Leading zeros may be omitted within a block. The previous example can be rewritten as:

1234:4ef0:0:0:19:32ff:fe00:124

One may omit one or more successive blocks, if they consist of zeros. This may be done only once within an IPv6 address!

1234:4ef0::19:32ff:fe00:124

One may use the usual decimal notation of IPv4 for the last 4 bytes:

1234:4ef0::19:32ff:254.0.1.36

4.5 Radius

The passwords for HTTP, telnet, and serial console (depending on the model) can be

stored locally and / or authenticated via RADIUS. The RADIUS configuration supports a primary server and a backup server. If the primary server does respond, the RADIUS request is sent to the backup server. If the local password and RADIUS are enabled at the same time, the system is first checking locally, and then in the event of a failure the RADIUS servers are contacted.

RADIUS attributes

The following RADIUS attributes are evaluated by the client:

Session-Timeout: This attribute specifies (in seconds) how long an accepted RADIUS request is valid. After this time has elapsed, the RADIUS server must be prompted again. If this attribute is not returned, the default timeout entry from the configuration is used instead. Please set this value to 300 seconds or greater to prevent the radius requests from becoming too large.

Filter-Id: If the value "admin" is set for this attribute, then an admin rights are assigned for the login, otherwise only user access.

Service-Type: This is an alternative to Filter-Id. A service type of "6" or "7" means admin rights for the HTTP login, otherwise only limited user access.

HTTP Login

The HTTP login takes place via Basic Authentication. This means that it is the responsibility of the web server, how long the login credentials are temporarily stored there. The RADIUS parameter "Session-Timeout" therefore does not determine when the user has to login again, but at what intervals the RADIUS servers are asked again.

4.6 **SNMP**

SNMP can be used for status information via UDP (port 161). Supported SNMP commands are:

- GET
- GETNEXT
- GETBULK
- SET

To query via SNMP you need a Network Management System, such as HP OpenView, OpenNMS, Nagios etc., or the simple command line tools of NET-SNMP software. The device supports SNMP protocols v1, v2c and v3. If traps are enabled in the configuration, the device messages are sent as notifications (traps). SNMP Informs are not supported. SNMP Requests are answered with the same version with which they were sent. The version of the sent traps can be set in the configuration.

MIB Tables

The values that can be requested or changed by the device, the so-called "Managed Objects", are described in Management Information Bases (MIBs). These substructures are subordinate to so-called "OID" (Object Identifiers). An OID digit signifies the location of a value inside a MIB structure. Alternatively, each OID can be referred to with its symbol name (subtree name). The device's MIB table can be displayed as a text file by clicking

on the link "MIB table" on the SNMP configuration page in the browser.

SNMP v1 and v2c

SNMP v1 and v2c authenticates the network requests by so-called communities. The SNMP request has to send along the so-called community public for queries (read access) and the community private for status changes (write access) . The SNMP communities are read and write passwords. In SNMP v1 and v2 the communities are transmitted unencrypted on the network and can be easily intercepted with IP sniffers within this collision domain. To enforce limited access we recommend the use of DMZ or IP-ACL.

SNMP v3

Because the device has no multiuser management, only one user (default name "standard") is detected in SNMP v3. From the User-based Security Model (USM) MIB variables, there is a support of "usmStats ..." counter. The "usmUser ..." variables will be added with the enhancement of additional users in later firmware versions. The system has only one context. The system accepts the context "normal" or an empty context.

Authentication

The algorithms "HMAC-MD5-96" and "HMAC-SHA-96" are available for authentication. In addition, the "HMAC-SHA-2" variants (RFC7630) "SHA-256", "SHA-384" and "SHA-512" are implemented.

W "SHA-384" and "SHA512" are calculated purely in software. If "SHA-384" or "SHA-512" is set on the configuration page, the time for the key generation may take once up to approx. 45 seconds.

Encryption

The methods "DES", "3DES", "AES-128", "AES-192" and "AES-256" are supported in combination with "HMAC-MD5-96" and "HMAC-SHA-96." For the "HMAC-SHA-2" protocols, there is currently neither RFC nor draft that will allow for cooperation with an encryption.

While in the settings "AES-192" and "AES256" the key calculation is based on "draft-blumenthalphoto-aes-usm-04", the methods "AES 192-3DESKey" and "AES 256-3DESKey" utilize a key generation, which is also used in the "3DES" configuration ("draft-reeder-snmpv3-usm-3desede-00"). If one is not an SNMP expert, it is recommended to try in each case the settings with and without "...- 3DESKey".

Passwords

The passwords for authentication and encryption are stored only as computed hashes for security reasons. Thus it is, if at all, very difficult to infer the initial password. However, the hash calculation changes with the set algorithms. If the authentication or privacy algorithms are changed, the passwords must be re-entered in the configuration dialog.

Security

The following aspects should be considered:

- If encryption or authentication is used, then SNMP v1 and v2c should be turned off. Otherwise the device could be accessed with it.
- If only authentication is used, then the new "HMAC-SHA-2" methods are superior to the MD5 or SHA-1 hashing algorithms. Since only SHA-256 is accelerated in hardware, and SHA-384 and SHA-512 are calculated purely in software, one should normally select SHA-256. From a cryptographic point of view, the security of SHA-256 is sufficient for today's usage.
- For SHA-1, there are a little less attack scenarios than MD5. If in doubt, SHA-1 is preferable.
- Encryption "DES" is considered very unsafe, use only in an emergency for reasons of compatibility!
- For cryptologists it's a debatable point whether "HMAC-MD5-96" and "HMAC-SHA-96" can muster enough entropy for key lengths of "AES-192" or "AES-256".
- From the foregoing considerations, we would recommended at present "HMAC-SHA-96" with "AES-128" as authentication and encryption method.

Change in Trap Design

In older MIB tables, a separate trap was defined for each combination of an event and a port number. This results in longer lists of trap definitions for the devices. For example, from **epc8221SwitchEvtPort1** to **epc8221SwitchEvtPort12**. Since new firmware versions can generate many more different events, this behavior quickly produces several hundred trap definitions. To limit this overabundance of trap definitions, the trap design has been changed to create only one specific trap for each event type. The port or sensor number is now available in the trap as an index OID within the variable bindings.

In order to recognize this change directly, the "Notification" area in the MIB table has been moved from sysObjectID.0 to sysObjectID.3. This way, unidentified events are generated until the new MIB table is imported. For compatibility reasons, SNMP v1 traps are created in the same way as before.

NET-SNMP

NET-SNMP provides a very widespread collection of SNMP command-line tools (snmpget, snmpset, snmpwalk etc.) NET-SNMP is among others available for Linux and Windows. After installing NET-SNMP you should create the device-specific MIB of the device in NET-SMP share directory, e.g. after

```
c:\usr\share\snmp\mibs
```

or

```
/usr/share/snmp/mibs
```

So later you can use the 'subtree names' instead of OIDs:

Name: snmpwalk -v2c -mALL -c public 192.168.1.232 gudeads OID: snmpwalk -v2c -mALL -c public 192.168.1.232 1.3.6.1.4.1.28507

NET-SNMP Examples

These examples refer to Gude devices that have switchable ports.

Query Power Port 1 switching state:

snmpget -v2c -mALL -c public 192.168.1.232 epc822XPortState.1

Switch on Power Port 1:

snmpset -v2c -mALL -c private 192.168.1.232 epc822XPortState.1 integer 1

4.6.1 Device MIB 8291

Below is a table of all device-specific OID 's which can be accessed via SNMP. In the numerical representation of the OID the prefix " 1.3.6.1.4.1.28507 " (Gude Enterprise OID) was omitted at each entry in the table to preserve space. The example for a complete OID would be "1.3.6.1.4.1.28507.56.1.1.1.1". A distinction is made in SNMP OID 's in between tables and scalars. OID scalar have the extension ".0" and only specify a value. In SNMP tables the "x" is replaced by an index (1 or greater) to address a value from the table.

Name	C	DID	Туре	Acc.
	Description			
epc8291TrapCtrl		98.1.1.1.1.0	Integer32	RW
	0 = off 1 = Ver. 1 2 = Ver. 2c	3 = Ver. 3	Ū	
epc8291TraplPIndex	.9	98.1.1.1.2.1.1.x	Integer32	RO
	A unique value, greater than z	zero, for each rece	iver slot.	
epc8291TrapAddr	.9	98.1.1.1.2.1.2.x	OCTETS	RW
	DNS name or IP address spec			
	optionally be specified: 'name:	:port' An empty strir	ng disables thi	s slot.
epc8291portNumber	.9	98.1.3.1.1.0	Integer32	RO
	The number of Relay Ports			
epc8291PortIndex	9.	98.1.3.1.2.1.1.x	Integer32	RO
	A unique value, greater than z	zero, for each Relay	y Port.	
epc8291PortName	.9	98.1.3.1.2.1.2.x	OCTETS	RW
	A textual string containing nar	me of a Relay Port.		
epc8291PortState		98.1.3.1.2.1.3.x	INTEGER	RW
	current state of a Relay Port			
epc8291PortSw itchCount		98.1.3.1.2.1.4.x	Integer32	RO
	The total number of switch ac		,	
	count switch commands which		ne ralay state,	so just
	real relay switches are displa	,		
epc8291PortStartupMode		98.1.3.1.2.1.5.x	INTEGER	RW
	set Mode of startup sequence	•	,	
epc8291PortStartupDelay		98.1.3.1.2.1.6.x	Integer32	RW
	Delay in sec for startup action			
epc8291PortRepow erTime		98.1.3.1.2.1.7.x	Integer32	RW
	Delay in sec for repower port			
epc8291PortResetDuration		98.1.3.1.2.1.8.x	Integer32	RW
	Delay in sec for turning Port o	-		50
epc8291FanIndex		98.1.3.5.1.1.x	Integer32	RO
	None		NITEOED	
epc8291FanMode		98.1.3.5.1.2.x	INTEGER	RW
	shows the Fan Mode	040540	0 00	50
epc8291FanLevel		98.1.3.5.1.3.x	Gauge32	RO
	shows the actual Fan level	0 4 0 40 0		
epc8291Buzzer		98.1.3.10.0	Integer32	RW
ana 2014 ativa Pow archar	turn Buzzer on and off		Lineigned 22	PO
epc8291ActivePowerChan			Unsigned32	RO
ana 2201 Dow or beday	Number of supported Pow er	98.1.5.1.2.1.1.x	Intoger 22	RO
epc8291Pow erIndex	.9	90.1.3.1.2.1.1.X	Integer32	RU

	Index of Dower Channel artics		
epc8291ChanStatus	Index of Pow er Channel entries .98.1.5.1.2.1.2.x	Integer32	RO
	0 = data not active, 1 = data valid	-	DO
epc8291AbsEnergyActive	.98.1.5.1.2.1.3.x Absolute Active Energy counter.	Gauge32	RO
epc8291Pow erActive	.98.1.5.1.2.1.4.x	Integer32	RO
epc8291Current	Active Pow er .98.1.5.1.2.1.5.x	Gauge32	RO
	Actual Curent on Pow er Channel.	Guugooz	110
epc8291Voltage	.98.1.5.1.2.1.6.x Actual Voltage on Pow er Channel	Gauge32	RO
epc8291Frequency	.98.1.5.1.2.1.7.x	Gauge32	RO
one9201 Dow or Faster	Frequency of Pow er Channel .98.1.5.1.2.1.8.x	Integer 22	PO
epc8291Pow erFactor	.90.1.3.1.2.1.0.X Pow er Factor of Channel betw een -1.0 and 1.00	Integer32	RO
epc8291Pangle	.98.1.5.1.2.1.9.x	Integer32	RO
	Phase Angle betw een Voltage and L Line Currer 180.0	it between -180	0.0 and
epc8291Pow erApparent	.98.1.5.1.2.1.10.x	Integer32	RO
epc8291Pow erReactive	L Line Mean Apparent Pow er .98.1.5.1.2.1.11.x	Integer32	RO
	L Line Mean Reactive Pow er	Integerez	1.0
epc8291AbsEnergyReactive	.98.1.5.1.2.1.12.x Absolute Reactive Energy counter.	Gauge32	RO
epc8291AbsEnergyActiveResetta	0,7	Course??	
ble		Gauge32	RW
	Resettable Absolute Active Energy counter. Writ resettable counter.	ing '0' resets al	I
epc8291AbsEnergyReactiveRese		Gauge32	RO
table	Resettable Absolute Reactive Energy counter.		
epc8291ResetTime	.98.1.5.1.2.1.15.x	Gauge32	RO
epc8291Forw EnergyActive	Time in seconds since last Energy Counter reset .98.1.5.1.2.1.16.x	Gauge32	RO
ереоданным шегдуление	Forw ard Active Energy counter.	Oauge52	NO
epc8291Forw EnergyReactive	.98.1.5.1.2.1.17.x	Gauge32	RO
epc8291Forw EnergyActiveResett	Forw ard Reactive Energy counter.	0	DO
able	.98.1.5.1.2.1.18.x	Gauge32	RO
epc8291Forw Energy Reactive Res	Resettable Forw ard Active Energy counter.		
ettable	.98.1.5.1.2.1.19.x	Gauge32	RO
epc8291RevEnergyActive	Resettable Forw ard Reactive Energy counter. .98.1.5.1.2.1.20.x	Gauge32	RO
	Reverse Active Energy counter.	Guugooz	
epc8291RevEnergyReactive	.98.1.5.1.2.1.21.x Reverse Reactive Energy counter.	Gauge32	RO
epc8291RevEnergyActiveResetta	.98.1.5.1.2.1.22.x	Course??	DO
ble		Gauge32	RO
epc8291RevEnergyReactiveReset	Resettable Reverse Active Energy counter.	0 00	D 0
able	.98.1.5.1.2.1.23.X	Gauge32	RO
epc8291ResidualCurrent	Resettable Reverse Reactive Energy counter. .98.1.5.1.2.1.24.x	Unsigned32	RO
1	Actual Residual Current on Pow er Channel. Acco	ording Type A I	
epc8291ResidualCurrentRMS	60755. Only visible on models that support this fe .98.1.5.1.2.1.25.x	eature. Gauge32	RO
	Actual Residual Current RMS on Pow er Channel.		
opo9201DopidualOursetDO	60755. Only visible on models that support this fe		PO
epc8291ResidualCurrentDC	.98.1.5.1.2.1.26.x Actual Residual Current DC on Pow er Channel. A	Gauge32 According Type	RO BIEC
000411 0	60755. Only visible on models that support this fe	eature.	
epc8291LineSensorName	.98.1.5.1.2.1.100.x A textual string containing name of a Line Senso	OCTETS r	RW
epc8291OVPIndex	.98.1.5.2.1.1.x	Integer32	RO

	None			
epc8291OVPStatus		.98.1.5.2.1.2.x	INTEGER	RO
	shows the status of the bui	ilt-in Overvoltage Pro	tection	
epc8291BankPow erIndex	None	.98.1.5.8.1.1.x	Integer32	RO
epc8291BankPow erSource		.98.1.5.8.1.2.x	Integer32	RW
	Pow er Source of Port Bank		0 00	
epc8291BankPow erVoltage	Actual Voltage of Port Bank	.98.1.5.8.1.3.x	Gauge32	RO
epc8291BankPow erCurrent		.98.1.5.8.1.4.x	Gauge32	RO
	Actual Current of Port Bank			
epc8291Pow erSourceIndex	None	.98.1.5.9.1.1.x	Integer32	RO
epc8291Pow erSourceVoltage		.98.1.5.9.1.2.x	Gauge32	RO
opeozo n en erecureer enage	Actual Voltage of Pow er So		Guugeoz	1.0
epc8291Pow erSourceCurrent	rotadi voltage or row or oc	.98.1.5.9.1.3.x	Gauge32	RO
epcozo n ow erobarceourrent	Actual Current of Pow er So		Oauge52	NO
epc8291CPUSensorVsystem	Actual Current of Fow er So	.98.1.5.14.1.0	Gauge32	RO
epcozororodensorvsystem	System Voltage on CPU Boa		Gauge52	NO
ana9201CDUSanaar\/aux	System voltage on CFO Boa		Course??	DO
epc8291CPUSensorVaux		.98.1.5.14.2.0	Gauge32	RO
	Auxiliary Voltage on CPU Bo		0 00	50
epc8291CPUSensorVmain		.98.1.5.14.3.0	Gauge32	RO
	Main Voltage on CPU Board			
epc8291CPUSensorTcpu		.98.1.5.14.4.0	Integer32	RO
	Temperature on CPU Board			
epc8291NTPTimeValid		.98.1.5.15.1.0	INTEGER	RO
	Show if valid Time is receive	ed		
epc8291NTPUnixTime		.98.1.5.15.2.0	Unsigned32	RO
	show received NTP time as	unixtime (secs since	e 1 January 197	70)
epc8291NTPLastValidTimestamp		.98.1.5.15.3.0	Unsigned32	RO
	show seconds since last va	alid NTP timestamp re	eceived	
epc8291SensorIndex		.98.1.6.1.1.1.x	Integer32	RO
	None		•	
epc8291TempSensor		.98.1.6.1.1.2.x	Integer32	RO
	actual temperature			
epc8291HygroSensor		.98.1.6.1.1.3.x	Integer32	RO
	actual humidity			
epc8291AirPressure		.98.1.6.1.1.5.x	Integer32	RO
	actual air pressure		#1090102	10
epc8291Dew Point		.98.1.6.1.1.6.x	Integer32	RO
	dew point for actual temper		integer 02	10
epc8291Dew PointDiff		.98.1.6.1.1.7.x	Integer32	RO
	difforance between down			NU
	difference between dew po Dew Point)		· ·	
epc8291ExtSensorName		.98.1.6.1.1.32.x	OCTETS	RW
	A textual string containing n	name of a external Se	ensor	

4.7 SSL

TLS Standard

The device is compatible with TLS v1.1 to TLS v1.3 standards, but due to lack of security, SSL v3.0, TLS 1.0, and RC4, MD5, SHA1, and DES encryption are disabled. All ciphers use Diffie-Hellman key exchange (Perfect Forward Secrecy).

Creating your own Certificates

The SSL stack is supplied with a specially newly generated self-signed certificate. There is no

function to generate the local certificate anew at the touch of a button, since the required random numbers in an embedded device are usually not independent enough. However, you can create new certificates and import them to the device. The server accepts RSA (2048/4096) and ECC (Elliptic Curve Cryptography) certificates.

Usually OpenSSL is used to create an SSL certificate. For Windows for example, there is the light version of Shining Light Productions. There you open a command prompt, change to the directory "C:\OpenSSL-Win32\bin" and set these environment variables:

```
set openssl_conf=C:\OpenSSL-Win32\bin\openssl.cfg
set RANDFILE=C:\OpenSSL-Win32\bin\.rnd
```

Here are some examples for the generation with OpenSSL:

Creation of a self-signed RSA 2048-bit certificate

```
openssl genrsa -out server.key 2048
openssl reg -new -x509 -days 365 -key server.key -out server.crt
```

RSA 2048-bit certificate with Sign Request:

```
openssl genrsa -out server.key 2048
openssl req -new -key server.key -out server.csr
openssl req -x509 -days 365 -key server.key -in server.csr -out server.crt
```

The server keys should be created with "openssI genrsa". The Gude device processes keys in the traditional PKCS#1 format. This can be recognized by the fact that the generated key file starts with "-----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----". If the file starts with "-----BEGIN PRIVATE KEY-----", the file is in PKCS#8 format and the key is not recognized. If you have only a key in PKCS#8 format, you can convert it to PKCS#1 with openssl: "**openssI rsa -in pkcs8.key -out pkcs1.key**".

ECC Certificate with Sign Request:

```
openssl ecparam -genkey -name prime256v1 -out server.key
openssl req -new -key server.key -out server.csr
openssl req -x509 -days 365 -key server.key -in server.csr -out server.crt
```

If you have created your key and certificate, both files are concatenated to one file:

Linux:

cat server.crt server.key > server.pem

Windows:

copy server.crt + server.key server.pem

The created server pem can only be uploaded in the maintenance section of the device.

If several certificates (Intermediate CRTs) should also be uploaded to the device, one should make sure, that firstly the server certificate and secondly the Intermediates are assembled, e.g: cat server.crt IM1.crt IM2.crt server.key > server.pem

F An uploaded certificate will be preserved, when a device is put back to factory defaults [25].

Performance Considerations

If RSA 4096 certificates are used, the first access to the web server can take 8-10 seconds, because the math unit of the embedded CPU is highly demanded. After that, the parameters are in the SSL session cache, so all other requests are just as fast as with other certificate lengths. For a quick response even on the first access, we recommend RSA 2048-bit certificates that offer adequate security, too.

4.8 Console

For the configuration and control of the device, there is a set of commands with parameters that can be entered through a console. The console is available via SSH or Telnet, or for devices with RS232 port through using a serial terminal. It is not necessary to use Telnet, in **Raw Mode** a simple TCP/IP connection is sufficient to send commands. The communication can also be performed automated (e.g. via scripting languages). The console features are configured through the web interface 135 h.

Login

A ssh / telnet log in can be configured with password or without:



Command Set

There are several command levels. The following commands are usable from each level:

back	go back one level
help	all commands of the actual level
help all	show all commands
logout	logout (only when login required)
quit	quit console

The "help" command returns all the commands of the current level. If "help" is called from the top level, e.g. the line "http [subtopics]" appears. This means that there is another level for "http". With the command "http help" all commands below "http" are shown. Alternatively, with entering "http" you can select the http level, and "help" shows all the commands on the selected level. The command "back" again selects the top level. It is possible to use "help" at any position: "http passwd help" provides all commands that have the prefix "http passwd".

You will find a complete list of all possible device commands in the chapter "Cmd Overview".

Parameter

If parameters are expected for the command, the parameter may be passed as numeric or constant. If e.g. you get the following line as help:

http server set {http both=0|https only=1|http only=2}

the following instruction pairs are equivalent:

```
http server set https_only
http server set 1
```

or

```
http server set https_both
http server set 0
```

Numerical parameters can be entered with different bases. Here is an example of the decimal value 11:

Base	Input
decimal (10)	11
hexadecimal (16)	0xb
octal (8)	013
binary (2)	0b1011

Bit Field Parameter

Some parameters can take several values at the same time. In the following example, all values between 0 and 5 can be set. In the help, this can be recognized by the fact that the values are not separated by the "|" character, but by commas.

"{EVT SYSLOG=0,EVT SNMP=1,EVT EMAIL=2,EVT SMS=3,EVT GSMEMAIL=4,EVT BEEPER=5}"

To set EVT_SYSLOG and EVT_EMAIL in a command, you can use the following syntax:

>extsensor 1 2 0 events type set "EVT_SYSLOG,EVT_EMAIL"
OK.

or numeric

```
>extsensor 1 2 0 events type set "0,2" OK.
```

Additionally you can set all values with "ALLSET" or encode any bit pattern as hexadecimal with a syntax like "#7f1a".

Return Values

If a command is unknown or a parameter is incorrect, the output "ERR." is given at the beginning of the line, followed by a description of the fault. Successful instructions without special return value will be acknowledged by "OK.". All other return values are output within a single line. There are of two exceptions:

- 1. Some configuration changes, that affect TCP / IP and UDP, need a restart to be applied. These parameters are output on two lines. In the first line the current value is shown, on the second row the value after a restart. In the "Cmd Overview" table this is marked with "Note 2".
- 2. Other configurations (such as the assigned IPv6 addresses) have several values that can change dynamically. This is marked with "Note 3" in the "Cmd Overview" table.

Numerical Returns

For parameters that support constants, these constants are output as return values. To better deal with scripting languages, it may be easier to work only with numerical returns. The command "vt100 numeric set ON" enables that only numerical values appear.

Comments

If you use a tool to send an entire file of commands via Telnet, it is helpful, if you can place comments in there. Beginning with the comment character "#", the remaining contents of a line is ignored.

Telnet

If the configuration "Raw Mode" is turned off, it is tried to negotiate the Telnet configuration between client and server using IAC commands. If this fails, the editing functions are not active, and the "Activate echo" option determines whether the characters sent to the Telnet server will be returned. Normally the client begins with the IAC negotiation. If this is not the case with the client, the device configuration "Active negotiation" should be turned on.

Raw Mode

If you want to use the console only automated, it may be advantageous to set the configuration "Raw mode" to "yes" and "Activate echo" to "no" to. Then there is no interfering interaction with the editor functions and the is no need to filter the sent characters to process the return values.

If in the console "Raw mode" is activated but not in the used Telnet client, the IAC commands sent at the beginning can appear as interfering characters in the command

line (partially invisible).

Editing

The following edit functions are available when the terminal supports VT100, and Raw Mode is deactivated. Entered characters are inserted at the cursor position.

Keys	Function
Left, Right	moves cursor left or right
Pos1, End	moves cursor to the beginning or end of line
Del	deletes character under the cursor
Backspace	deletes character left of cursor
Up, Down	shows input lines history
Tab, Ctrl-Tab	completes the word at cursor
Ctrl-C	clears the line

This chapter is general for <u>all</u> Gude devices. Depending on the device type, ports or certain sensors may not be available.

Sensor Examples

a) External Sensors

```
>extsensor all show
E=1,L="7106",0="21.3°C",1="35.1%",3="1013hPa",4="5.2°C",5="16.0°C""
E=2,L="7102",0="21.2°C",1="35.4%",4="5.3°C",5="15.9°C""
```

The command lists one connected external sensor per line, and the individual measured values are separated by commas after the label name. The digit before the equal sign corresponds to the Index field in the External Sensor Table.

>extsensor 1 0 value show

Displays temperature of the sensor at Port 1

b) Line Sensors

```
>linesensor all "0,1,2,3,12" show
L=1,L="Power Port",0="13000Wh",1="0W",2="225V",3="0A",12="998218s"
L=2,L="Power Port",0="13000Wh",1="0W",2="223V",3="0A",12="996199s"
```

This command outputs all line sensor values in one line. A list of all fields (according to the energy sensor table) is transferred as parameter. In this example these are the fields Absolute Active Energy (0), Power Active (1), Voltage (2), Current (3) and Reset Time (12).

>linesensor 1 "0, 1, 2, 3, 12" show
>linesensor 1 1 show

These variants give the sensor values of the field list or of a sensor at Line-In 1.

For devices with Overvoltage Protection, the "linesensor all" command also outputs the state of the protection ("OVP=x"). A "1" means ok, a "0" a failure of the protection.

c) Port Sensors

```
>portsensor all "0,1,2,3,12" show
P=1,L="Power Port",0="13000Wh",1="0W",2="225V",3="0A",12="998218s"
P=2,L="Power Port",0="13000Wh",1="0W",2="225V",3="0A",12="996199s"
...
P=12,L="Power Port",0="13000Wh",1="0W",2="225V",3="0A",12="998218s"
```

This command outputs all port sensor values in one line. A list of all fields (according to the energy sensor table) is passed as parameter. In this example these are the fields Absolute Active Energy (0), Power Active (1), Voltage (2), Current (3) and Reset Time (12).

```
>portsensor 2 "0, 1, 2, 3, 12" show
>portsensor 2 1 show
```

These variants give the sensor values of the field list or a sensor to at Outlet Port 2.

F The following examples refer to Gude devices that have switchable ports.

d) Displaying Port Relays

```
>port all state 1 show
P1=ON, P2=OFF, P3=ON, P4=OFF, P5=OFF, P6=OFF, P7=OFF, P8=ON
```

The command "port all state {MODE0=0|MODE1=1|MODE2=2} show" returns the switching state of all relays in 3 possible formats.

e) Switching Port Relays

```
#port all state set "1,2,12" 1
OK.
```

The command syntax "port all state set "{port_list}" {OFF=0|ON=1}" sets a list of ports to ON=1 or OFF=0.

4.8.1 SSH

The device supports SSH-2 connections with either public key authentication or user name and password. The "login" must be enabled for SSH. Users and passwords can be stored locally or retrieved via a radius server. If you want to use SSH in a terminal, <u>Activate echo</u> should be enabled.

Public Keys

The following public keys are accepted:

Key type	Length
RSA	2048, 4096

ECDSA	256, 384
ECDOA	200, 304

Generation with PuTTYgen

Key			
Public key for pasting	into OpenSSH authorized	d_keys file:	
+tLSmdXuqglDgQ1D +38VtDLcTlXbtZS77 pc04U3r9unNjqTar20	C1yc2EAAAABJQAAAQE b7KLm16mqmzGoVBX6k #WrqDdouug128k5Jx7JO cXqui4XHdvvFr0dByaaef bEAUx8eXr1RkvhrX2tzGa	mVWmx2XRucTUQoh RpMuNGBLOsdPK5KI R3yBWjivdv46uuXaia2	rVzvqAUp NeYm9SPo8wltn0 T4p6Ou4Fkys0/b
Key fingerprint:	ssh-rsa 2048 4b:4b.f9:t	o3:5f:9b:b7:f3:e5:40:cd	:7c:70:df:af:86
Key comment:	rsa-key-20201011		
Key passphrase:			
Confirm passphrase:			
Actions			
Generate a public/priv	vate key pair		Generate
Load an existing priva	te key file		Load
Save the generated k	ey	Save public key	Save private key

Generated keys can be copied directly from e.g. PuTTYgen,

Upload new SSH public key:	ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAA ADAQABAAABAQDTliqb/	^
	🗌 Delete public key	

and inserted into the Configuration - Console input field. Public keys are accepted in SSH2 or OpenSSH format.

Generation with ssh-keygen

The tool ssh-keygen is mostly shipped with Linux and Windows to generate SSH keys. Here is an example to generate an ECDSA 384 key.

ssh-keygen -t ecdsa -b 384 -f ssh.key

In the file ssh.pub is then the private key, the content of ssh.key.pub is inserted into the field "Upload SSH public key:".

Upload new SSH public key:	ecdsa-sha2-nistp384 🔥 🔨
	AAAAE2VjZHNhLXNoYTI 🗸
	tbmlzdHAzODQAAAAIbm //

Delete public key

4.8.2 Console Cmd 8291

Command	Description	Note
logout	go to login prompt w hen enabled	2
quit	quits telnet session - nothing in serial console	2
back	back one cmd level	2
help	show all cmds from this level	2
help all	show all cmds	2
hank	antana anal many "hank"	
bank	enters cmd group "bank"	
<pre>bank {bank_num} pow ersrc set {pow ersrc_num} bank {bank num} pow ersrc show</pre>	show s pow er src of bank	
bank (bank_hung powersic show	show's power src energy sensors of field list for	
bank pow ersrc all "{field_list}" show	all banks	
bank pow ersrc {pow ersrc_num} "{field_list}" show	show s pow er src energy sensors of field list for given bank	
bank all "{field_list}" show	show s bank energy sensors of field list for all banks	
bank {bank_num} "{field_list}" value show	show s bank energy sensors of field list for given bank	
bank {bank_num} {energy_sens} events set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables sensor events on/off	
<pre>bank {bank_num} {energy_sens} events show</pre>	shows if sensor events are enabled	
bank {bank_num} {energy_sens} events type set		
"{EVT_SYSLOG=0,EVT_SNMP=1,EVT_EMAIL=2,E VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEMAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7}"		
<pre>bank {bank_num} {energy_sens} events type show</pre>	shows what event types are enabled	
bank {bank_num} {energy_sens} events beeper mode set {CONTINOUS=0 INTERMITTENT=1}	sets beeper tone	
<pre>bank {bank_num} {energy_sens} events beeper mode show</pre>	show s beeper tone	
bank {bank_num} {energy_sens} maxval set {float}	sets maximum value for sensor	
<pre>bank {bank_num} {energy_sens} maxval show</pre>	shows maximum value for sensor	
<pre>bank {bank_num} {energy_sens} hyst set {float}</pre>	sets hysterese value for sensor	
bank {bank_num} {energy_sens} hyst show	shows hysterese value for sensor	
bank {bank_num} {energy_sens} publish mode set {NONE=0 INTERVAL=1 DELTA=2 INTERV_DELTA=3}	sets publish mode	
<pre>bank {bank_num} {energy_sens} publish mode show</pre>	shows publish mode	
bank {bank_num} {energy_sens} publish mqtt retain set {OFF=0 ON=1}	sets mqtt retain	
<pre>bank {bank_num} {energy_sens} publish mqtt retain show</pre>	show s if mqtt retain set	
bank {bank_num} {energy_sens} publish timer se {num_secs}	t sets publish time interval	
<pre>bank {bank_num} {energy_sens} publish timer show</pre>	show s publish time interval	
bank {bank_num} {energy_sens} publish delta se {float}	t sets publish delta value	
<pre>bank {bank_num} {energy_sens} publish delta show</pre>	shows publish delta value	
bank {bank_num} {energy_sens} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} por set {port_num}	tsets pow er port for sensor values action	
bank {bank_num} {energy_sens} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} por show	tshows port for sensor values action	
bank {bank_num} {energy_sens} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3}	sets state for sensor values action	

state set {OFF=0 ON=1 DISABLED=2}	
bank {bank_num} {energy_sens} {BELOWMIN=0	
ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3}	shows state for sensor values action
state show	
clock	enters cmd group "clock"
clock ntp enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables ntp
clock ntp enabled show	shows if ntp enabled
clock timezone set {minutes}	sets timezone
clock timezone show	show s timezone
clock dst enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables dst
clock dst enabled show	shows if dst is enabled
clock manual set "{hh:mm:ss yyyy-mm-dd}"	sets time and date manually
clock show	shows actual time and date
clock ntp server {PRIMARY=0 BACKUP=1} set	acta ptp conver pama
"{dns_name}"	sets ntp server name
clock ntp server {PRIMARY=0 BACKUP=1} show	shows ntp server name
console	enters cmd group "console"
console version	shows unique console version number
console telnet enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables telnet on/off
console telnet enabled show	show s if telnet enabled
console telnet port set {ip port}	sets telnet port
console telnet port show	show s telnet port
console telnet raw set {OFF=0 ON=1}	sets raw mode (disables editing) on/off
console telnet raw show	shows if raw mode enabled
console telnet echo set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables echo on/off
console telnet echo show	show s if echo enabled
console telnet activeneg set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables telnet active negotiation (IAC) on/off
console telnet activeneg show	show s if active negotiation enabled
console telnet login set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables login on/off
console telnet login show	show s if login enabled
	-
console telnet login local set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables local login on/off
console telnet login local show	show s if local login enabled
console telnet login radius set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables login for RADIUS on/off
console telnet login radius show	show s if RADIUS login enabled
console telnet login delay set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables delay (after 3 login fails) on/off
console telnet login delay show	show s if login delay enabled
console telnet pushmsgs config set {OFF=0	enables persistent push msgs
ON=1}	, , ,
console telnet pushmsgs config show	shows if persistent push msgs are enabled
console telnet pushmsgs set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables temporary push msgs
console telnet pushmsgs show	shows if temporary push msgs are enabled
console telnet user set "{username}"	sets login user name
console telnet user show	shows login user name
console telnet passw d set "{passw d}"	sets login passw ord
console telnet passw d hash set "{passw d}"	sets login hashed passw ord
console ssh enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables SSH
console ssh enabled show	shows if SSH enabled
console ssh port set {ip_port}	sets SSH port
console ssh port show	shows SSH port
console ssh echo set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables echo on/off
console ssh echo show	show s if echo enabled
console ssh pushmsgs config set {OFF=0 ON=1}	
console ssh pushmsgs config show	shows if persistent push msgs are enabled
console ssh pushmsgs set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables temporary push msgs
console ssh pushmsgs show	shows if temporary push msgs are enabled
console ssh public hash set "{passw d}"	sets hash of SSH public key
console ssh public hash show	show s hash of SSH public key
console serial enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables serial console on/off
console serial enabled show	show s if serial console enabled
	sets raw mode (disables editing) on/off
console serial raw set {OFF=0 ON=1}	show s if raw mode enabled
console serial raw show	
console serial echo set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables echo on/off
console serial echo show	show s if echo enabled

	anablaa hinam (12/14 amda an aavial nant an (aff	
console serial kvm set {OFF=0 ON=1} console serial kvm show	enables binary KVM cmds on serial port on/off show s if binary KVM cmds enabled	
console serial utf8 set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables UTF8 support	
console serial utf8 show	show s if UTF8 enabled	
console serial login set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables login on/off	
console serial login show	show s if login enabled	
console serial login local set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables local login on/off	
console serial login local show	shows if local login enabled	
console serial login radius set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables login for RADIUS on/off	
console serial login radius show	show s if RADIUS login enabled	
console serial login delay set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables delay (after 3 login fails) on/off	
console serial login delay show	shows if login delay enabled	
console serial pushmsgs config set {OFF=0	enables persistent push msgs	
ON=1} console serial pushmsgs config show	shows if persistent push msgs are enabled	
console serial pushmsgs set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables temporary push msgs	
console serial pushings set {OIT = 0[0] = 1}	show s if temporary push msgs are enabled	
console serial user set "{username}"	sets login user name	
console serial user show	show s login user name	
console serial passw d set "{passw d}"	sets login passw ord	
console serial passw d hash set "{passw d}"	sets login hashed passw ord	
email	enters cmd group "email"	
email enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables email on/off	
email enabled show	shows if email is enabled	
email sender set "{email_addr}"	sets email sender address	
email sender show	show s email sender address	
email recipient set "{email_addr}"	sets email recipient address	
email recipient show	shows email recipient address	
email server set "{dns_name}"	sets email SMTP server address	
email server show	show s email SMTP server address	
email port set {ip_port}	sets email SMTP port	
email port show email security set {NONE=0 STARTTLS=1 SSL=2}	show s email SMTP port	
email security show	show s SMTP connection security	
email auth set {NONE=0 PLAIN=1 LOGIN=2}	sets email authentication	
email auth show	show email authentication	
email user set "{username}"	sets SMTP username	
email user show	show s SMTP username	
email passw d set "{passw d}"	sets SMTP passw ord	
email passw d hash set "{passw d}"	sets crypted SMTP passw ord	
email testmail	send test email	
ethernet	enters cmd group "ethernet"	
ethernet mac show	show s MAC address	
ethernet link show	show s ethernet link state	
ethernet phyprefer set {10MBIT HD=0	sets preferred speed for PHY Auto Negotiation	
	sets preferred speed for PHT Auto Negotiation	
10MBIT_FD=1 100MBIT_HD=2 100MBIT_FD=3} ethernet phyprefer show	show s preferred speed for PHY Auto Negotiation	
10MBIT_FD=1 100MBIT_HD=2 100MBIT_FD=3}		
10MBIT_FD=1 100MBIT_HD=2 100MBIT_FD=3}		
10MBIT_FD=1 100MBIT_HD=2 100MBIT_FD=3} ethernet phyprefer show	show s preferred speed for PHY Auto Negotiation enters cmd group "extsensor" show s all values from connected external	
10MBIT_FD=1 100MBIT_HD=2 100MBIT_FD=3} ethernet phyprefer show extsensor extsensor all show	show s preferred speed for PHY Auto Negotiation enters cmd group "extsensor" show s all values from connected external sensors	
10MBIT_FD=1 100MBIT_HD=2 100MBIT_FD=3} ethernet phyprefer show extsensor extsensor all show extsensor all show	show s preferred speed for PHY Auto Negotiation enters cmd group "extsensor" show s all values from connected external sensors show s all plugged sensors and fields	6
10MBIT_FD=1 100MBIT_HD=2 100MBIT_FD=3} ethernet phyprefer show extsensor extsensor all show extsensor all show extsensor all show extsensor {port_num} {sen_field} value show	show s preferred speed for PHY Auto Negotiation enters cmd group "extsensor" show s all values from connected external sensors show s all plugged sensors and fields show s sensor value	6
10MBIT_FD=1 100MBIT_HD=2 100MBIT_FD=3} ethernet phyprefer show extsensor extsensor all show extsensor all show extsensor all show extsensor {port_num} {sen_field} value show extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} label set	show s preferred speed for PHY Auto Negotiation enters cmd group "extsensor" show s all values from connected external sensors show s all plugged sensors and fields	66
10MBIT_FD=1 100MBIT_HD=2 100MBIT_FD=3} ethernet phyprefer show extsensor extsensor all show extsensor all show extsensor {port_num} {sen_field} value show extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} label set "{name}"	show s preferred speed for PHY Auto Negotiation enters cmd group "extsensor" show s all values from connected external sensors show s all plugged sensors and fields show s sensor value	-
10MBIT_FD=1 100MBIT_HD=2 100MBIT_FD=3} ethernet phyprefer show extsensor extsensor all show extsensor all show extsensor {port_num} {sen_field} value show extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} label set "{name}" extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} label show	show s preferred speed for PHY Auto Negotiation enters cmd group "extsensor" show s all values from connected external sensors show s all plugged sensors and fields show s sensor value sets sensor name to label show s label of sensor	6
10MBIT_FD=1 100MBIT_HD=2 100MBIT_FD=3} ethernet phyprefer show extsensor extsensor all show extsensor all show extsensor {port_num} {sen_field} value show extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} label set "{name}"	show s preferred speed for PHY Auto Negotiation enters cmd group "extsensor" show s all values from connected external sensors show s all plugged sensors and fields show s sensor value sets sensor name to label show s label of sensor show s type of sensor	6
10MBIT_FD=1 100MBIT_HD=2 100MBIT_FD=3} ethernet phyprefer show extsensor extsensor all show extsensor all show extsensor {port_num} {sen_field} value show extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} label set "{name}" extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} label show extsensor {port_num} type show	show s preferred speed for PHY Auto Negotiation enters cmd group "extsensor" show s all values from connected external sensors show s all plugged sensors and fields show s sensor value sets sensor name to label show s label of sensor	6
10MBIT_FD=1 100MBIT_HD=2 100MBIT_FD=3} ethernet phyprefer show extsensor extsensor all show extsensor all show extsensor {port_num} {sen_field} value show extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} label set "{name}" extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} label show extsensor {port_num} type show extsensor {port_num} type show extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field}	show s preferred speed for PHY Auto Negotiation enters cmd group "extsensor" show s all values from connected external sensors show s all plugged sensors and fields show s sensor value sets sensor name to label show s label of sensor show s type of sensor enables sensor events on/off	6 6 6
10MBIT_FD=1 100MBIT_HD=2 100MBIT_FD=3} ethernet phyprefer show extsensor extsensor all show extsensor all show extsensor {port_num} {sen_field} value show extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} label set "{name}" extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} label show extsensor {port_num} type show extsensor {port_num} type show extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} events set {off=0 on=1} extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} events show	show s preferred speed for PHY Auto Negotiation enters cmd group "extsensor" show s all values from connected external sensors show s all plugged sensors and fields show s sensor value sets sensor name to label show s label of sensor show s type of sensor	6
10MBIT_FD=1 100MBIT_HD=2 100MBIT_FD=3} ethernet phyprefer show extsensor extsensor all show extsensor all show extsensor all show extsensor {port_num} {sen_field} value show extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} label set "{name}" extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} label show extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} label show extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} events set {off=0 on=1} extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} events show extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field}	show s preferred speed for PHY Auto Negotiation enters cmd group "extsensor" show s all values from connected external sensors show s all plugged sensors and fields show s sensor value sets sensor name to label show s label of sensor show s type of sensor enables sensor events on/off show s if sensor events are enabled	6 6 6 6
10MBIT_FD=1 100MBIT_HD=2 100MBIT_FD=3} ethernet phyprefer show extsensor extsensor all show extsensor all show extsensor {port_num} {sen_field} value show extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} label set "{name}" extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} label show extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} label show extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} events set {off=0 on=1} extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} events show	show s preferred speed for PHY Auto Negotiation enters cmd group "extsensor" show s all values from connected external sensors show s all plugged sensors and fields show s sensor value sets sensor name to label show s label of sensor show s type of sensor enables sensor events on/off show s if sensor events are enabled enables different event types	6 6 6

VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEMAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E		
VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8	}	
extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field}		
events type show	shows what event types are enabled	6
extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field}		
events beeper mode set {CONTINOUS=0	sets beeper tone	
INTERMITTENT=1}		
extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} events beeper mode show	shows beeper tone	
extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field}		
maxval set {num}	sets maximum value for sensor	6
extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field}	shows maximum value for sensor	6
maxvalshow		0
extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field}	sets minimum value for sensor	6
minval set {num} extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field}		
minval show	shows minimum value for sensor	6
extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} hys set {num}	t,,,,,,,	•
set {num}	sets hysterese value for sensor	6
extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} hys show	t shows hysterese value for sensor	6
		-
extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} publish mode set {NONE=0 INTERVAL=1	sets publish mode	
DELTA=2 INTERV DELTA=3}		
extsensor {port num} {sen type} {sen field}		
publish mode show	shows publish mode	
extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field}	sets mqtt retain	
publish mqtt retain set {OFF=0 ON=1}		
extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} publish mqtt retain show	shows if mqtt retain set	
extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field}		
publish timer set {num_secs}	sets publish time interval	
extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field}	show s publish time interval	
publish timer show		
extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} publish delta set {float}	sets publish delta value	
extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field}		
publish delta show	show s publish delta value	
extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field}		
{BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2	sets Port for Pow er Port Switching actions	6
BELOWMAX=3} port set {port_num}		
extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2	show s Port for Pow er Port Sw itching actions	6
BELOWMAX=3} port show	show short for fow of for tow terming actions	0
extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field}		
{BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2	sets Port state for Pow er Port Switching actions	6
BELOWMAX=3} state set {OFF=0 ON=1	sets for state for fow of for ownering detions	0
DISABLED=2}		
extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2	shows Port state for Power Port Switching	6
BELOWMAX=3} state show	actions	0
extsensor period set {24H=0 12H=1 2H=2 1H=3		
30MIN=4}	sets sensor Min/Max measurement period	
extsensor period show	shows sensor Min/Max measurement period	
extsensor beeper set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables beeper sensor alarms	
extsensor beeper show	shows if beeper sensor alarms are enabled	
http	enters cmd group "http"	
http server set {HTTP_BOTH=0 HTTPS_ONLY=1		
HTTP_ONLY=22 HTTPS_REDIR=3}	sets accepted connection types	
http server show	show s accepted connection types	
http port set {ip_port}	sets http port show s http port	
http port show http portssl set {ip_port}	sets https port	

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linesensor all {field_list} showshow s energy sensors according field list of all line sensors5linesensor {line_num} {field_list} showshow s energy sensors according field list of one line sensor5linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} valueshow s energy sensor of given line5			
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linesensor all {Tield_list} show line sensors 5 linesensor {line_num} {field_list} show show s energy sensors according field list of one line sensor 5 linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} value show s energy sensor of given line 5			
linesensor {line_num} {neid_list} snow line sensor line sensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} value shows energy sensor of given line 5	linesensor all {field_list} show		5
s now s energy sensor of given line 5	linesensor {line_num} {field_list} show		5
		shows energy sensor of given line	5

linesenser (line, num) eve show	above state of Overvaltage Protection
linesensor {line_num} ovp show linesensor {line_num} counter reset	show state of Overvoltage Protection resets energy metering counter
linesensor {line_num} label set "{name}"	sets line meter to label
linesensor {line_num} label show	show s label of line meter
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} events	
set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables events on/off
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} events	about a if avante are enabled
show	shows if events are enabled
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} events	
type set	enables different event types
type set "{EVT_SYSLOG=0,EVT_SNMP=1,EVT_EMAIL=2,I	E
VI_SMS=3,EVI_GSMEMAIL=4,EVI_BEEPER=5}"	
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} events	show s w hat event types are enabled
type show	
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} events beeper mode set {CONTINOUS=0	sets beeper tone
INTERMITTENT=1}	sets beeper tone
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} events	
beeper mode show	shows beeper tone
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} maxval	
set {float}	sets maximum value for line meter
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} maxval	abour a maximum value for line mater
show	shows maximum value for line meter
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} minval se	sets minimum value for line meter
{float}	
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} minval	shows minimum value for line meter
show	
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} hyst set	sets hysterese value for line meter
{float}	
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} hyst show	shows hysterese value for line meter
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish	
mode set {NONE=0 INTERVAL=1 DELTA=2	sets publish mode
INTERV DELTA=3}	
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish	
mode show	show s publish mode
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish	a ata manti nata in
mqtt retain set {OFF=0 ON=1}	sets mqtt retain
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish	show s if mqtt retain set
mqtt retain show	
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish	sets publish time interval
timer set {num_secs}	F
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish	shows publish time interval
timer show	
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish delta set {float}	sets publish delta value
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish	
delta show	shows publish delta value
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor}	
{BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2	sets Port for Pow er Port Switching actions
BELOWMAX=3} port set {port_num}	
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor}	
{BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2	show s Port for Pow er Port Switching actions
BELOWMAX=3} port show	
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor}	
{BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2	sets Port state for Pow er Port Switching actions
BELOWMAX=3} state set {OFF=0 ON=1	
DISABLED=2}	
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor}	show s Port state for Pow er Port Switching
{BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} state show	actions
linesensor {line_num} events set {OFF=0 ON=1}	LEGACY - enables events on/off L
linesensor {line_num} events show	LEGACY - enables events on/on L LEGACY - show s if events are enabled L
linesensor {line_num} events type set	
"{EVT_SYSLOG=0,EVT_SNMP=1,EVT_EMAIL=2,I	ELEGACY - enables different event types
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEMAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E	

VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 "	}	
linesensor {line num} events type show	LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled	L
linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float}	LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter	L
linesensor {line_num} maxval show	LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter	L
linesensor {line_num} minval set {float}	LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter	L
linesensor {line_num} minval show	LEGACY - show s minimum value for line meter	L
linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float}	LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter	L
linesensor {line_num} hyst show	LEGACY - shows hysterese value for line meter	L
linesensor {line_num} {BELOWMIN=0	LECACY	
ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} por	LEGACY - sets Port for Pow er Port Switching actions	L
set {port_num}	actions	
linesensor {line_num} {BELOWMIN=0	LEGACY - shows Port for Power Port Switching	
ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} por	LEGACY - show s Port for Pow er Port Switching actions	L
snow		
linesensor {line_num} {BELOWMIN=0	LEGACY - sets Port state for Pow er Port	
ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3}	Switching actions	L
state set {OFF=0 ON=1 DISABLED=2}		
linesensor {line_num} {BELOWMIN=0	LEGACY - show s Port state for Pow er Port	
ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3}	Switching actions	L
state show	, ,	
linesensor beeper set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables beeper for line meter alarms	
linesensor beeper show	shows if beeper for line meter alarms is enabled	
modbus	antors and group "madbus"	
modbus enabled set <off=0 on="1"></off=0>	enters cmd group "modbus" enables Modbus TCP support	
modbus enabled show	show s if Modbus is enabled	
modbus port set <ip_port></ip_port>	sets Modbus TCP port	
modbus port show	show s Modbus TCP port	
mgtt	enters cmd group "mqtt"	
mqtt {broker_idx} enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enable mqtt	
mgtt {broker idx} enabled show	show s if mqtt enabled	
mqtt {broker_idx} server set "{dns_name}"	sets broker name	
mgtt {broker_idx} server show	show s broker name	
mqtt {broker_idx} tls enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enable TLS	
mqtt {broker_idx} tls enabled show	show s if TLS enabled	
mqtt {broker_idx} port set {ip_port}	set broker TCP/IP port	
mqtt {broker_idx} port show	shows broker TCP/IP port	
mqtt {broker_idx} user set "{username}"	sets username	
mqtt {broker_idx} user show	show s username	
mqtt {broker_idx} passw d set "{passw d}"	sets passw ord	
mqtt {broker_idx} passw d hash set "{passw d}"	sets hashed passw d	
mqtt {broker_idx} client set "{name}"	sets client name	
mqtt {broker_idx} client show	shows client name	
mqtt {broker_idx} qos set {QOS0=0 QOS1=1}	sets QoS level	
mqtt {broker_idx} qos show	shows QoS level	
mqtt {broker_idx} keepalive set {num_secs}	sets keep-alive time	
mqtt {broker_idx} keepalive show	show s keep-alive time	
mqtt {broker_idx} topic set "{name}"	sets topic prefix	
mqtt {broker_idx} topic show mqtt {broker_idx} console enabled set {OFF=0	shw os topic prefix	
ON=1}	permit console cmds	
mqtt {broker_idx} console enabled show	show s if console cmds allow ed	
mqtt {broker_idx} device data timer set		
{num_secs}	sets telemetry interval	
mqtt {broker_idx} device data timer show	shows telemetry interval	
· · · _ ·		
port	enters cmd group "port"	
port {port_num} state set {OFF=0 ON=1}	sets port to new state	
port {port_num} state show	show's port state	
port all state set "{port_list}" {OFF=0 ON=1}	sets several ports in one cmd - e.g. port all state	
	set "1,3,5" 1	
port all state {MODE0=0 MODE1=1 MODE2=2}		
show	shows all port states in 3 different view modes	4

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port all set {OFF=0 ON=1 OFF_REV=2 ON_REV=3}	switch all ports on/off forw ard or reverse
port restart all set {REINIT=0 OFF_REV_REINIT=1,OFF_REINIT=2}	reinit coldstart sequence (optional first all off)
port {port_num} reset	start reset sequence for port
port {port_num} toggle	toggles port
port {port_num} batch set {OFF=0 ON=1} w ait	
{num_secs} {OFF=0 ON=1}	starts batch mode for port
port {port_num} batch cancel	cancels batch mode
port {port_num} label set "{name}"	sets port label name
port {port_num} label show	show s port label name
port {port_num} initstate coldstart set {OFF=0 ON=1 REMEMBER=2}	sets port coldstart initialization
port {port_num} initstate coldstart show	show s port coldstart initialization
port {port_num} initstate delay set {num}	sets port init delay
port {port_num} initstate delay show	show s port init delay
port {port_num} repow erdelay set {num}	sets port repow er delay
port {port_num} repow erdelay show	show s port repow er delay
port {port_num} resettime set {num}	sets port reset duration
port {port_num} resettime show	shows port reset duration
port {port_num} w atchdog enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	sets port w atchdog to on/off
port {port_num} w atchdog enabled show	show s port w atchdog state
port {port_num} w atchdog mode set {OFF=0 PORT_RESET=1 IP_MS=2 IP_MS_INV=3}	sets port w atchdog mode
port {port_num} w atchdog mode show	show s port w atchdog mode
port {port_num} w atchdog type set {WD_ICMP=0	
WD_TCP=1} port {port_num} w atchdog type show	shows port watchdog type
port {port_num} w atchdog link dow n set {OFF=0 ON=1}	sets if watchdog active when eth link dow n
port {port_num} w atchdog link dow n show	show s if w atchdog active w hen eth link dow n
port {port_num} w atchdog host set "{dns_name}"	
port {port_num} w atchdog host show	show s port w atchdog host target
port {port_num} w atchdog port set {ip_port}	sets port w atchdog TCP port
port {port_num} w atchdog port show	shows port watchdog TCP port
<pre>port {port_num} w atchdog pinginterval set {num}</pre>	sets port watchdog ping interval
port {port_num} w atchdog pinginterval show	show s port w atchdog ping interval
port {port_num} w atchdog pingretries set {num}	sets port w atchdog ping retries
port {port_num} w atchdog pingretries show	show s port w atchdog ping retries
port {port_num} w atchdog retrybooting set {OFF=0 ON=1}	sets port w atchdog retry booting to on/off
port {port_num} w atchdog retrybooting show	show s port w atchdog retry booting state
port {port_num} w atchdog bootretries set {num}	sets port watchdog retry boot timeout
port {port_num} w atchdog bootretries show	how s port w atchdog retry boot timeout
radius	enters cmd group "radius"
radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} enabled set	
<off=0 on="1"></off=0>	
radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} enabled show	show if radius client enabled
radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} server set	sets radius server address
" <dns_name>" radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} server</dns_name>	
show	shows radius server address
radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} password	sets radius server shared secret
set "{passw d}" radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} passw ord	sets radius server crypted shared secret
hash set "{passw d}"	
radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} auth timeou set {num_secs}	sets server request timeout
radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} auth timeour	t showsserver request timeout
radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} retries set {099}	sets server number of retries
radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} retries show	shows server number of retries

radius chap enabled set <off=0 on="1"> radius chap enabled show</off=0>	enables CHAP show s if CHAP is enabled
radius message auth set <off=0 on="1"></off=0>	enables request message authentication
	shows if request message authentication is
radius message auth show	enabled
radius default timeout set {num_secs}	sets default session timeout (when not returned as Session-Timout Attribute)
radius default timeout show	show s default session timeout
snmp	enters cmd group "snmp"
snmp port set {ip_port} snmp port show	sets SNMP UDP port show s SNMP UDP port
snmp snmpget enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables SNMP GET cmds on/off
snmp snmpget enabled show	show if SNMP GET cmds are enabled
snmp snmpset enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables SNMP SET cmds on/off
snmp snmpset enabled show	show if SNMP SET cmds are enabled
snmp snmpv2 enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables SNMP v2 on/off
snmp snmpv2 enabled show	show if SNMP v2 is enabled
snmp snmpv2 public set "{text}"	enables SNMP v3 on/off
snmp snmpv2 public show	show if SNMP v3 isenabled
snmp snmpv2 private set "{text}"	sets SNMP v2 public cummnity
snmp snmpv2 private show	shows SNMP v2 public community
snmp system {CONTACT=0 NAME=1 LOCATION=2} set "{text}"	sets sysLocation/sysName/sysContact
snmp system {CONTACT=0 NAME=1 LOCATION=2} show	gets sysLocation/sysName/sysContact
snmp snmpv3 enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	sets SNMP v2 private community
snmp snmpv3 enabled show	shows SNMP v2 private community
snmp snmpv3 username set "{text}"	sets SNMP v3 username
snmp snmpv3 username show	show s SNMP v3 username
snmp snmpv3 authalg set {NONE=0 MD5=1 SHA1=2 SHA256=3 SHA384=4 SHA512=5}	sets SNMP v3 authentication
snmp snmpv3 authalg show	show SNMP v3 authentication algorithm
snmp snmpv3 privalg set {NONE=0 DES=1 3DES=2 AES128=3 AES192=4 AES256=5 AES192*=6 AES256*=7}	sets SNMP v3 privacy algorithm
snmp snmpv3 privalg show	show SNMP v3 privacy algorithm
snmp snmpv3 authpassw d set "{passw d}"	sets SNMP v3 authentication passw ord
snmp snmpv3 privpassw d set "{passw d}"	sets SNMP v3 privacy passw ord
snmp snmpv3 authpassw d hash set "{passw d}"	•
snmp snmpv3 privpassw d hash set "{passw d}" snmp trap type set {NONE=0 V1=1 V2=2 V3=3}	sets SNMP v3 privacy hashed passw ord sets type of SNMP traps
snmp trap type set {NONE-0 v1-1 v2-2 v3-3}	show SNMP trap type
	sets address and port of SNMP trap receiver
snmp trap receiver {trap_num} set "{dns_name}"	{trap num}
	show address and port of SNMP trap receiver
snmp trap receiver {trap_num} show	{trap_num}
avelag	ontore and group "avalag"
syslog syslog enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enters cmd group "syslog" enables syslog msgs on/off
syslog enabled set {OII = 0[OII = 1]	show if syslog enabled
syslog server set "{dns_name}"	sets address of syslog server
syslog server show	show s address of syslog server
system	enters cmd group "system"
system beeper manual set {OFF=0 ON=1} {millisec}	manually sets beeper with optional duration
system beeper manual show	show s beeper state
system restart	restarts device
systemfabsettings	restore fab settings and restart device
system bootloader	enters bootloader mode
system flushdns	flush DNS cache
system uptime	number of seconds the device is running
system name show	shows device name
system version show	show s actual firmw are version

system display {disp_num} default bank {bank_num} set {energy_sens}	shows energy bank sensor
system display {disp_num} default extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} set {sen_field}	shows external sensor
system display {disp_num} default linesensor {line_num} set {sen_field}	show s energy line sensor
system display {disp_num} default set {BLANK=0,LOCAL_TIME=1,UTC_TIME=2}	show s other contents
system display {disp_num} default show system display default hash set "{data}"	show s default setting for display sets hashed display setting
system display default hash show	show s hashed display setting
system fan mode set {AUTO=0 FULL=1}	sets fan mode
system fan mode show	shows fan mode
system fan level show system {SWITCH_PORT=0 EFUSE_FAIL=1} event	shows fan level ^S enable global events
set {OFF=0 ON=1}	
system{SWITCH_PORT=0 EFUSE_FAIL=1} event show	shows if global events enabled
system {SWITCH_PORT=0 EFUSE_FAIL=1} event type set	S
"{EVT_SYSLOG=0,EVT_SNMP=1,EVT_EMAIL=2, VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEMAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E	
VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8	
system {SWITCH_PORT=0 EFUSE_FAIL=1} event type show	shows what event types are enabled
system {SWITCH_PORT=0 EFUSE_FAIL=1} event mgtt retain set {OFF=0 ON=1}	sets mqtt retain
system {SWITCH_PORT=0 EFUSE_FAIL=1} event	9
mgtt retain show	shows if mqtt retain set
system panel enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	blocks panel buttons when not enabled
system panel enabled show	shows if panel buttons are enabled
system panel port all set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enable siw tch all relays from panel buttons
system panel port all show	show s if siw tch all relays from panel buttons enabled
system sensor {VSYS=0 VAUX=1 VMAIN=2	show s internal sensors if model supports it
TCPU=3} show	
timer	enters cmd group "timer"
timer enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables timer functions
timer enabled show	shows if timer a enabled
timer syslog facility set {023}	sets facility level for timer syslog
timer syslog facility show	shows facility level for timer syslog
timer syslog verbose set {07}	sets verbose level for timer syslog
timer syslog verbose show	show s verbose level for timer syslog
timer {rule_num} enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} timer {rule_num} enabled show	enables rule show s if rule is enabled
timer {rule_num} name set "{name}"	sets name of rule
timer {rule num} name show	show s name of rule
timer {rule_num} {FROM=0 UNTIL=1} set "{yyyy- mm-dd}"	sets date range of rule
timer {rule num} {FROM=0 UNTIL=1} show	show s date range of rule
timer {rule_num} trigger jitter set {065535}	sets jitter for rule
timer {rule_num} trigger jitter show	show jitter of rule
timer {rule_num} trigger random set {0100}	sets probability for rule
timer {rule_num} trigger random show	show s rule probability
timer {rule_num} trigger {HOUR=0 MIN=1 SEC=2 DAY=3 MON=4 DOW=5} set "{time_date_list}"	sets time date list
timer {rule_num} trigger {HOUR=0 MIN=1 SEC=2 DAY=3 MON=4 DOW=5} show	show s time date list
timer {rule_num} action mode set {SWITCH=1 CLl=2}	sets switch or cli cmd
timer {rule_num} action mode show	show s if sw itch or cli cmd
timer {rule_num} action {SWITCH1=0 SWITCH2=1 {OFF=0 ON=1} set "{port_list}"	} sets port list for switch cmd

timer {rule_num} action {SWITCH1=0 SWITCH2=1} {OFF=0 ON=1} show	shows port list for switch cmd
timer {rule_num} action delay set {065535}	delay between cmds
timer {rule_num} action delay show	shows delay between cmds
timer {rule_num} action console set "{cmd}"	sets cmd string
timer {rule_num} action console show	shows cmd string
timer {rule_num} action hash set "{data}"	sets action binary form
timer {rule_num} action hash show	shows action binary form
timer {rule_num} delete	delete one timer
timer delete all	delete all timer
vt100	enters cmd group "vt100"
vt100 echo set {OFF=0 ON=1}	sets console echo state
vt100 echo show	show s console echo state
vt100 numeric set {OFF=0 ON=1}	sets numeric mode
vt100 numeric show	shows numeric mode state
vt100 reset	resets terminal

Notes

- 1. Legacy The command has been replaced by a newer version
- 2. Command can be entered on any level
- 3. The output may show 2 lines the 1st line shows the actual state, the 2nd line the status after reboot
- 4. The output may show several lines
- 5. Please see the **Energy Sensor Table** for the right energy index
- 6. Please see the **External Type and External Sensor Field Tables** for the correct sensor index

Energy Sensor Table "{energy_sensor}"

Index	Description	Unit
0	Forward Active Energy	Wh
1	Power Active	W
2	Voltage	V
3	Current	A
4	Frequency	0.01 hz
5	Power Factor	0.001
6	Power Angle	0.1 degree
7	Power Apparent	VA
8	Power Reactive	VAR
9	Forward Active Energy Resettable	Wh
10	Forward Reactive Energy	VARh
11	Forward Reactive Energy Resettable	VARh
12	Reset Time - sec. since last Energy Counter Reset	S
13	Reverse Active Energy	Wh
14	Reverse Reactive Energy	VARh
15	Reverse Active Energy Resettable	Wh
16	Reverse Reactive Energy Resettable	VARh
17	Absolute Active Energy	Wh
18	Absolute Reactive Energy	VARh
19	Absolute Active Energy Resettable	Wh
20	Absolute Reactive Energy Resettable	VARh
21	Residual Current	А
22	Neutral Current	A

Whether the measured values "Residual Current" and "Neutral Current" are supported depends on the respective device model.

Bank DC Energy Sensor Table "{energy_sensor}"

Index	Description	Unit
0	Voltage	V
1	Current	А

External Sensor Type Table "{sen_type}"

Constants "{7x01=0|7x04=0|7x02=1|7x05=1|7x06=2}"

Index	Description	Products
0	Temperature	7001, 7101, 7201
0	Temperature	7004, 7104, 7204
1	Temperature, Humidity	7002, 7102, 7202
1	Temperature, Humidity	7005, 7105, 7205
2	Temperature, Humidity, Air Pressure	7006, 7106, 7206

External Sensor Field Table "{sen_field}"

Index	Description	Unit
0	Temperature	°C
1	Humidity	%
2	Digital Input	bool
3	Air Pressure	hPa
4	Dew Point	°C
5	Dew Point Temperature Difference	C°

4.8.3 Serial Console

If the device has a serial port, the entire console command set for Telnet is also available at the serial console. Connect your PC to the device via an RS232 serial cable (9-pin RS232). To use the editing functions, the serial terminal must support VT100 emulation, and "echo" must not be activated. In the device configuration on the other hand, "Activate echo" should be set to "yes" and "Raw mode" to "no". Start your terminal program and select the COM port to which the RS232 cable is connected. Use the following settings for the serial port:

Baudrate	115200
Databits	8
Parity	No
Stoppbits	1
Flow Control	No

KVM Protocol

For compatibility reasons, the KVM protocol can also be activated on the serial port. These binary control sequences can be used for devices with power ports, to turn the relays on and off individually.

Syntax:

wxyz

- w prefix 0x80
- x command (0x31 to turn on, 0x32 for turning off)
- **y** port number (0x01 ...)
- z check byte, must be: \x xor \y

Before the KVM protocol is recognized, the <u>Enable binary KVM protocol</u> entry must be activated in the "Console" configuration.

KVM Examples

Port	Power On	Power Off
1	0x80 0x31 0x01 0x30	0x80 0x32 0x01 0x33
2	0x80 0x31 0x02 0x33	0x80 0x32 0x02 0x30
12	0x80 0x31 0x0C 0x3D	0x80 0x32 0x0C 0x3E

4.9 Modbus TCP

Important: All calculations in this chapter are based on addresses starting at "0". For some Modbus TCP Utilities, however, the addresses start at 1, in which case a 1 must be added to the addresses in this chapter. Please try both possibilities for tests!

Important: If an attempt is made to access registers that do not exist for the respective device, then an access error will occur. If a device has e.g. 8 relays, then only the first eight coils can be accessed without error!

If Modbus TCP is activated in the configuration, the ports (relays, outputs, eFuses) can be switched and the following data is callable:

Device Resource	Start	End	Modbus Data Type
Power/Output/eFuse Ports	0x000	0x3ff	Coils
DC Inputs	0x400	0x7ff	Discrete Inputs
Stop Condition active	0x800	0x800	Discrete Inputs
POE active	0x801	0x801	Discrete Inputs
Status Power Sources	0x1000	0x100f	Discrete Inputs
OVP active (Line-Ins)	0x1010	0x101f	Discrete Inputs
Fuse ok	0x1020	0x102f	Discrete Inputs

Address range overview:

ETS Input Power nominal	0x1030	0x1031	Discrete Inputs
eFuse Errors	0x1100	0x11ff	Discrete Inputs
Info Area	0x000	0x005	Input Registers
CPU Sensor values	0x080	0x083	Input Registers
External Sensors	0x100	0x1ff	Input Registers
Fan Level	0x200	0x20f	Input Registers
Line Energy Sensors	0x400	0x39ff	Input Registers
Port Energy Sensors	0x3a00	0x81ff	Input Registers
Bank Energy Sensors	0x8200	0x823f	Input Registers
Power Source Sensors	0x8240	0x827f	Input Registers
Residual Current Monitor	0x8280	0x82cf	Input Registers
Bank Power Source Select	0x000	0x00f	Holding Registers
Fan Mode	0x010	0x01f	Holding Registers

This chapter is general for <u>all</u> Gude devices. Depending on the device type, some ports or certain sensors are not available.

The Unit-ID is ignored because the device is uniquely identified by its IP address.

Function	Request Code
Read Coils	0x01
Read Discrete Inputs	0x02
Write Single Coil	0x05
Write Multiple Coils	0x0f
Read Input Registers	0x04
Read Holding Registers	0x03
Write Holding Register	0x06
Write Multiple Holding Registers	0x10
Read Device Identification	0x2B / 0x0E

Supported Modbus TCP Functions

Coils

Device Resource	Start	End	Device Function
Power/Output/eFuse	0x000	0x3ff	Coil represents Port State

Discrete Inputs

Device Resource	Start	End	Function when set	
DC Inputs	0x400	0x7ff	Input logically 1	
Stop Condition active	0x800	0x800	Stop Input active	
POE active	0x801	0x801	POE active	
Status Power Sources	0x1000	0x100f	Power Source active	
OVP active (Line-Ins)	0x1010	0x101f	OVP active	
Fuse ok	0x1020	0x1020	Fuse funtional (ETS 8801)	

ETS Input Power normal	0x1030	0x1031	Voltage nominal (ETS 8801)
eFuse Error	0x1100	0x11ff	eFuse Error (EPC 8291)

DC Inputs:

The DC inputs can be found in the Discrete Inputs. The inputs are arranged as follows:

Input: 0x0400 + Port * 0x40 + Input-number (starts with zero).

Port is the number of the external sensor port. For inputs permanently installed in the device, Port = 0.

Example for the first input at external input sensor in port 2: 0x400 + 2 * 0x40 + 0 = 0x480

Status Power Sources:

Power Sources	Offset
EPC 8221 / 8226	0 = Bank A, 1 = Bank B
ENC 2111 / 2191	0 = Pwr1, 1 = Pwr2
ESB 7213 / 7214	0 = Pwr1, 1 = Pwr2 (only 7214)

Input Registers

Device Resource	Start	End	Function
Info Bereich	0x000	0x005	see table
CPU Sensor values	0x080	0x083	see table
Externe Sensoren	0x100	0x1ff	see table
Fan Level	0x200	0x20f	0 (aus) bis 3 (maximal)
Line Energy Sensors	0x400	0x39ff	see table
Port Energy Sensors	0x3a00	0x81ff	see table
Bank Energy Sensors	0x8200	0x823f	see table
Power Source Sensors	0x8240	0x827f	see table
Residual Current Monitor	0x8280	0x82cf	see table

Info Area

Address	Width	Information	
0	16-bit	Number of Ports (Relay)	
1	16-bit	Number of Ports (Outlets) with	
		Energy Measurement	
2	16-bit	Number of Banks	
3	16-bit	Number of Line-In	
4	16-bit	Phases per line	
5	16-bit	Number of Inputs	

Sensor Type Description

Address	Width	Information
0x080 to 0x083	16-bit (signed	CPU Sensor values
0x100 to 0x1ff	16-bit (signed)	external Sensors
0x400 to 0x39ff	32-bit (signed)	Line Energy Sensors
0x3a00 to 0x81ff	32-bit (signed)	Port Energy Sensors
0x8200 to 0x823f	16-bit (signed)	Bank Energy Sensors
0x8240 to 0x827f	16-bit (signed)	Power Source Energy Sensors
0x8280 to 0x82cf	16-bit (signed)	Residual Current Monitor

CPU Sensor Values

Offset	Sensor Field	Unit
0	Vsystem	0.01 V
1	Vaux	0.01 V
2	Vmain	0.01 V
3	CPU Temperature	0.1 °C

External Sensors:

The measured value of the external sensors are coded as fixed point arithmetic. For a factor of e.g. 0.1 in the unit the value must be divided by 10 in order to reach the real measured value. A value of 0x8000 means that no sensor is plugged into the corresponding port, or the corresponding field in the sensor is not available. The formula for the address is (the port numbers start at zero):

0x100 + Port * 8 + Offset

In the Expert Sensor Box 7213 / 7214 the internal sensor corresponds to the value Port = 0, and is coded Port = 1 for Sensor 2 and Port = 2 for Sensor 3.

Offset	Sensor Field	Unit
0	Temperature	0.1 °C
1	Humidity	0.1 %
2	Digital Input	bool
3	Air Pressure	1 hPa (millibar)
4	Dew Point	0.1 °C
5	Dew Point Difference	0.1 °C

For example, the humidity of the second port has the address: 0x100 + 1 * 8 + 1 = 0x109

Energy Sensors:

We distinguish the line sensors (which correspond to the input circuits) and the port sensors, which measure the energy that is passed over the switched port. The measured values of the energy sensors are returned as signed 32-bit integers. The high-order 16-bits are starting on the even address, followed by the low-order 16-bits on the odd address. To calculate the address, there are the following formulas (the values for line, port and phase start at zero):

Line: 0x0400 + Line * 0x120 + Phase * 0x60 + Offset * 2

```
Port: 0x3a00 + Port * 0x120 + Phase * 0x60 + Offset * 2
```

For devices with only one phase, the phase is set to zero in the formula.

Examples:

"Power Active" for 1st line sensor and 3rd phase: 0x400 + 0 * 0x120 + 2 * 0x60 + 1 * 2 = 0x4C2

"Voltage" for 2nd line sensor and single phase device: 0x400 + 1 * 0x120 + 2 * 2 = 0x524

"Power Angle" for 4th port sensor and single phase device: 0x3a00 + 3 * 0x120 + 6 * 2 = 0x3d6c

Offset	Sensor Field	Unit
0	Absolute Active Energy	Wh
1	Power Active	W
2	Voltage	V
3	Current	mA
4	Frequency	0.01 hz
5	Power Factor	0.001
6	Power Angle	0.1 degree
7	Power Apparent	VA
8	Power Reactive	VAR
9	Absolute Active Energy Resettable	Wh
10	Absolute Reactive Energy	VARh
11	Absolute Reactive Energy Resettable	VARh
12	Reset Time - sec. since last Energy Counter Reset	S
13	Forward Active Energy	Wh
14	Forward Reactive Energy	VARh
15	Forward Active Energy Resettable	Wh
16	Forward Reactive Energy Resettable	VARh
17	Reverse Active Energy	Wh
18	Reverse Reactive Energy	VARh
19	Reverse Active Energy Resettable	Wh
20	Reverse Reactive Energy Resettable	VARh
21	Residual Current Type A	0.1 mA
22	Neutral Current	0.1 mA

Whether the measured values "Residual Current" and "Neutral Current" are supported depends on the respective device model. For measured values such as "Neutral Current", which are independent of the phase, the same value is returned for all phases.

DC Energy Sensors:

With the EPC 8291 / 8290 devices, the voltage and current of the individual banks and voltage sources can be read out. The measured values of the energy sensors are returned as signed 16-bit integers. The following formulas are available for the address (the values for Bank and PowerSrc start at zero): Bank: 0x8200 + Bank * 2 + Offset

Power Source: 0x8240 + PowerSrc * 2 + Offset

Examples:

"Voltage" at third bank: 0x8200 + 2 * 2 + 0 = 0x8204

"Current" at first PowerSrc: 0x8240 + 0 * 2 + 1 = 0x8241

Offset	Sensor Field	Unit
0	Voltage	0.01 V
1	Current	mA

Residual Current Monitor Type B (RCMB):

Devices with a Residual Current Monitor Type B (RCMB) module separately measure the RMS and DC fault current components of the input supply. The values are returned as signed 16-bit integers. The following formulas are used for the address (the module number starts at zero):

Bank: 0x8280 + ModuleNo * 8 + Offset.

Examples:

"Residual Current DC" at first module: 0x8280 + 0 * 8 + 1 = 0x8281.

"Output DC" for second module: 0x8280 + 1 * 8 + 3 = 0x828b

Offset	Addr. Module 0	Sensor Field	Unit
0	0x8280	Residual Current RMS Type B	0.1 mA
1	0x8281	Residual Current DC Type B	0.1 mA
2	0x8282	Output RMS	bool
3	0x8283	Output DC	bool
4	0x8284	Module State	

Whether a Residual Current Monitor Type B (RCMB) module is present depends on the particular device model.

Holding Registers

Device Resource	Start	End	Function
Bank Power Source	0x000	0x00f	Sets Power Source for Bank
Fan Mode	0x010	0x01f	0 = Automatic / 1 = Maximum

Bank Power Source applies to EPC 8291 and ETS 8801 models. Only the EPC 8291 model has a fan.

Device Identification

Request Code	1 Byte	0x2b
MEI Type	1 Byte	0x0e
Read Dev ID code	1 Byte	0x01
Object Id	1 Byte	0x00

Returns manufacturer name and device identification:

	1	
Response Code	1 Byte	0x2b
MEI Type	1 Byte	0x0e
Read Dev ID code	1 Byte	0x01
Conformity Level	1 Byte	0x01
More Follows	1 Byte	0x00
NextObjectID	1 Byte	0x00
Number of Objects	1 Byte	0x03
Object ID	1 Byte	0x00
Object Length	1 Byte	n1
Object Value	n1 Bytes	"Company Id"
Object ID	1 Byte	0x00
Object Length	1 Byte	n2
Object Value	n2 Bytes	"Product Id"
Object ID	1 Byte	0x00
Object Length	1 Byte	n3
Object Value	n3 Bytes	"Product Version"

4.9.1 Sensor Tables

Important: All calculations in this chapter are based on addresses starting at "0". With some Modbus TCP utilities the addresses start at 1. In this case a 1 must be added to the addresses in this chapter. Please try both possibilities for tests!

Sensor field	Port 1	Port 2
Temperature	0x100	0x108
Humidity	0x101	0x109
Digital input	0x102	0x10a
Air Pressure	0x103	0x10b
Dew Point	0x104	0x10c
Dew Point Difference	0x105	0x10d

External sensors addresses (Input Register)

A value of 0x8000 means that no sensor is plugged into the corresponding port or the corresponding field in the sensor is not available.

Line-In Energy Addresses (Input Register)

Offset	Sensor Field	Line 1
0	Absolute Active Energy	0x400
1	Power Active	0x402

2	Voltage	0x404
3	Current	0x406
4	Frequency	0x408
5	Power Factor	0x40a
6	Power Angle	0x40c
7	Power Apparent	0x40e
8	Power Reactive	0x410
9	Absolute Active Energy Resettable	0x412
10	Absolute Reactive Energy	0x414
11	Absolute Reactive Energy Resettable	0x416
12	Reset Time - sec. since Reset	0x418
13	Forward Active Energy	0x41a
14	Forward Reactive Energy	0x41c
15	Forward Active Energy Resettable	0x41e
16	Forward Reactive Energy Resettable	0x420
17	Reverse Active Energy	0x422
18	Reverse Reactive Energy	0x424
19	Reverse Active Energy Resettable	0x426
20	Reverse Reactive Energy Resettable	0x428
21	Residual Current Type A	0x42a
22	Neutral Current	0x42c

The measured values of the energy sensors are returned as signed 32-bit integers. On the even address are first the high-order 16-bit, then follow on the odd address the low-order 16-bit.

Bank Energy and Voltage Sources (Input Register)

Sensor Field	Bank 1	Bank 2	Bank 3	Bank 4	Bank 5
Voltage	0x8200	0x8202	0x8204	0x8206	0x8208
Current	0x8201	0x8203	0x8205	0x8207	0x8209

Sensor Field	Source 1	Source 2	Source 3	Source 4	Source 5
Voltage	0x8240	0x8242	0x8244	0x8246	0x8248
Current	0x8241	0x8243	0x8245	0x8247	0x8249

4.10 MQTT

This device supports MQTT 3.1.1 to send configured messages and also to receive commands. This chapter is general for all Gude devices, some Gude models do not have switchable ports.

- Default port for an unencrypted connection is port 1883.
- Default port for a TLS secured connection is port 8883.
- If the broker allows anonymous login, username and password are arbitrary, but a username must be specified.
- If multiple MQTT clients are connected to a broker, the names of the clients must be different. For this reason, "client_xxxx" is generated as the default name. Here "xxxx" are the last 4 digits of the MAC address.

Message format

The MQTT messages of the device are always sent in JSON format. E.G..

{"type": "portswitch", "idx": 2, "port": "2", "state": 1, "cause": {"id": 2, "txt": "http"}, "ts": 1632}

This is a switching of the second port to the state on. The source of the switching command is CGI ("http"). The index is always numeric, "port" can also be alphanumeric for devices with multiple banks, e.g. "A2". At the end follows a timestamp ("ts"), which indicates the number of seconds the device is on, or unixtime if the device has synchronized with an NTP server.

MQTT Topic Prefix

The topic prefix for the messages can be set in the MQTT configuration. A default would be e.g. "de/gudesystems/epc/[mac]". Here "[mac]" is a placeholder for the MAC address of the device, another possible placeholder is "[host]", which contains the host name. An example topic for a switching message of the second port would then be:

"de/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41/switch/2".

Executing console commands

The device can be controlled remotely via MQTT using console commands. A list of all commands can be found in the Console $\boxed{100}$ chapter. Depending on the topic, the commands are accepted in different formats.

W As default the execution of commands is not allowed, but must be enabled in the MQTT configuration! ("Permit CLI commands")

Format 1: Command in JSON Syntax

Publish Topic: "de/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41/cmd" Publish Message: "{"type": "cli", "cmd": "port 2 state set 1", "id": 10}"

Response from device to "de/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41/cmdres" "{"type": "cli", "cmdres": ["OK."], "result": {"num": 0, "hint": "ok"}, "id": 10}"

The JSON object "result" returns whether the command was valid. The object "id" in the command is optional and is passed through in the response from the device. The passed number can help to establish a synchronicity between command and response via the broker.

Format 2: Raw Text

Publish Topic: "de/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41/cmd/cli" Publish Message: "port 2 state set 1".

Response from device to "de/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41/cmdres/cli" "OK."

Format 3: Simplified port switching

Publish Topic: "de/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41/cmd/port/2" Publish Message: "0" or "1".

Response from device to "de/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41/cmdres/port/2" "0" or "1"

eq This special form exists only for the port switching commands.

Device Data Summary

In the **Device Data Summary** the most important data of the device are summarized in a JSON object and sent periodically in a configurable time interval. This summary depends on the properties of the device and the connected sensors, and could look like this:

Topic: en/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41/device/telemetry

Message:

{

```
"type": "telemetry",
"portstates": [{
      "port": "1",
      "name": "Power Port",
      "state": 1
}, {
      "port": "2",
       "name": "Power Port",
       "state": 0
}, {
      "port": "3",
      "name": "Power Port",
       "state": 0
}, {
       "port": "4",
       "name": "Power Port",
       "state": 0
}],
"line in": [{
      "voltage": 242.48,
      "current": 0.000
}],
"sensors": [{
      "idx": 1,
       "name": "7105",
       "data": [{
              "field": "temperature",
             "v": 21.1,
             "unit": "deg C"
       }, {
              "field": "humidity",
              "v": 71.9,
              "unit": "%"
       }, {
              "field": "dew point",
              "v": 15.8,
              "unit": "deg C"
       }, {
             "field": "dew diff",
```

```
"v": 5.3,
"unit": "deg C"
}]
}],
"ts": 210520
}
```

4.10.1 Example HiveMQ

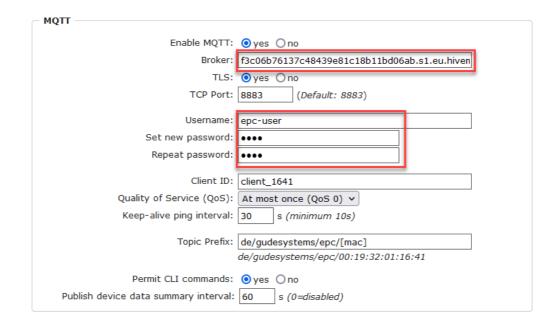
What does an MQTT configuration look like using HiveMQ as an example?

Cluster Detai	ils		Back to clusters
Overview	Access Management	Getting started	
Details			
Hostname:	f3c06b76137c48439e81c18b11	bd06ab.s1.eu.hivemq.cloud 📋	
Port (TLS):	8883		
Port (Websocket +	+ TLS): 8884		

Create a free or commercial account at www.hivemq.com and create a new cluster.

Active MQTT Credentials		
hese credentials give access to publis	h and subscribe to your HiveMQ Cloud cluster.	
Username	Password	Actions
epc-user	*******	

In the "Manage Clusters" section, go to "Access Management" and add an MQTT user with name and password.



In the MQTT configuration of the Gude device, transfer the hostname of the HiveMQ broker, as well as username and password. Additionally activate TLS and set the correct port.

Support

5 Support

You will find the latest product software on our website at www.gude.info available for download. If you have further questions about installation or operation of the unit, please contact our support team. Furthermore, we present in our support wiki at www.gude.info/wiki FAQs and configuration examples.

5.1 Data Security

To provide the device with a high level of data security, we recommend the following measures:

- Check that the HTTP password is switched on.
- Set up your own HTTP password.
- Allow access to HTTP via SSL (TLS) only.
- Use TLS 1.3 if possible and avoid TLS 1.1.
- Enable authentication and encryption in SNMPv3.
- Disable SNMP v2 access.
- Enable STARTTLS or SSL in the e-mail configuration.
- Archive configuration files securely, they contain sensitive information.
- In the IP ACL, enter only the devices that require access to HTTP or SNMP.
- Use SSH if possible, since Telnet is not encrypted.
- Set login for telnet or serial console.
- Use MQTT 3.1.1 only with TLS and password.
- Only permit MQTT CLI commands when the broker is trustworthy.
- Modbus TCP is not encrypted, only activate it in a secure environment.
- Activate "Message Authentication" in RADIUS.

When accessed from the Internet

- Use a randomized password with at least 32 characters.
- If possible, place the device behind a firewall.

5.2 HTTP Performance

Access to the Gude devices via the REST API can normally be conducted from one source every second with HTTP. If accessed from multiple sources simultaneously, it is recommended to adjust the poll interval accordingly.

SSL (TLS) performance

The initial setup for an SSL (TLS) connection results in numerous crypto operations at the start of the connection. If an RSA 2048 certificate is used, the delay at the beginning is about 2-3 seconds, with RSA 4096 the connection establishment can take up to 10 seconds. The delays result from a limitation of the math unit in the embedded CPU. We therefore recommend an ECC 256 certificate, which is significantly more performant to calculate. Previously established connections TLS connections are stored in a TLS Session Cache (or Session Tickets). However, this cache is not always supported by

browsers, or it expires after only a short time. Especially browsers (HTTPS clients) of other embedded devices (e.g. media controllers) may be limited in the TLS cache.

A remedy for this can be an HTTP keep-alive connection. Once a connection with HTTP keep-alive is opened, it is closed again after 10 seconds if no data is transferred. If you want to receive data periodically, it is therefore recommended to request the data at intervals of less than 10 seconds (e.g. every 5-8 seconds) after establishing the connection with HTTP keep-alive.

Special TLS 1.3 performance problem with Chrome (MS Edge)

When TLS 1.3 and insecure certificates are used in combination with a web browser with Chromium engine (Google Chrome or MS Edge), performance may be affected, resulting in longer loading times. In this constellation, the Chromium Engine does not correctly support the TLS Session Cache (or Session Tickets) and the math unit of the embedded CPU may be overwhelmed with persistent RSA operations. Possible solutions:

- Use secure certificates (official certificate authority or marked as secure in the OS)
- or keep-alive with poll interval less than 10 seconds
- or use of Firefox browser
- or use ECC 256 (no RSA) certificates
- or configure to "TLS v1.2 only

5.3 Contact

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5.4 Declaration of Conformity

This product from the **Expert Power Control 8291** series is in conformity with the European directives for CE marking applicable to this product. The complete CE declaration of conformity for this product can be found on the website www.gude.info in the download section of the product.

Support

5.5 FAQ

1. What can I do if the device is no longer accessible?

- If the Status LED is red, the device has no connection to the switch. Unplug and plug the Ethernet cable. If the Status LED is still red, try other switches. If one uses no switch, but connects e.g. a laptop directly to the device, make sure you are using a crossover Ethernet cable.
- If the status LED is orange for a longer time after unplugging and plugging the Ethernet cable, then DHCP is configured, but no DHCP server was found in the network. After a timeout, the last IP address is configured manually.
- If there is a physical link (status LED is green) to the device, but you can not access the web server, bring the device into bootloader mode and search for it with GBL Conf.exe
- If the device is not found by GBL_Conf.exe in bootloader mode, you can reset the settings to factory defaults [25] as the last option.

Why is a device sporadically no longer accessible when DHCP is activated?

If DHCP is activated but no DHCP server can be reached, the last IP-address continues to be used. However, the DHCP client tries to reach a DHCP server again every 5 minutes. The DHCP request lasts one minute until it is aborted. During this time the IP-address is not accessible! It is therefore essential to deactivate DHCP for a static IP addresses!

3. What can be done if the device is no longer accessible, but the buttons still respond?

• Entering or leaving the bootloader mode does not change the state of the relays. In the chapter Maintenance 24 there is a description how to activate the bootloader by pressing the buttons and how to exit the bootloader afterwards. This will restart the firmware without switching relays. However, this procedure does not help if the network itself is incorrectly configured.

4. Where is the serial number stored in the device?

The serial number is not stored in the device, but only visible on the device label. However, you can display the MAC address in the IP address configuration 31. If you contact Gude Systems Support with the MAC address, we will be happy to give you the corresponding serial number.

5. Why does it sometimes take so long to configure new SNMPv3 passwords on the website?

The authentication methods "SHA-384" and "SHA-512" are calculated purely in software, and can not use the crypto hardware. On the configuration page, e.g. "SHA-512", needs up to 45 seconds to calculate the key.

6. Can you enter multiple e-mail recipients?

• Yes. In the E-Mail configuration in the <u>Recipient Address</u> field, it is possible to enter multiple e-mail addresses separated by commas. The input limit is 100 characters.

7. Why did the MIB tables change after the firmware update?

• Since the number of possible event types was increased, the previous trap design resulted in an excess of trap definitions: See Change in Trap Design 3.

8. Importing an older firmware

• During a firmware update, old data formats are sometimes converted to new structures. If an older firmware is newly installed, the configuration data and the energy meters may be lost! If the device then does not run correctly, please restore the factory settings (e.g. from the Maintenance Page 22).

9. Disable switching events

• You can set the sending of syslog, emails etc. when switching ports (only concerns Gude devices with relays) under "System" in the sensor configuration [51].

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