

Manual

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Expert Transfer Switch 8801

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1.1 Security Advice

- The device must be installed only by qualified personnel according to the following installation and operating instructions.
- The manufacturer does not accept responsibility in case of improper use of the device and particularly any use of equipment that may cause personal injury or material damage.
- The device contains no user-maintenable parts. All maintenance has to be performed by factory trained service personnel.
- This device contains potentially hazardous voltages and should not be opened or disassembled.
- The device can be connected only to 230V AC (50 Hz or 60 Hz) power supply sockets.
- The power cords, plugs and sockets have to be in good condition. Always connect the device to properly grounded power sockets.
- The device is intended for indoor use only. Do NOT install them in an area where excessive moisture or heat is present.
- Because of safety and approval issues it is not allowed to modify the device without our permission.
- The device is NOT a toy. It has to be used or stored out or range of children.
- Care about packaging material. Plastics has to be stored out of range of children. Please recycle the packaging materials.
- In case of further questions, about installation, operation or usage of the device, which are not clear after reading the manual, please do not hesitate to ask our support team.
- Please, never leave connected equipment unattended, that can cause damage.
- Connect only electrical devices that do not have limited on-time. I.e. in case of failure, all connected appliances have to cope with a continuous on-time without causing damage.

1.2 Content of Delivery

The package includes:

- Expert Transfer Switch 8801
- 2 x Power Supply cable (IEC C19, max. 16 A)
- Quick Start Guide

1.3 Description

The **Expert Transfer Switch 8801** is an automatic transfer switch (ATS) for redundant supply of power consumers.

- Automatic transfer to alternate power supply B if blackout of power supply B occurs
- Thermal fuse (10 A, only **ETS 8801-3**)
- Calculation of Phase offset

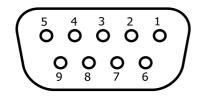
- Switches supply even if phase is shifted
- · Possible automatic switch back when power supply A returns
- Transfer time at in-phase condition:
- by pushing button: typ. 7 ms
 by automatic: typ. 15 ms
- Transfer time at phase-shift condition:
 - o by pushing button: typ. 10 ms
 - o by automatic: typ. 18 ms
- Metering of energy, current, power factor, phase angle, frequency, voltage and active/apparent/reactive power
- 2 energy meters, one meter continuously, the other resettable
- Clearly visible LED display for total current, IP address, and sensor data
- 2 interfaces for optional sensors for environmental monitoring (temperature and humidity)
- Console commands via SSH and Telnet
- SSH support with public key and passwords
- Programmable timetables for console commands
- Dual TCP/IP stack with IPv4 and IPv6 support (IPv6-ready)
- Control and monitoring of the device via Ethernet with an integrated web server with SSL encryption (TLS 1.1, 1.2, 1.3)
- Configuration with CGI parameters and JSON messages via HTTP (REST API)
- SNMP (v1, v2c and v3, traps)
- MQTT 3.1.1 Support
- Modbus TCP support
- Radius support
- Generation of messages (e-mail, syslog and SNMP traps) depending on sensor measurement limits
- Firmware update during operation via Ethernet possible
- Encrypted e-mails (SSL, STARTTLS)
- Access protection through IP access control
- Low own consumption
- Developed and produced in Germany

1.4 Installation



- 1. Status LED
- 2. Select button
- 3. Ok button
- 4. Ethernet connector (RJ45)
- 5. External sensor connectors (RJ45)
- 6. D-Sub 9 Connector (Signaling)
- 7. Plain text displays (A / B) for the state of the two inputs
- 8. Plain text display for phase coincidence ("phase 0 degree" / "reverse phase")
- 9. Plain text display (A / B) which power supply is connected to the load outputs
- 10. Current power consumption of the connected line (7-segment display)

D-Sub 9 Connector (Signaling)



- 1. Relay NO for Input A
- 2. not connect!
- 3. not connect!
- 4. Relay middle contact (CO) for Input A
- 5. not connect!
- 6. Relay NO for Input B
- 7. Relay middle contact (CO) for Input B
- 8. Relay NC for Input B
- 9. Relay NC for Input A



- 1. 1 x Load output (IEC C19, max. 16 A)
- 2. 6 x Load outputs (IEC C13, max. 10 A)
- 3. Mains supply B (IEC C20, max. 16 A)
- 4. Mains supply A (IEC C20, max. 16 A)

Expert Transfer Switch 8801-3

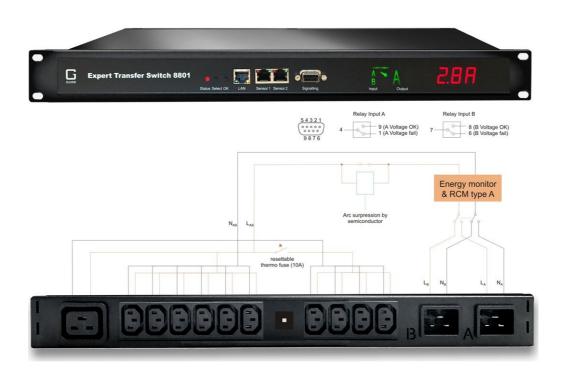


- 1. 1 x load output (IEC C19, max. 16 A)
- 2. 6 x load outputs (IEC C13, max. 10 A)
- 3. Thermal fuse (10 A)
- 4. 4 x load outputs over thermal fuse (IEC C13, max. 10 A)
- 5. Mains connection B (IEC C20, max. 16 A)
- 6. Mains connection A (IEC C20, max. 16 A)

Start-up the device

- Connect input A with your primary mains and input B with your secondary mains. The cable connectors are secured as regards their type against unintentional loosening. They must be inserted up to the stop, otherwise there is no secure connection. The plug must not wobble in the socket, or there is no tight connection.
- Plug the network cable into the Ethernet socket (RJ45).
- If needed, establish a connect to the signaling connector (D-Sub 9).
- Insert the optional external sensors into the sensor connectors.
- Connect the consumers with the load outputs (IEC C20, max. 16 A) or (IEC C13, max. 10 A).

1.5 Switching Operation



The device has safety relays, that can isolate the inputs individually from the mains, a main relay that switches between the inputs A and B, as well as a relay before the load output. The safety relays only connect an input to the device, when the input is also connected to the mains supply. If there is no voltage, this input is completely disconnected.

In normal operation, the voltage from the two inputs are continuously monitored. Leaves the voltage waveform of the input the range of a predefined template for too long, an error condition is achieved. The configuration option <u>Sensitivity</u> defines the sensitivity of the template. The special ETS configuration options are described in chapter Configuration - ETS 125^h. The unit switches to the other input when the analysis of the input voltage there does not detect an error. To avoid, that a short fault on an input triggers an unnecessary switching operation, the voltage must leave the permitted range over a period of approx. 2 ms. The analysis of the voltage detects whether phase and polarity of the two inputs A and B are the same or not. This information is shown on the website and display as ("phase 0 degree" / "reverse phase").

A switching operation from an input to the other is caused by either a manual command or an error condition. During the switching process, the load is initially separated from the input, switched to the other input, and then connected again. If the <u>Fast on Sync</u> option is turned on, and the two inputs A and B do not have a phase shift, the switch is performed more quickly without having to separate the load.

When possible, it is always advisable to connect the inputs with no phase delay to the mains, as this results in faster switching times.

Thermal fuse (10 A)

The Expert Transfer Switch 8801-3 is additionally equipped with a thermal fuse (10 A) which switches off the 4 block load outputs (IEC C13, max. 10 A) in case of overload.

Preferred Switching

The <u>Preferred</u> option determines which input is preferred, when the voltage at both inputs cannot detect anything wrong. Only if the value "none" is set, it is possible to switch manually, and the "toggle connected input" button is visible on the control panel website.

Input Monitoring

If no voltage is present at either of the two inputs A or B, or does not meet the specifications, this is signaled by a red flashing on the display. In addition, the buzzer will sound if the <u>Beeper Enabled</u> option is activated in the ETS configuration.

D-Sub 9 Signaling

The state of the voltage on the two inputs is also signaled by two galvanically isolated relays. If the analysis shows, that the voltage at the input is Ok, the corresponding relay is switched to the NO contact (Voltage OK). For the D-Sub 9 pin assignment $\boxed{8}$ see chapter "Installation".

1.6 Technical Specifications

Interfaces	1 x Ethernet port (RJ45) 2 x Mains supply (IEC C20, max. 16 A) 6 x Load outputs (IEC C13, max. 10 A) 1 x Load output (IEC C19, max. 16 A) 2 x RJ45 for external sensor 1 x Galvanic isolated signal output (Sub-D 9-pin)
	additionally ETS 8801-3 with thermo fuse: 4 x Load outputs (IEC C13, max. 10 A)
Network connectivity	10/100 MBit/s 10baseT Ethernet
Input voltage range	230V AC / -5% / +5%
Own consumption (230 V AC, 25° C)	A and B supplied, A connected: typ. 60 mA (5.5 W) A and B supplied, B connected: typ. 75 mA (7.5 W) A supplied, A connected: typ. 40 mA (4 W) B supplied, B connected: typ. 55 mA (6 W)
Thermal fuse Conditional breaking capacity	Device circuit breaker thermal (10 A at 23°C) IEC 60934: PC1, AC 240 V: 2 kA
Switching times (phase-synchronous and <u>Fast On Sync</u>)	15 ms (automatic) 7 ms (manual)
Switching times (phase-shifted)	18 ms (automatic) 10 ms (manual)
D-Sub 9 Relay	DC 30V, 1A AC 24V, 1A
Environment • Operating temperature • Storage temperature • Humidity	0°C - 50 °C -20°C - 70 °C 0% - 95% (non-condensing)
Case	powder coated, galvanized steel sheet
Measurements	19" (inches), 1 Rack Unit, (Depth 195 mm)
Weight	approx. 2.5 kg

1.6.1 Electrical Measurement

typical fault tolerances for Ta=25°C, I=1Arms...16Arms, Un=90Vrms...265Vrms

Electrical Measurement Specification											
Category	Range	Unit	Resolu- tion	Inaccuracy (typical)							
Voltage	90-265	V	0.01	< 1%							
Current	0 - 16	А	0.001	< 1.5%							
Frequency	45-65	Hz	0.01	< 0.03%							
Phase	-180 - +180	0	0.1	< 1%							
Active power	0 - 4000	W	1	< 1.5%							
Reactive power	0 - 4000	Var	1	< 1.5%							
Apparent power	0 - 4000	VA	1	< 1.5%							
Power factor	0 - 1	-	0.01	< 3%							
	E	nergy Co	unter								
Active Energy (total)	9.999.999,999	kWh	0.001	< 1.5%							
Active Energy (resettable)	9.999.999,999	kWh	0.001	< 1.5%							

1.7 Sensor

Two external sensors can be connected to the **Expert Transfer Switch 8801**. The following sensors are currently available



7101

7104 - 7106

Product Name	7101	7104-1	7105-1	7106-1
Calibrated Sensor	-	7104-2	7105-2	7106-2
Cable length	≈ 2m	≈ 2m	≈ 2m	≈ 2m
Connector	RJ45	RJ45	RJ45	RJ45
temperature range	-20°C to +80°C at ±2°C (maximum) and ±1°C (typical)			
air humidity range (non-condensing)	-	-	0-100%, ±3% (maximum) and ±2% (typical)	0-100%, ±3% (maximum) and ±2% (typical)
air pressure range (full)	-	-	-	± 1 hPa (typical) at 300 1100 hPa, 0 +40 °C
air pressure range (ext)	-	-	-	± 1.7 hPa (typical) at 300 1100 hPa, -20 0 °C
Protection	IP68	-	-	-



7201, 7202

Product Name	7201	7202
Cable length	-	-
Connector	RJ45	RJ45
temperature range	-20°C to +80°C at ±2°C (max- imum) and ±1°C (typical)	-20°C to +80°C at ±2°C (max- imum) and ±1°C (typical)
air humidity range (non-condensing)	-	0-100%, ±3% (maximum) and ±2% (typical)

The sensors are automatically detected after connect. This is indicated by the green LED on the sensor port that is lit permanently. The sensor values are displayed at the "Control Panel" web page:

ld	Name	Temperature °C	Humidity %	Dew Point °C	Dew Diff °C	Pressure hPa
1: 7106	7106	22.5	34.2	5.9	16.6	1013.8

A click on the link in the "Name" column opens the display of the Min and Max values. The values in a column can be reset using the "Reset" button. The "Reset" button in the name column deletes all stored Min and Max values.

ld	Name	Temperature °C	Humidity %	Dew Point °C	Dew Diff °C	Pressure hPa
1: 7106	7106	22.5	34.4	6.1	16.5	1013.8
	30m min	0.0	34.1	5.9	16.4	125.0
	30m max	22.6	34.7	6.2	300.0	1013.8
	Reset	Reset	Reset	Reset	Reset	Reset

Operating

2 Operating

2.1 Operating the device directly

Manual Switching

The current status can be recognized by the corresponding plain-text displays on the screen. If you want to switch manually with the buttons, both inputs must have power (green indicator), and the <u>Preferred</u> option must be set to "none". By pressing "Select" the name of the target input flashes on the display, that will be connected when you press the "Ok" button.

Display Information

If "Select" is not pressed, repeatedly pressing the "ok" button will show the IP-address and the values of the external sensors on the display (7-segment).

Status-LED

The Status LED shows the different states of the device:

- red: The device is not connected to the Ethernet.
- orange: The device is connected to the Ethernet and waits for data from the DHCP server.
- green: The device is connected to the Ethernet and the TCP/IP settings are allocated.
- periodic blinking: The device is in Bootloader mode.

2.2 Control Panel

Access the web interface: http://"IP-address" and log-in.

						A B	ок ок	conne	cted to	o output				
							Phase	shift A-B	: phas	e 0 degree (0)				
								toggle co	nnect	ed input				
		Voltage	Current	Freq	Phase		Pow	er		Residual Current	total Energy	resettable	Energy	
		AC rms	AC rms			active	reactive	apparent		AC rms	active	active	time	
ld	Name	V	Α	Hz	۰	W	VAR	VA	PF	mA	kWh	kWh	h:m:s	
L1	Meter1	190.8	0.002	50.01	-89.2	-1	-1	0	0.00	0.2	0.093	0.000	1d 00:42:17	Reset

The web page provides an overview of the switching state, energy measurement values of the connected line, as well as the external sensors, provided that they are connected. The input can be changed by pressing the "toggle connected input" button, if there is voltage at both inputs and the <u>Preferred</u> option is set to "none". If there is no "OK" behind the letters for the inputs (A and B), the quality of the input voltage does not correspond to the defined expectations (see chapter Switching Operation 9°). This <u>Sensitivity</u> can be reduced (see chapter Configuration - ETS) 25°].

Optionally the device can be configured via a Perl script or external tools like wget. More information is available on our support wiki at www.gude.info/wiki.

2.3 Maintenance

The actual device generation with IPv6 and SSL allows all maintenance functions in the web interface to be carried out on the Maintenance Page 19° .

Maintenance in the web interface

The following functions are available from the maintenance web page:

- Firmware Update
- Change the SSL certificate
- Load and save the configuration
- Restart the device
- Factory Reset
- · Jump into the Bootloader
- Delete the DNS cache

Upload Firmware, Certificate or Configuration

On the Maintenance Page 19, select the required file with "Browse ..." in the sections "Firmware Update", "SSL Certificate Upload" or "Config Import File Upload" and press "Upload". The file is now transferred to the update area of the device and the contents are checked. Only now, pressing the "Apply" button will permanently update the data, or abort with "Cancel".

Only one upload function can be initiated with a reboot, eg. you cannot transmit firmware and configuration at the same time.

If after a firmware update, the web page is not displayed correctly anymore, this may be related to the interaction of Javascript with an outdated browser cache. If a Ctrl-F5 does not help, it is recommended that you manually delete the cache in the browser options. Alternatively, you can test start the browser in "private mode".

During a firmware update, old data formats are sometimes converted to new structures. If an older firmware is newly installed, the configuration data and the energy meters may be lost! If the device then does not run correctly, please restore the factory settings (e.g. from the Maintenance Page 19).

Actions in Bootloader mode

If the web interface of the device is no longer accessible, the device can be put into Bootloader mode (see chapter Bootloader activation 21). The following functions can be executed using the GBL_Conf.exe application:

- Set IPv4 address, net-mask and gateway
- Turn HTTP password on and off
- Turn IP-ACL on and off
- Factory Reset
- · Allow jump from firmware to bootloader

Restart the device

For devices with relays, entering or exiting the bootloader mode does not change the state of the relays as long as the operating voltage is maintained.

The GBL_Conf.exe program is available free of charge on our website www.gude.info and can also be found on the enclosed CD-ROM.

GBL_Conf 2.7.13		-	×
earch Launch Browser Pro	ogram Device Options ?		
xpert Power Control 8031-12 - v1.3 - xpert Net Control 2304 - v1.0 - ENC-	EPC-8031 2304	GBL_Conf 2.7.13 Host OS: Win8 Version 6.2, Build 9200	
		Interface: all 🗸	
		BootLoader Version: v6.6 GBL v4 uC:Kinetis K64 Firmware Version: v1.3	
		Searching devices, please wait Search finished: 2 Device(s) found	
Network Configuration			
MAC Address:	IP Address:		
00:19:32:01:16:41	192.168.0.117		
Netmask:	Gateway:		
255.255.255.0	192.168.0.1		
Use HTTP/HTTPS password Use HTTPS only	HTTP Port: HTTPS Port: 80 443		
TCP/IP-Settings by DHCP	Enable FW to BL		
Enable IP ACL			

Interface GBL_Conf

To check the network settings with GBL_Conf.exe, start the program and choose "All Devices" in the "Search" menu. From the list select the appropriate device. The lower part of the left half of the window now shows the current network settings of the device. If the IP address is displayed with the default settings (192.168.0.2), either no DHCP server is present on the network, or there could be no free IP address assigned to it.

- Activate the Bootloader Mode (see Chapter Bootloader Mode) and choose in menu "Search" the item "Bootloader-Mode Devices only"
- Enter the desired settings in the edit window and save them with "Save Config".
- Deactivate the boot loader mode for the changes to take effect. Select again "All Devices" in the "Search" menu of GBL_Conf.exe.

The new network configuration is now displayed.

Changing the configuration with gbl_conf.exe is explicitly only allowed in bootloader mode!

Factory Reset

The device can be reset to the factory default via the web interface from the Maintenance Page 19 or from the Bootloader mode (see chapter Bootloader activation 21). All TCP/IP

settings are reset in this operation.

If a unit is set to factory defaults, an uploaded certificate or updated firmware will be preserved.

2.3.1 Maintenance Page

This section provides access to important functions such as Firmware Update or Restart Device. It is advisable to set an HTTP password for this reason.

Firmware Update
Choose File Upload
SSL Certificate Upload
Choose File Upload
Config Import File Upload
Choose File Upload
Config File Export
Restart / Fab-Settings
Restart Device Restore Fab Settings and Restart Device
Enter Bootloader Mode Flush DNS Cache
Service Data
 Config/Status View: status.html Config/Status Download: export.json

Firmware Update: Start a firmware update.

SSL Certificate Upload: Saves your own SSL certificate. See chapter "SSL ⁵³" for the generation of a certificate in the right format.

<u>Config Import File Upload</u>: Loads a new configuration from a text file. To apply the new configuration, a "Restart Device" must be executed after the "Upload".

<u>Config File Export</u>: Saves the current configuration in a text file.

Saving the configuration should only be carried out in an SSL connection, since it contains sensitive password information (even if it is encrypted or hashed).

Restart Device: Restarts the device without changing the status of the relays.

Some functions such as a firmware update or changing of the IP-address and HTTP settings require a restart of the device. A jump to the boot loader or a restart of the device lead by no means to a change of the relay states.

Restore Fab Settings and Restart Device: Performs a restart and resets the device to factory default 2.

<u>Enter Bootloader Mode</u>: Jumps into bootloader mode, where additional settings can be made with GBL_Conf.exe.

<u>Flush DNS Cache</u>: All entries in the DNS cache are discarded and address resolutions are requested again.

Config/Status View: status.html: Displays the status.html page with the JSON data.

Config/Status Download: export.json: Direct file download of JSON data from status.hml.

2.3.2 Configuration Management

The device configuration can be saved and restored in the maintenance area 19° .

Config Import File Upload	
cound import on object	
Choose File Upload	
Config File Export	

The "Config File Export" function can be used to save the current configuration as a text file. The syntax used in the configuration file corresponds to the commands of the Telnet console. If the configuration of a device is to be restored from a text file, load the file with "Upload" and restart the device with "Restart Device".

Saving the configuration should only be carried out in an SSL connection, since it contains sensitive password information (even if it is encrypted or hashed). For the same reasons, it is advisable to carefully handle the generated configuration files when archiving.

Editing the configuration file

It is possible to customize a saved configuration file with a text editor for your own needs. For example, one scenario would be to use a script language to automate the creation of many customized versions of a configuration, then equip a large number of devices with an individualized configuration. Also Upload and restart with CGI commands can be done in scripting languages. With use of the comment sign "#" you can quickly hide single commands or add personal notes.

If you modify a configuration file manually, it is not always clear which limits are allowed for parameters. After uploading and restarting, commands with invalid parameters are ig-

nored. Therefore, the generated configuration includes comments describing the boundaries of the parameters. Where "range:" refers to a numeric value, and "len:" to a text parameter. E.g:

email auth set 0 #range: 0..2
email user set "" #len: 0..100

The command "system fabsettings" from the beginning of a generated configuration file brings the device into the factory state, and then executes the individual commands that modify the configuration state. It may be desirable to make the changes relative to the current configuration, and not out of the factory state. Then the "system fabsettings" should be removed.

No output of default values

The configuration file contains (with exceptions) only values which differ from the default. The command "system fabsettings" (go to the factory state) from the beginning of a generated configuration file should not be removed, otherwise the device can get incompletely configured.

Configuration via Telnet

The configuration files can in principle also be transferred in a Telnet session, but then the settings are changed during operation, and not completely when restarting, as it would have been the case with an upload. It can happen that events are triggered at the same time as the device is configured. One should therefore:

- a) disable the function
- b) completely parametrize
- c) reactivate the function

An example:

```
email enabled set 0
email sender set "" #len: 0..100
email recipient set "" #len: 0..100
email server set "" #len: 0..100
email port set 25
email security set 0 #range: 0..2
email auth set 0 #range: 0..2
email user set "" #len: 0..100
email passwd hash set "" #len: 0..100
email enabled set 1 #range: 0..1
```

2.3.3 Bootloader Activation

The configuration of the device from the application "GBL_Conf.exe" is only possible, if the device is in Bootloader Mode.

Activation of the Bootloader Mode

1) via push button:

· Hold both buttons for 3 seconds

2) or

- Remove the power supply
- Hold down the "Select" button. If the push button is recessed, use a pin or paper clip
- Connect the operating voltage

3) by Software:

- Start the "GBL_Conf.exe" program
- Do a network search with the "Search" menu action
- Activate in menu "Program Device" the item "Enter Bootloader"

This function is only possible if "Enable FW to BL" was activated in the application "GBL_Conf.exe" before, while the device was already in the bootloader.

4) via web interface:

Press "Enter Bootloader Mode" on the maintenance 19 web page.

Whether the device is in Bootloader mode, is indicated by the flashing of the status LED, or it is shown in "GBL_Conf.exe" application after a renewed device search (appendix "BOOT-LDR" after the device name). In Bootloader mode the program "GBL_Conf.exe" can disable the password and the IP ACL, perform a firmware update, and restore the factory settings.

For devices with relays, entering or exiting the bootloader mode does not change the state of the relays as long as the operating voltage is maintained.

Abandonment of the Bootloader Mode

- 1) via push button:
- Hold both buttons for 3 seconds (only if the device has 2 buttons)

2) or

• Remove and connect the power supply without operating a button

3) by Software:

- Start the "GBL_Conf.exe" application
- Do a network search with the "Search" menu action
- In menu "Program Device" activate the item "Enter Firmware"

For devices with relays, entering or exiting the bootloader mode does not change the state of the relays as long as the operating voltage is maintained.

Factory Reset

If the device is in bootloader mode, it can always be put back to its factory default. All

TCP/IP settings are reset in this operation.

If a unit is set to factory defaults, an uploaded certificate or updated firmware will be preserved.

1) via push button:

- Activate the Bootloader Mode of the device
- Hold down the button (or the "Select" button for devices with 2 buttons) for 6 seconds. If the push button is recessed, use a pin or paper clip
- The status LED will blink in a fast rhythm, please wait until the LED blinks slowly (about 5 seconds)

2) by Software:

- Activate the Bootloader Mode of the device
- "Start the GBL_Conf.exe" program
- In menu "Program Device" activate the item "Reset to Fab Settings"
- The status LED will blink in a fast rhythm, please wait until the LED blinks slowly (about 5 seconds)

Configuration

3 Configuration

TCP/IP configuration by DHCP

After switching on the device is scanning on the Ethernet for a DHCP server and requests an unused IP address. Check the IP address that has been assigned and adjust if necessary, that the same IP address is used at each restart. To turn off DHCP use the software GBL_Conf.exe or use the configuration via the web interface.

To check the network settings with GBL_Conf.exe, start the program and choose "All Devices" in the "Search" menu. From the list select the appropriate device. The lower part of the left half of the window now shows the current network settings of the device. If the IP address is displayed with the default settings (192.168.0.2), either no DHCP server is present on the network, or there could be no free IP address assigned to it.

3.1 ETS

Configuration - ETS	
	○Input A ○Input B ⑧none ○high ◉low
Fast on Sync:	
Beeper Enabled:	⊖on ⊛off

Apply

<u>Preferred</u>: The preferred input which is connected to the load outputs.

Sensitivity: The sensitivity of the template during the voltage monitoring.

Fast on Sync: It is switched more quickly, if both inputs have no phase shift.

Beeper Enabled: The buzzer will sound, when one of the two inputs are without voltage.

3.2 Ethernet

3.2.1 IP Address

IP Address	· IP ACL · HTTP Server
Hostname	
Hostname:	ENC-2304
IPv4	
Use IPv4 DHCP:	⊙yes ⊖no
IPv4 Address:	192.168.0.131
IPv4 Netmask:	255.255.255.0
IPv4 Gateway address:	192.168.0.1
IPv4 DNS address:	192.168.0.1
MAC address:	00:19:32:01:1e:52
ІРv6	
Use IPv6 Protocol:	Oves ono
Use IPv6 Router Advertisement:	-
Use DHCP v6:	
Use manual IPv6 address settings:	-
5	- I

<u>Hostname</u>: Here you can enter a name with up to 63 characters. This name will be used for registration on the DHCP server.

🐺 Special characters and umlauts can cause problems in the network.

IPv4 Address: The IP address of the device.

IPv4 Netmask: The network mask used in the network.

IPv4 Gateway address: The IP address of the gateway.

IPv4 DNS address: The IP address of the DNS server.

<u>Use IPv4 DHCP</u>: Select "yes" if the TCP/IP settings should be obtained directly from the DHCP server: When the function is selected, each time the device powers up it is checked if a DHCP server is available on the network.

If no DHCP server is available, the last IP address is used. However, the DHCP client tries to reach a DHCP server again every 5 minutes. The DHCP request lasts one minute until it is aborted. During this time the IP-address is not accessible! It is therefore essential to deactivate DHCP for a static IP addresses!

<u>Use IPv6 Protocol</u>: Activates IPv6 usage.

<u>Use IPv6 Router Advertisement</u>: The Router Advertisement communicates with the router to make global IPv6 addresses available.

<u>Use DHCP v6</u>: Requests from an existing DHCPv6 server addresses of the configured

DNS server.

Use manual IPv6 address settings: Activates the entry of manual IPv6 addresses.

<u>IPv6 status</u>: Displays the IPv6 addresses over which the device can be accessed, and additionally DNS and router addresses.

	Current IPv6 status:	IPv6 Addr: fe80::219:32ff:fe00:996d 2007:7dd0:ffcl:l:219:32ff:fe00:996d IPv6 DNS Server: 2007:7dd0:ffcl:1:20c:29ff:feaf:93c IPv6 Router: fe80::20c:29ff:feaf:93c	
--	----------------------	--	--

For IP changes a firmware reset is required. This can be done in the Maintenance web page. A restart of the device leads by no means to a change of the relay states.

Manual IPv6 Configuration

– IPv6 (manual)			
IPv6	Addresses:	2007:7dd0:ffc1:0:219:32ff:fe00:996d	/ 64
			/ 64
			/ 64
			/ 64
IPv6 DNS	addresses:	2007:7dd0:ffc1:0:20c:29fffeaf:93c	
IPv6 Gatewa	ay address:	fe80::20c:29ff:feaf:93c	

The input fields for the manual setting of IPv6 addresses allow you to configure the prefix of four additional IPv6 device addresses, and to set two DNS addresses, and a gateway.

3.2.2 IP ACL

	IP Addr	ess · <u>IP ACL</u> · HTTP Server	
ICMP Ping	ly ICMP ping requests:	● ves ○ no	
IP Access Cont	ol List		
	Enable IP filter:	⊙yes ⊖no	
1. Grant	IP access to host/net:	1234::4ef0:eec1:0:219:32ff:fe00:f124	- +
2. Grant	IP access to host/net:	192.168.1.84	- +
3. Grant	IP access to host/net:	mypc.locdom	- +
4. Grant	IP access to host/net:	192.168.1.0/24	- +
5. Grant	IP access to host/net:	1234:4ef0:eecl:0::/64	- +

Apply

<u>Reply ICMP ping requests</u>: If you enable this feature, the device responds to ICMP pings from the network.

<u>Enable IP filter</u>: Enable or disable the IP filter here. The IP filter represents an access control for incoming IP packets.

Please note that when IP access control is enabled HTTP and SNMP only work if the appropriate servers and clients are registered in the IP access control list.

If you choose a wrong IP ACL setting and locked yourself out, please activate the Bootloader Mode and use GBL_Conf.exe to deactivate the IP ACL. Alternatively, you can reset the device to factory default.

3.2.3 HTTP

IP Address	· IP ACL · <u>HTTP Server</u>
~ HTTP	
HTTP Server option:	• HTTP + HTTPS
	OHTTP redirects to HTTPS
	O HTTPS only O HTTP only
Server port HTTP:	80
Server port HTTPS:	
Supported TLS versions:	TLS v1.2 only
Enable Ajax autorefresh:	⊙yes ⊖no
HTTP Password	
Enable password protection:	⊙yes ⊖no
Use radius server passwords:	🔾 yes 🧿 no
Use locally stored passwords:	⊙yes ⊖no
Set new admin password:	•••• (32 characters max)
Repeat admin password:	••••
Set new user password:	•••• (32 characters max)
Repeat user password:	••••

<u>HTTP Server option</u>: Selects whether access is possible only with HTTP, HTTPS, or both.

<u>Server port HTTP</u>: Here can be set the port number of the internal HTTP. Possible values are from 1 to 65534 (default: 80). If you do not use the default port, you must append the port number to the address with a colon to address the device from a web browser. Such as: "http://192.168.0.2:800"

<u>Server port HTTPS</u>; The port number to connect the web server via the SSL (TLS) protocol.

Supported TLS versions: Limits the supported TLS versions.

<u>Enable Ajax autorefresh</u>: If this is activated, the information of the status page is automatically updated via http request (AJAX).

For some HTTP configuration changes a firmware reset is required. This can be done in the Maintenance web page. A restart of the device leads by no means to a change of the relay states.

<u>Enable password protection</u>: Password access protection can be activated. If the admin password is assigned, you can only log in by entering this password to change settings. Users can log in by entering the user password in order to query the status information and initiate switching operations.

Use radius server passwords: Username and password are validated by a Radius Sever.

<u>Use locally stored passwords</u>: Username and password are stored locally. In this case, an admin password and a user password must be assigned. The password can have a maximum of 31 characters. The name "admin" and "user" are provided for the user name in the password entry mask of the browser. In factory settings, the password for the admin is set to "admin" or "user" for the user password.

If the password mask is redisplayed, only four "bullets" are shown as a symbolic placeholder, since for security reasons the device never stores the password itself, but only the SHA2-256 hash. If you want to change a password, the complete password must always be re-entered.

If you have forgotten your password, please activate the bootloader mode and then turn off the password prompt in GBL_Conf.exe.

3.3 Protocols

3.3.1 Console

Console · Syslog · SNMP · Radius · Modbus · MQTT
TCP/IP Console
Enable Telnet: 🧿 yes 🔘 no
Telnet TCP port: 23
Raw mode: 🔘 yes 🧿 no
Active negotiation: 🔘 yes 🧿 no
Activate echo: 🔘 yes 🧿 no
Push messages: 🔘 yes 🧿 no
Delay after 3 failed logins: 🔘 yes 🧿 no
Enable SSH: 💿 yes 🔘 no
SSH TCP port: 22
Activate echo: () yes () no
Push messages: O yes O no
Require user login (Telnet/SSH): 🧿 yes 🔘 no
Use radius server passwords: 🔘 yes 🧿 no
Use locally stored passwords: 🧿 yes 🔾 no
Username: telnet
Set new password: •••• (32 characters max)
Repeat password:
Upload new SSH public key:

Configuration

Enable Telnet: Enables Telnet console .

Telnet TCP port: Telnet sessions are accepted on this port.

Raw mode: The VT100 editing and the IAC protocol are disabled.

Activate echo: The echo setting if not changed by IAC.

Active negotiation: The IAC negotiation is initiated by the server.

Require user login: Username and password are required.

<u>Delay after 3 failed logins</u>: After 3 wrong entries of username or password, the next login attempt is delayed.

Use radius server passwords: Username and password are validated by a Radius Sever.

Use locally stored passwords: Username and password are stored locally

3.3.2 Syslog

	Console · <u>Syslog</u> · SNMP · Radius · Modbus · MQTT
– Syslog	
	Enable Syslog: 💿 yes 🔿 no
	Syslog server:
	Apply

Enable Syslog: Enables the usage of Syslog Messages.

<u>Syslog Server</u>: If you have enabled Syslog Messages, enter the IP address of the server to which the syslog information should be transmitted.

3.3.3 SNMP

Console · Syslog	 <u>SNMP</u> Radius Modbus 	• MQTT
SNMP		
Enable SNMP options:	🗸 SNMP get 🔽 SNMP set	
SNMP UDP port:	161	
sysContact:	sysContact]
sysName:	sysName	
sysLocation:	sysLocation	
SNMP v2		
Enable SNMP v2:	⊙ves ⊖no	
SNMP v2 public Community:		(16 char. max)
SNMP v2 private Community:	private	(16 char. max)
SNMP v3		
Enable SNMP v3:	⊙yes ⊖no	
SNMP v3 Username:	standard	(32 char. max)
SNMP v3 Authorization Algorithm:	SHA2-256 V	
Set new Authorization password:	(8 c	har. min, 32 char. max)
Repeat Authorization password:		
SNMP v3 Privacy Algorithm:	AES-128 V	
Set new Privacy password:	(8 c	har. min, 32 char. max)
Repeat Privacy password:		
SNMP Traps		
Send SNMP Traps:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
SNMP trap receiver 1 :		

<u>SNMP-get</u>: Enables the acceptance of SNMP-GET commands.

SNMP-set: Allows the reception of SNMP-SET commands.

SNMP UDP Port: Sets the UDP port where SNMP messages are received.

sysContact: Value of RFC 1213 sysContact.

sysName: Value of RFC 1213 sysName.

sysLocation: Value of RFC 1213 sysLocation.

Enable SNMP v2: Activates SNMP v2.

Because of security issues, it is advisable to use only SNMP v3, and to disable SNMP v2. Accesses to SNMP v2 are always insecure.

Community public: The community password for SNMP GET requests.

<u>Community private</u>: The community password for SNMP SET requests.

Enable SNMP v3: Activates SNMP v3.

SNMP v3 Username: The SNMP v3 User Name.

SNMP v3 Authorization Algorithm: The selected Authentication Algorithm.

SNMP v3 Privacy Algorithm: SNMP v3 Encryption Algorithm..

If the password mask is redisplayed, only four "bullets" are shown as a symbolic placeholder, since for security reasons the device never stores the password itself, but only the key formed using the Authorization Algorithm. If you want to change a password, the complete password must always be re-entered.

The calculation of the password hashes varies with the selected algorithms. If the Authentication or Privacy algorithms are changed, the passwords must be re-entered in the configuration dialog. "SHA-384" and "SHA512" are calculated purely in software. If "SHA-512" is set on the configuration page, the time for the key generation may take once up to approx. 45 seconds.

<u>Send SNMP traps</u>: Here you can specify whether, and in what format the device should send SNMP traps.

SNMP trap receiver: You can insert here up to eight SNMP trap receiver.

MIB table: The download link to the text file with the MIB table for the device.

More information about SNMP settings are available from our support or can be found on the Internet at www.gude.info/wiki.

3.3.4 Radius

Console · Syslog ·	SNMP · <u>Radius</u> · Modbus · MQTT
Radius	
Enable Radius Client:	⊙yes ⊖no
Authentication Protocol:	⊙РАР ○СНАР
Use Message Authentication:	⊙yes ⊖no
Default Session Timeout:	1800
	[
Primary Server:	
Set new shared secret:	••••
Repeat new shared secret:	••••
Timeout:	5
Retries:	3
Use backup server:	⊙yes ⊖no
Backup Server:	
Set new shared secret:	••••
Repeat new shared secret:	••••
Timeout:	5
Retries:	3

Enable Radius Client: Enables validation over Radius.

Use CHAP: Use CHAP password encoding.

<u>Use Message Authentication</u>: Adds the "Message Authentication" attribute to the Authentication Request.

Primary Server: Name or IP address of the Primary Radius server.

<u>Shared secret</u>: Radius Shared Secret. For compatibility reasons, only use ASCII characters.

<u>Timeout</u>: How long (in seconds) will be waited for a response from an Authentication Request.

<u>Retries</u>: How often an authentication request is repeated after a timeout.

Use Backup Server: Activates a Radius Backup server.

Backup Server: Name or IP address of the Radius Backup server.

<u>Shared secret</u>: Radius Shared Secret. For compatibility reasons, only use ASCII characters.

<u>Timeout</u>: How long (in seconds) will be waited for a response from an Authentication Request.

<u>Retries</u>: How often an authentication request is repeated after a timeout.

Test Radius Server	
Test Username:	
Test Password:	
Test Radius Server	

<u>Test Username</u>: Username input field for Radius test.

Test Password: Password input field for Radius test.

The "Test Radius Server" function allows you to check whether a combination of Username and Password is accepted by the configured Radius Servers.

3.3.5 Modbus TCP

Console · Syslog · SNMP · Radius · <u>Modbus</u> ·	MQTT
Modbus TCP	
Enable Modbus TCP: • yes O no Modbus TCP port: 502	
Apply	

Enable Modbus TCP: Enables Modbus TCP support.

Modus TCP port: The TCP/IP port number for Modbus TCP.

3.3.6 MQTT

IQTT	
Enable MQTT:	⊙yes ⊖no
Broker:	6137c48439e81c18b11bd06ab.s1.eu.hivemq.cloud
TLS:	⊙yes ⊖no
TCP Port:	8883 (Default: 8883)
Username:	epc-user
Set new password:	
Repeat password:	••••
Client ID:	
Quality of Service (QoS):	At most once (QoS 0) V
Keep-alive ping interval:	300 s (minimum 10s)
Topic Prefix:	de/gudesystems/epc/[mac]
	de/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41
Permit CLI commands:	Oyes 💿 no

Enable MQTT: Enables MQTT support.

Broker: DNS or IP address of the MQTT broker.

TLS: Turns on TLS encryption.

Mode TCP port: The TCP/IP port number of the broker.

<u>Username</u>: The MQTT username.

password: The password for the username.

Client ID: The MQTT client ID.

The client IDs of a user must be different! If two clients of a user have the same name, the connection of one client is normally terminated.

Quality of Service (QoS): Sets the QoS value (0 or 1) of the MQTT publishes.

<u>Keep-alive ping interval</u>: This defines the time interval in which the client sends an MQTT ping.

<u>Topic prefix</u>: Defines the beginning of the topic with which all messages are sent. The strings **[mac]** and **[host]** symbolize the MAC address or the hostname of the device.

Permit CLI commands: Enables the execution of console commands.

<u>Publish device data summary</u> interval: Time interval in which messages with the global status of the device are sent.

- MQTT Logs

- MQTT client connected
- MQTT sending client id:'client_1641' username:'epc-user'
- MQTT broker connected
- MQTT broker DNS resolved
- MQTT broker DNS not yet resolved
- MQTT resolving host 'f3c06b76137c48439e81c18b11bd06ab.s1.eu.hivemq.cloud' TCP port 8883

MQTT Broker Status

- Broker DNS ready, connected since 71 seconds
- Last publish 11 seconds ago

MQTT Logs: Outputs individual log messages about the connection setup.

<u>MQTT Broker Status</u>: Time information about connection duration, the last publish and the last keep-alive.

3.4 Clock

3.4.1 NTP

	<u>NTP</u> · Timer	
NTP		
Enable Time Synchronization:	⊙yes ⊖no	
Primary NTP server:	0.pool.ntp.org	<u>ه</u>
	 reply 12s ago, 59ms signal delay Mon Oct 11 2021 13:49:46 GMT+0200) (Central European Summer Time)
Backup NTP server:	1.pool.ntp.org] m
Timezone: Timezone: Daylight Saving Time (DST):	(GMT+01:00) Berlin, Paris, Central ♥	
Clock Current Systemtime (UTC):	11:49:59 11.10.2021 (1633952999)	
Current Localtime:	13:49:59 11.10.2021	
Browsertime:	13:49:58 11.10.2021	
Set clock:	set manually set to Browsertime	

Enable Time Synchronization: Enables the NTP protocol.

Primary NTP server: IP address of the first NTP server.

<u>Backup NTP server</u>: IP address of the second NTP server. Used when the first NTP server does not respond.

<u>Timezone</u>: The set time zone for the local time.

<u>Daylight Saving Time</u>: If enabled, the local time is converted to Central European Summer Time.

set manually: The user can set a time manually.

set to Browsertime: Sets the time corresponding to web browser.

If Time synchronization is enabled, a manual time will be overwritten at the next NTP synchronization.

3.4.2 Timer

— Timer - Basic Settings ———	
Enable Timer: Syslog verbosity level: (
The second second	
– Timer - Rules	
New Rule: simple Timer	
New Rule: advanced Timer	

Enable Timer: nables or disables all timers globally.

Syslog verbosity level: Sets the verbosity level for timer syslog output.

<u>New Rule simple Timer</u>: Shows a dialog for a simple timer rule.

New Rule advanced Timer: Brings up the dialog for advanced timer settings.

3.4.3 Timer Configuration

In the timer configuration you have three options: Create a simple timer, add a complex timer, or change an existing configuration.

Fimer rules are only executed if the device has a valid time. See configuration NTP 37.

This instruction chapter applies to all Gude devices. For devices without switchable ports you can only create a complex timer. For an action there is only the register "Action CLI" available, and not the register "Action PortSwitch".

- Timer - Basic Settings
Enable Timer: 💿 yes 🔘 no
Syslog verbosity level: normal V
- Timer - Rules
New Rule: simple Timer
New Rule: advanced Timer

Creating a simple timer

If you activate "New Rule: simple Timer" the following dialog is displayed:

Timer Rule	X
Switch 1: Output Port On	
From 09 v: 30 v To 11 v: 00 v	
On weekdays: 🗹 Mon 🗹 Tue 🗹 Wed 🗹 Thu 🗹 Fri 🗌 Sat 🗌 Sun	
Save Cance	il.

You set here which port should be switched for which time period, and on which days of the week the rule is active. In this example the period 9:00 to 17:00 is changed to 9:30 to 11:00 compared to the default input mask. Also, this rule should not be applied on Saturday and Sunday. The rule we have now says that every day, except Saturday and Sunday, port 1 will be switched on at 9:30 and switched off after 1.5 hours. Clicking on "Save" saves this rule.

imer - Rules
Rule 1: '1: Power Port' 09:30 On
• Rule 2: '1: Power Port' 11:00 Off
New Rule: simple Timer
New Rule: advanced Timer

We have now created 2 rules, one for when the port is turned on and the second for when it is turned off.

Creating a complex timer

If you create a complex timer or change an existing timer, you will always see an extended dialog. Here, ports can be switched as well as other actions can be executed via CLI commands. The setting of the switching times is more granular.

Trigger: Date/Time Pattern Options Action PortSwitch Action Cli	
Hours: 0000102030405060708091011121314151617181920212223	
Minutes:	
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59	
Days: 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	
Month	
01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 Days of week:	
Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat Sun	
Delete Save Ca	incel

You can see here the extended representation of the first rule of the simple timer from the previous example. The action is started every day of every month at 9:30. The week-days Saturday and Sunday are excluded. An existing rule can be removed with the "Delete" button.

If a rule is deleted, the following rules move up. The numbering of the following rules also changes by one. This also applies to the index in the console commands.

Trigger: Date/Time Pattern Options Action PortSwitch	Action Cli	
Rule Name '1: Power Port' 09:30 On		
Rule Valid from to dd.mm.yyyy		
Random Trigger Probability 100		
Random Trigger Jitter: 0 secs		
enable trigger: ⊙yes ○no		
Action mode:		

A simple timer is directly "enabled", for a newly created complex timer "enable trigger" must be switched on manually. You can set a probability and a jitter for the timer rules. This makes random events possible. In this example the rule is executed with 100% probability. A jitter of 0 means that the action takes place exactly at the programmed time. Ports are switched as action mode, alternatively a console command (CLI Cmd) can be executed.

After changes to existing timers, the "Rule Name" may no longer be meaningful. To keep the overview, it may be useful to adjust the name.

Trigger: Date/Time Pattern Options Action PortSwitch Action Cli Switch Power Ports Action1:	
On On<	
Off O O O	
Switch Power Ports Action2: On - - - - -	
On	
Off	
Between Action1 and Action 2 : wait 0 hour(s) v	
Test Action	
Delete Save	Cancel

The switching function can be set in more detail on the "Action PortSwitch" register. Port 1 is switched on. You could extend the rule and switch more ports on or off. Additionally you can set a time for a batchmode in the field after "Between Action1 and Action 2 : wait", which starts "Action 2" after expired time. However, the batch mode has the disadvantage that it is not automatically restarted when the device is rebooted. Also, the port is locked against manual operation on the web page as long as the batch mode is running.

 $rac{1}{9}$ The "Action PortSwitch" function is only available for devices with switchable ports.

Extending a rule

For demonstration purposes, here is an extension to the simple timer from the previous example:

Fimer - Rule 1: '1: Power Port	' 09:30 On	×
Trigger: Date/Time Pattern	Options Action PortSwitch Action Cli	
Hours:		
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08	09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	
Minutes:		
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08	09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59	
Days:		
01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09	$10 \ 11 \ 12 \ 13 \ 14 \ 15 \ 16 \ 17 \ 18 \ 19 \ 20 \ 21 \ 22 \ 23 \ 24 \ 25 \ 26 \ 27 \ 28 \ 29 \ 30 \ 31$	
Month		
01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09	10 11 12	
Days of week:		
Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sa	at Sun	
	Delete	ave Cancel
	Delete	Cancel

The action is now started not only at 9:30, but also at 17:30 There are other changes: The timer is only active between October and December, also the action does not take place on the first day of a month.

Since all fields in the mask are always considered, it is not possible to define the times 9:30 and 17:10 in a single timer rule. You need a second rule for this. If you set the hours 9 and 17, as well as the minutes 10 and 30, then the four times 9:10, 9:30,

17:10 and 17:30 would be programmed.

To change a field in this input mask without changing the state of the other fields, the Ctrl key must be pressed during the mouse click.

Timer - Rule 1: '1: Power Port' 09:30 On		x
Trigger: Date/Time Pattern Options Action PortSwitch Action	Cli	
Rule Name 11: Power Port' 09:30 On		
Rule Valid from 05.10.2021 to 05.04.2022 dd.mm.yyyy		
Random Trigger Probability 90		
Random Trigger Jitter: 0 secs		
enable trigger:) yes () no		
Action mode:		
	Delete	Save Cancel

For this rule, on the "Options" tab, the time period is limited to the range between 5.10.2021 and 5.4.2022. In this example, the timer rule is only executed with a probability (Random Trigger Probability) of 90%.

ner - New Rule: advanced T	mer		
Trigger: Date/Time Pattern	Options Action PortSwitch	Action Cli	
Switch Power Ports Action1: On On On On On On On On Off Off Off Off Off Off Off Off S: Power Ports Action2: On On Between Action1 and Action Test Action	off rt -		
		Delete	Save Cancel

In this example, port 1 and port 5 are enabled and disabled after 90 minutes by batch mode.

 $rac{4}{9}$ A popup on the mouse pointer shows the port number of the field.

Console Commands

mer - New Rule: advanced Timer				
Trigger: Date/Time Pattern	Options	Action PortSwitch	Action Cli	
Perform CLI Command:				
port 1 reset port 3 state set 1				
			11.	
31/64				
Test Action				
			Delete	Save Cancel
			Delete	Save Ca

Instead of switching a port, one or more console commands can be executed. These commands are entered in the "Action CLI" register. The "Action Cli" tab can only be selected if the option "Perform CLI Cmd" is activated in "Options".

Example Switching a Port on a Date

If you want to switch on a timer on a certain date at a certain time and switch it off at a later time, you cannot do it directly with a simple timer. Therefore it can be useful to create the timer as a simple timer first, and then customize it in the advanced dialog.

Timer Rule	×
Switch 3: Power Port On	
From 09 v: 25 v To 17 v: 30 v	
On weekdays: 🗹 Mon 🗸 Tue 🗸 Wed 🗹 Thu 🔽 Fri 🗹 Sat 🗸 Sun	
Save Cance	1

Switch port 3 on every day at 9:25, and off again at 17:30. You save.

imer - Rule 4: '3: Power Port' 09:25 On		×
Trigger: Date/Time Pattern Options Action PortSwitch A	ction Cli	
Rule Name '3: Power Port' 09:25 On		
Rule Valid from 24.10.2021 to 24.10.2021 dd.mm.yyyy		
Random Trigger Probability 100		
Random Trigger Jitter: 0 secs		
enable trigger: 💿 yes 🔿 no		
Action mode:		
	Delete	Save Cancel

Then call up the two timer rules you created ("On" and "Off") and enter the date on which the switching operation is to take place in the "Options" tab.

Example blind control

Timer - New Rule: advanced Timer		×
Trigger: Date/Time Pattern Options Action PortSwitch	Action Cli	
Rule Name Random Trigger Port 1		
Rule Valid from to dd.mm.yyyy		
Random Trigger Probability 100		
Random Trigger Jitter: 1800 secs		
enable trigger: 🔿 yes 💿 no		
Action mode:		
	Delete	Save Cancel

You can use the jitter e.g. for a shutter control. In the classic example of a shutter control, you do not always want to raise and lower the shutters at the same time in order to confuse potential burglars. The jitter of 1800 seconds means that the action is executed randomly in a period between 30 minutes before and 30 minutes after the programmed time. The probability (Random Trigger Probability) of execution here is 100%.

3.5 Sensors

Sensors Config	
Sensor:	1: 7106 - 7106 ~
Sensor Name:	7106
Select Sensor Field:	Temperature (°C) <
Enable 'Temperature' Messages:	● yes ○ no
Maximum value:	30.0 °C
Minimum value:	10.0 °C
Hysteresis:	0.1 °C
Message channels:	Syslog ⊠ SNMP □ Email □ Console
	Beeper Flashing display
Console push-messages:	every time interval of \sim 10 seconds
Misc sensor options	
Min/Max measurement period:	24 Hours v
Enable beeper for AC alarms:	●yes ⊖no
Enable beeper for sensor alarms:	●yes ⊖no

<u>Sensor</u>: Selects a type of sensor to configure it. The first digit "1" indicates the number of the sensor port (only important for devices with more than one sensor port). This is followed by the sensor name, and the changeable sensor name.

<u>Sensor Name</u>: Changeable name for this sensor. Temperature and humidity can have different names, even if they are from the same sensor.

Select Sensor Field: Selects a data channel from a sensor.

<u>Enable ... Messages</u>: Enables the generation of sensor messages. <u>Maximum/Minimum value</u>: Here you can choose whether, and at what Maximum/Minimum temperature or humidity measurements limits the alerts are send via SNMP traps, syslog or e-mail.

<u>Hysteresis</u>: This describes the margin of when an event is generated after the measured value has crossed the chosen limit.

Message channels: Enables the generation of messages on different channels.

With Flashing Display the 7-segment display flashes. By pressing a front panel button the beeper and the flashing display will be reset.

<u>Console push-messages</u>: This option allows the output of sensor values on the console at a configured time interval, or when a certain threshold has been reached.

<u>Min/Max measurement period</u>: Selects the time range for the sensor min/max values on the overview web page.

Enable beeper for AC alarms: Activates the beeper for all AC limit messages.

Enable beeper for sensor alarms: Activates the beeper for all sensor limit messages.

Hysteresis Example:

A Hysteresis value prevents that too much messages are generated, when a sensor value is jittering around a sensor limit. The following example shows the behavior for a temperature sensor and a hysteresis value of "1". An upper limit of "50 °C" is set.

Example:

```
49.9 °C - is below the upper limit
50.0 °C - a message is generated for reaching the upper limit
50.1 °C - is above the upper limit
49.1 °C - is below the upper limit, but in the hysteresis range
49.0 °C - is below the upper limit, but in the hysteresis range
48.9 °C - a message is generated for underrunning the upper limit inclusive hysteresis range
...
```

3.6 E-Mail

– E-Mail	
Enable E-Mail:	⊙yes ⊖no
Sender address:	sender@provider.net
Recipient address:	info@gude.info
SMTP server:	smtp.provider.de
SMTP server port:	587 (Default: 587)
SMTP Connection Security:	STARTTLS V
Authentication	
SMTP Authentication (password):	PLAIN V
Username:	
Set new password:	

Enable E-Mail: Activates the E-Mail dispatch of messages.

Repeat password: ••••

Sender address: The E-Mail address of the sender.

<u>Recipient address</u>: The E-Mail address of the recipient. Additional E-Mail addresses, separated by comma, can be specified. The input limit is 100 characters.

<u>SMTP Server</u>: The SMTP IP-address of the E-Mail server. Either as FQDN, e.g: "mail.gmx.net", or as IP-address, e.g: "213.165.64.20". If required, attach a designated port, e.g: "mail.gmx.net:25".

<u>SMTP server port</u>: The port address of the E-Mail server. In the normal case this should be the same as the default, that is determined by the setting <u>SMTP Connection Security</u>.

<u>SMTP Connection Security</u>: Transmission via SSL or no encryption.

<u>SMTP Authentification (password)</u>: Authentication method of the E-Mail Server.

Username: User name that is registered with the SMTP E-Mail server.

Set new password: Enter the password for the login to the E-Mail server.

<u>Repeat password</u>: Enter the password again to confirm it.

If the password mask is redisplayed, only four "bullets" are shown as a symbolic placeholder, since for security reasons the password is never shown itself. If you want to change a password, the complete password must always be re-entered.

<u>E-Mail Logs</u>: Logging of E-Mail system messages.

3.7 Front Panel

Front Panel	
Button Lock: Allow switching all ports: Display 1 default:	⊖yes ◉no ◉yes ○no L1: Meter1: Current ∨
	Apply

<u>Button Lock</u>: Disables the front buttons (activates the key lock) with the exception of the bootloader activation.

Allow switching all ports: Allows to switch all ports on or off with the front panel buttons.

Display 1 default: Selects what sensor is displayed in the display.

Specifications

4 Specifications

4.1 Automated Access

The device can be accessed automatically via four different interfaces, which offer different possibilities to access the configuration data and status information. Only http and the console (telnet and serial) provide full access to the device.

This chapter is general for all Gude devices. Depending on the device model are ports, certain sensors or other features not available.

List of different access options:

Interface	Scope of Access
HTTP	read / write status of Power Ports (relays or eFuses)
	read / write all configuration data
	read / write all status information
	(full access to the device)
Console 59	read / write status of Power Ports (relays or eFuses)
	read / write all configuration data
	read / write all status information
	(full access to the device)
SNMP 53	read / write status of Power Ports (relays or eFuses)
	read / write names of Power Ports (relays or eFuses)
	read / write status of Port start configuration
	read / write status Buzzer
	read / write configuration of power sources (EPC 8291)
	read / write fan configuration (EPC 8291)
	read measurement values of external sensors
	read measurement values of all energy sensors
	read NTP time and status
	resetting the energy meters
	read the status of Overvoltage Protection
Modbus TCP 73	read / write status of Power Ports (relays or eFuses)
	read status of Inputs
	read / write configuration of power sources (EPC 8291)
	read / write fan configuration (EPC 8291)
	read measurement values of external sensors
	read measurement values of all energy sensors
	read the status of Overvoltage Protection
MQTT	Execute console commands

The device can be controlled via HTTP interface with CGI commands and returns the internal configuration and status in JSON format. The structure of the CGI commands and the JSON data is explained in more detail in our Wiki article: http://wiki.gude.info/EPC_HTTP_Interface

4.2 Messages

Depending on adjustable events, various messages can be sent from the device. The fol-

lowing message types are supported:

- Sending of e-mails
- SNMP Traps
- Syslog messages

E-Mail messages

Email messages are triggered by the following events:

- Switching of the Ports
- Exceeding of the max / min values of attached sensors
- · State change of digital sensor input ports

SNMP Traps

SNMP Traps are system messages that are sent via the SNMP protocol to different recipients. SNMP traps are triggered by the following events:

- Switching of the Ports
- Exceeding of the max / min values of attached sensors
- State change of digital sensor input ports

Syslog messages

Syslog messages are simple text messages that are sent via UDP to a syslog server. Under Linux, normally a syslog daemon is already running (eg. syslog-ng), for Microsoft Windows systems some freeware programs are available on the market. The syslog messages are sent for the following events:

- Turning on the device
- Enable/disable of syslog in the configuration
- Switching of the Ports
- · Exceeding of the max / min values of attached sensors
- State change of digital sensor input ports

	SNMP Trap	Console	MQTT	Syslog	Email
Global					
Device started	х	Х	х	х	х
Power supply status	х	Х	х	х	х
Power supply changeover	х	Х	х	х	х
Syslog switched on/off				х	
MQTT connection established			х	х	
MQTT connection lost				х	
Value-Threshold					
external sensors Current, differential current Type A	x	х	x	x	x
Time-Interval					
external sensors Current, differential current type A		х	x		
Value-Delta					

external sensors Current, differential current type A	x	x		
---	---	---	--	--

SNMP traps

There are common traps for state changes of the same device resource. For example, a SwitchEvtPort trap is sent when a port is turned on or off. The state change itself is conveyed by the supplied data within the trap.

MQTT published data

Messages on the MQTT channel are sent in JSON format.

Example switch a port: "{"type": "portswitch", "idx": 2, "port": "2", "state": 1, "cause": {"id": 2, "txt": "http"}, "ts": 1632}"

Console Push Messages

Push messages can be activated on the console channels (Telnet, SSH or serial console), which output sensor values at timed intervals (every n seconds) or as of a configurable change in the magnitude of the sensor value on that channel. The generated message always starts with a "#" and ends with a CR/LF.

Example: Switch a port: "#port 2 ON"

If you open a telnet or SSH connection, the push messages are either preconfigured, or you switch on the push messages temporarily with "console telnet pushmsgs set 1" (or "console ssh pushmsgs set 1"). From now on, push messages will be sent asynchronously on this channel. The asynchronous nature of the messages can cause problems on a connection if you send commands yourself at the same time. There are then the possibilities:

- Filter all incoming characters between "#" and CR/LF
- or open a second channel (Telnet, SSH, serial) and switch on the push messages there.

4.3 IP ACL

IP Access Control List

The IP Access Control List (ACL IP) is a filter for incoming IP packets. If the filter is active, only the hosts and subnets whose IP addresses are registered in the list, can contact via HTTP or SNMP, and make changes. For incoming connections from unauthorized PCs, the device is not completely transparent. Due to technical restraints, a TCP/IP connection will be accepted at first, but then rejected directly.

Examples:

Entry in the IP ACL	Meaning
192.168.0.123	the PC with IP Address "192.168.0.123" can access the device
192.168.0.1/24	all devices of subnet "192.168.0.1/24" can access the device
1234:4ef0:eec1:0::/64	all devices of subnet "1234:4ef0:eec1:0::/64" can access the device

If you choose a wrong IP ACL setting and locked yourself out, please activate the Bootloader Mode and use GBL_Conf.exe to deactivate the IP ACL. Alternatively, you can reset the device to factory default.

4.4 IPv6

IPv6 Addresses

IPv6 addresses are 128 bit long and thus four times as long as IPv4 addresses. The first 64 bit form a so-called prefix, the last 64 bit designate a unique interface identifier. The prefix is composed of a routing prefix and a subnet ID. An IPv6 network interface can be reached under several IP addresses. Usually this is the case under a global address and the link local address.

Address Notation

IPv6 addresses are noted in 8 hexadecimal blocks at 16 bit, while IPv4 normally is noted in decimal. The seperator is a colon, not a period.

E.g.: 1234:4ef0:0:0:0019:32ff:fe00:0124

Leading zeros may be omitted within a block. The previous example can be rewritten as:

1234:4ef0:0:0:19:32ff:fe00:124

One may omit one or more successive blocks, if they consist of zeros. This may be done only once within an IPv6 address!

1234:4ef0::19:32ff:fe00:124

One may use the usual decimal notation of IPv4 for the last 4 bytes:

1234:4ef0::19:32ff:254.0.1.36

4.5 Radius

The passwords for HTTP, telnet, and serial console (depending on the model) can be stored locally and / or authenticated via RADIUS. The RADIUS configuration supports a primary server and a backup server. If the primary server does respond, the RADIUS re-

quest is sent to the backup server. If the local password and RADIUS are enabled at the same time, the system is first checking locally, and then in the event of a failure the RADIUS servers are contacted.

RADIUS attributes

The following RADIUS attributes are evaluated by the client:

Session-Timeout: This attribute specifies (in seconds) how long an accepted RADIUS request is valid. After this time has elapsed, the RADIUS server must be prompted again. If this attribute is not returned, the default timeout entry from the configuration is used instead.

Filter-Id: If the value "admin" is set for this attribute, then an admin rights are assigned for the login, otherwise only user access.

Service-Type: This is an alternative to Filter-Id. A service type of "6" or "7" means admin rights for the HTTP login, otherwise only limited user access.

HTTP Login

The HTTP login takes place via Basic Authentication. This means that it is the responsibility of the web server, how long the login credentials are temporarily stored there. The RADIUS parameter "Session-Timeout" therefore does not determine when the user has to login again, but at what intervals the RADIUS servers are asked again.

4.6 **SNMP**

SNMP can be used for status information via UDP (port 161). Supported SNMP commands are:

- GET
- GETNEXT
- GETBULK
- SET

To query via SNMP you need a Network Management System, such as HP OpenView, OpenNMS, Nagios etc., or the simple command line tools of NET-SNMP software. The device supports SNMP protocols v1, v2c and v3. If traps are enabled in the configuration, the device messages are sent as notifications (traps). SNMP Informs are not supported. SNMP Requests are answered with the same version with which they were sent. The version of the sent traps can be set in the configuration.

MIB Tables

The values that can be requested or changed by the device, the so-called "Managed Objects", are described in Management Information Bases (MIBs). These substructures are subordinate to so-called "OID" (Object Identifiers). An OID digit signifies the location of a value inside a MIB structure. Alternatively, each OID can be referred to with its symbol name (subtree name). The device's MIB table can be displayed as a text file by clicking on the link "MIB table" on the SNMP configuration page in the browser.

SNMP v1 and v2c

SNMP v1 and v2c authenticates the network requests by so-called communities. The SNMP request has to send along the so-called community public for queries (read access) and the community private for status changes (write access) . The SNMP communities are read and write passwords. In SNMP v1 and v2 the communities are transmitted unencrypted on the network and can be easily intercepted with IP sniffers within this collision domain. To enforce limited access we recommend the use of DMZ or IP-ACL.

SNMP v3

Because the device has no multiuser management, only one user (default name "standard") is detected in SNMP v3. From the User-based Security Model (USM) MIB variables, there is a support of "usmStats ..." counter. The "usmUser ..." variables will be added with the enhancement of additional users in later firmware versions. The system has only one context. The system accepts the context "normal" or an empty context.

Authentication

The algorithms "HMAC-MD5-96" and "HMAC-SHA-96" are available for authentication. In addition, the "HMAC-SHA-2" variants (RFC7630) "SHA-256", "SHA-384" and "SHA-512" are implemented.

P "SHA-384" and "SHA512" are calculated purely in software. If "SHA-384" or "SHA-512" is set on the configuration page, the time for the key generation may take once up to approx. 45 seconds.

Encryption

The methods "DES", "3DES", "AES-128", "AES-192" and "AES-256" are supported in combination with "HMAC-MD5-96" and "HMAC-SHA-96." For the "HMAC-SHA-2" protocols, there is currently neither RFC nor draft that will allow for cooperation with an encryption.

While in the settings "AES-192" and "AES256" the key calculation is based on "draft-blumenthalphoto-aes-usm-04", the methods "AES 192-3DESKey" and "AES 256-3DESKey" utilize a key generation, which is also used in the "3DES" configuration ("draft-reeder-snmpv3-usm-3desede-00"). If one is not an SNMP expert, it is recommended to try in each case the settings with and without "...- 3DESKey".

Passwords

The passwords for authentication and encryption are stored only as computed hashes for security reasons. Thus it is, if at all, very difficult to infer the initial password. However, the hash calculation changes with the set algorithms. If the authentication or privacy algorithms are changed, the passwords must be re-entered in the configuration dialog.

Security

The following aspects should be considered:

• If encryption or authentication is used, then SNMP v1 and v2c should be turned off. Otherwise the device could be accessed with it.

- If only authentication is used, then the new "HMAC-SHA-2" methods are superior to the MD5 or SHA-1 hashing algorithms. Since only SHA-256 is accelerated in hardware, and SHA-384 and SHA-512 are calculated purely in software, one should normally select SHA-256. From a cryptographic point of view, the security of SHA-256 is sufficient for today's usage.
- For SHA-1, there are a little less attack scenarios than MD5. If in doubt, SHA-1 is preferable.
- Encryption "DES" is considered very unsafe, use only in an emergency for reasons of compatibility!
- For cryptologists it's a debatable point whether "HMAC-MD5-96" and "HMAC-SHA-96" can muster enough entropy for key lengths of "AES-192" or "AES-256".
- From the foregoing considerations, we would recommended at present "HMAC-SHA-96" with "AES-128" as authentication and encryption method.

Change in Trap Design

In older MIB tables, a separate trap was defined for each combination of an event and a port number. This results in longer lists of trap definitions for the devices. For example, from **epc8221SwitchEvtPort1** to **epc8221SwitchEvtPort12**. Since new firmware versions can generate many more different events, this behavior quickly produces several hundred trap definitions. To limit this overabundance of trap definitions, the trap design has been changed to create only one specific trap for each event type. The port or sensor number is now available in the trap as an index OID within the variable bindings.

In order to recognize this change directly, the "Notification" area in the MIB table has been moved from sysObjectID.0 to sysObjectID.3. This way, unidentified events are generated until the new MIB table is imported. For compatibility reasons, SNMP v1 traps are created in the same way as before.

NET-SNMP

NET-SNMP provides a very widespread collection of SNMP command-line tools (snmpget, snmpset, snmpwalk etc.) NET-SNMP is among others available for Linux and Windows. After installing NET-SNMP you should create the device-specific MIB of the device in NET-SMP share directory, e.g. after

```
c:\usr\share\snmp\mibs
```

or

/usr/share/snmp/mibs

So later you can use the 'subtree names' instead of OIDs:

Name: snmpwalk -v2c -mALL -c public 192.168.1.232 gudeads OID: snmpwalk -v2c -mALL -c public 192.168.1.232 1.3.6.1.4.1.28507

NET-SNMP Examples

Query Power Port 1 switching state:

snmpget -v2c -mALL -c public 192.168.1.232 epc822XPortState.1

Switch on Power Port 1:

snmpset -v2c -mALL -c private 192.168.1.232 epc822XPortState.1 integer 1

4.6.1 Device MIB

Below is a table of all device-specific OID 's which can be accessed via SNMP. In the numerical representation of the OID the prefix " 1.3.6.1.4.1.28507 " (Gude Enterprise OID) was omitted at each entry in the table to preserve space. The example for a complete OID would be "1.3.6.1.4.1.28507.41.1.1.1.1". A distinction is made in SNMP OID 's in between tables and scalars. OID scalar have the extension ".0" and only specify a value. In SNMP tables the "x" is replaced by an index (1 or greater) to address a value from the table.

Name	0	DID	Туре	Acc.
	Description			
ets8801TrapCtrl		1.1.1.1.10	Integer32	RW
	0 = off 1 = Ver. 1 2 = Ver. 2c 3	3 = Ver. 3		
ets8801TraplPIndex	.4	1.1.1.1.2.1.1.x	Integer32	RO
	A unique value, greater than z	zero, for each rece	iver slot.	
ets8801TrapAddr	.4	1.1.1.1.2.1.2.x	OCTETS	RW
	DNS name or IP address spec			
	optionally be specified: 'name:			
ets8801Buzzer	.4	1.1.3.10.0	Integer32	RW
	turn Buzzer on and off			
ets8801ActivePowerChan			Unsigned32	RO
	Number of supported Pow er	Channels.		
ets8801Pow erIndex	.4	1.1.5.1.2.1.1.x	Integer32	RO
	Index of Pow er Channel entrie	es		
ets8801ChanStatus	.4	1.1.5.1.2.1.2.x	Integer32	RO
	0 = data not active, 1 = data va	alid		
ets8801AbsEnergyActive	.4	1.1.5.1.2.1.3.x	Unsigned32	RO
	Absolute Active Energy count	er.		
ets8801Pow erActive	.4	1.1.5.1.2.1.4.x	Integer32	RO
	Active Power			
ets8801Current	.4	1.1.5.1.2.1.5.x	Unsigned32	RO
	Actual Curent on Pow er Chan	nel.		
ets8801Voltage	.4	1.1.5.1.2.1.6.x	Unsigned32	RO
	Actual Voltage on Pow er Cha	nnel		
ets8801Frequency	.4	1.1.5.1.2.1.7.x	Unsigned32	RO
	Frequency of Pow er Channel			
ets8801Pow erFactor	.4	1.1.5.1.2.1.8.x	Integer32	RO
	Pow er Factor of Channel betw			
ets8801Pangle		1.1.5.1.2.1.9.x	Integer32	RO
	Phase Angle betw een Voltage	e and L Line Curren	t betw een -18	0.0 and
	180.0			
ets8801Pow erApparent		1.1.5.1.2.1.10.x	Integer32	RO
	L Line Mean Apparent Pow er			
ets8801Pow erReactive		1.1.5.1.2.1.11.x	Integer32	RO
	L Line Mean Reactive Power			
ets8801AbsEnergyReactive	.4	1.1.5.1.2.1.12.x	Unsigned32	RO
	Absolute Reactive Energy cou	unter.		
ets8801AbsEnergyActiveResettab		1.1.5.1.2.1.13.x	Unsigned32	RW
le		r1.1.0.1.2.1.10.X	Olisighedoz	1.00
	Resettable Absolute Active En resettable counter.	nergy counter. Writi	ng '0' resets al	I
ets8801AbsEnergyReactiveReset		1.1.5.1.2.1.14.x	I Insigned 22	RO
able	.4	H. I.U. I.Z. I. 14.X	Unsigned32	RΟ
	Resettable Absolute Reactive	Energy counter.		
ets8801ResetTime	.4	1.1.5.1.2.1.15.x	Unsigned32	RO
	Time in seconds since last Ene	ergy Counter reset.		
		orgy counter reset.	•	

ets8801Forw EnergyActive	Forw ard Active Energy cou	.41.1.5.1.2.1.16.x nter.	Unsigned32	RO
ets8801Forw EnergyReactive		.41.1.5.1.2.1.17.x	Unsigned32	RO
	Forw ard Reactive Energy co	ounter.		
ets8801ForwEnergyActiveResetta ble		.41.1.5.1.2.1.18.x	Unsigned32	RO
	Resettable Forw ard Active I	Energy counter.		
ets8801ForwEnergyReactiveRese ttable		.41.1.5.1.2.1.19.x	Unsigned32	RO
	Resettable Forw ard Reactiv			
ets8801RevEnergyActive		.41.1.5.1.2.1.20.x	Unsigned32	RO
ata 2001 Day (Franzy) Dagatin (a	Reverse Active Energy cour		Line investigation	
ets8801RevEnergyReactive		.41.1.5.1.2.1.21.x	Unsigned32	RO
ets8801RevEnergyActiveResettab	Reverse Reactive Energy co	Junier.		
0,	1	.41.1.5.1.2.1.22.x	Unsigned32	RO
е	Resettable Reverse Active E	pordy counter		
ets8801RevEnergyReactiveResett		Thergy counter.		
able		.41.1.5.1.2.1.23.x	Unsigned32	RO
sta 0004 Da sidu si Oruma ut	Resettable Reverse Reactive		L ha a i ana a d'00	DO
ets8801ResidualCurrent		.41.1.5.1.2.1.24.x	Unsigned32	RO
	Actual Residual Current on F		0 71	C
ata 2001 lina Cana an Nama	60755. Only visible on mode			
ets8801LineSensorName		.41.1.5.1.2.1.100.x	OCTETS	RW
ata 2201 Fue ale day	A textual string containing na			PO
ets8801FuseIndex	None	.41.1.5.2.1.1.x	Integer32	RO
ets8801FuseStatus		.41.1.5.2.1.2.x	INTEGER	RO
	shows the status of the C13			
ets8801PrimaryPowerAvail		.41.1.5.11.1.0	INTEGER	RO
	not zero if primary Pow er av			
ets8801SecondaryPowerAvail		.41.1.5.11.2.0	INTEGER	RO
sta 00041 iz s Osla stDs mus st	not zero if secondary Pow e		INTEGED	
ets8801LineSelectRequest	a such a banks want to a	.41.1.5.11.3.0	INTEGER	RW
ets8801Pow erLineSelected	sends change request to se	. , ,	INTEGER	RO
elsoou i pow el LineSelected	None	.41.1.5.11.4.0	INTEGER	RU
epc8801NTPTimeValid	None	.41.1.5.15.1.0	INTEGER	RO
epcooutintFlittevallu	Show if valid Time is receive		INTEGER	RU
epc8801NTPUnixTime		.41.1.5.15.2.0	Unsigned32	RO
	show received NTP time as		0	
epc8801NTPLastValidTimestamp		.41.1.5.15.3.0	Unsigned32	RO
	show seconds since last va		•	1.0
ets8801SensorIndex	1	.41.1.6.1.1.1.x	Integer32	RO
	None			
ets8801TempSensor		.41.1.6.1.1.2.x	Integer32	RO
	actual temperature		5	
ets8801HygroSensor		.41.1.6.1.1.3.x	Integer32	RO
,,,	actual humidity		0	
ets8801InputSensor		.41.1.6.1.1.4.x	INTEGER	RO
·	logical state of input sensor			
ets8801AirPressure	V 1	.41.1.6.1.1.5.x	Integer32	RO
	actual air pressure			
ets8801Dew Point		.41.1.6.1.1.6.x	Integer32	RO
	dew point for actual tempera	ature and humidity	2	
ets8801Dew PointDiff	· · ·	.41.1.6.1.1.7.x	Integer32	RO
	difference between dew po Dew Point)	int and actual tempe	•	
ets8801ExtSensorName	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	.41.1.6.1.1.32.x	OCTETS	RW
	A textual string containing na			1 1 1 1

4.7 SSL

TLS Standard

The device is compatible with TLS v1.1 to TLS v1.3 standards, but due to lack of security, SSL v3.0, TLS 1.0, and RC4, MD5, SHA1, and DES encryption are disabled. All ciphers use Diffie-Hellman key exchange (Perfect Forward Secrecy).

TLS 1.3 performance

The interaction of TLS 1.3 and unsecure certificates and a web browser with Chromium Engine (Google Chrome or MS Edge) can lead to performance losses, and thus longer loading times. In this constellation, the Chromium Engine does not correctly support the SSL Session Cache (Session Tickets) and the math unit of the embedded CPU may be overwhelmed with continuous RSA operations. There are some possible workarounds:

- Use secure certificates (official certificate authority or marked as secure in the OS)
- or use of the Firefox browser
- or use of ECC 256 (no RSA) certificates
- or configure to "TLS v1.2 only

Creating your own Certificates

The SSL stack is supplied with a specially newly generated self-signed certificate. There is no function to generate the local certificate anew at the touch of a button, since the required random numbers in an embedded device are usually not independent enough. However, you can create new certificates and import them to the device. The server accepts RSA (2048/4096) and ECC (Elliptic Curve Cryptography) certificates.

Usually OpenSSL is used to create an SSL certificate. For Windows for example, there is the light version of Shining Light Productions. There you open a command prompt, change to the directory "C:\OpenSSL-Win32\bin" and set these environment variables:

```
set openssl_conf=C:\OpenSSL-Win32\bin\openssl.cfg
set RANDFILE=C:\OpenSSL-Win32\bin\.rnd
```

Here are some examples for the generation with OpenSSL:

Creation of a self-signed RSA 2048-bit certificate

```
openssl genrsa -out server.key 2048
openssl req -new -x509 -days 365 -key server.key -out server.crt
```

RSA 2048-bit certificate with Sign Request:

```
openssl genrsa -out server.key 2048
openssl req -new -key server.key -out server.csr
openssl req -x509 -days 365 -key server.key -in server.csr -out server.crt
```

The server keys should be created with "openssl genrsa". The Gude device processes keys in the traditional PKCS#1 format. This can be recognized by the fact that the generated key file starts with "-----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----". If the file starts with "-----BEGIN PRIVATE KEY-----", the file is in PKCS#8 format and the key is not recognized. If you have only a key in PKCS#8 format, you can convert it to PKCS#1 with openssl: "**openssl rsa -in pkcs8.key -out pkcs1.key**".

ECC Certificate with Sign Request:

```
openssl ecparam -genkey -name prime256v1 -out server.key
openssl req -new -key server.key -out server.csr
openssl req -x509 -days 365 -key server.key -in server.csr -out server.crt
```

If you have created your key and certificate, both files are concatenated to one file:

Linux:

cat server.crt server.key > server.pem

Windows:

copy server.crt + server.key server.pem

The created server.pem can only be uploaded in the maintenance section of the device.

If several certificates (Intermediate CRTs) should also be uploaded to the device, one should make sure, that firstly the server certificate and secondly the Intermediates are assembled, e.g:

cat server.crt IM1.crt IM2.crt server.key > server.pem

للله An uploaded certificate will be preserved, when a device is put back to factory defaults 22 ا.

Performance Considerations

If RSA 4096 certificates are used, the first access to the web server can take 8-10 seconds, because the math unit of the embedded CPU is highly demanded. After that, the parameters are in the SSL session cache, so all other requests are just as fast as with other certificate lengths. For a quick response even on the first access, we recommend RSA 2048-bit certificates that offer adequate security, too.

4.8 Console

For the configuration and control of the device, there is a set of commands with parameters that can be entered through a console. The console is available via Telnet, or for devices with RS232 port through using a serial terminal. It is not necessary to use Telnet, in **Raw Mode** a simple TCP/IP connection is sufficient to send commands. The communication can also be performed automated (e.g. via scripting languages). The console features are configured through the web interface 30° .

Command Set

There are several command levels. The following commands are usable from each level:

back	go back one level
help	all commands of the actual level
help all	show all commands
logout	logout (only when login required)
quit	quit console

The "help" command returns all the commands of the current level. If "help" is called from the top level, e.g. the line "http [subtopics]" appears. This means that there is another level for "http". With the command "http help" all commands below "http" are shown. Alternatively, with entering "http" you can select the http level, and "help" shows all the commands on the selected level. The command "back" again selects the top level. It is possible to use "help" at any position: "http passwd help" provides all commands that have the prefix "http passwd".

You will find a complete list of all possible device commands in the chapter "Cmd Overview".

Parameter

If parameters are expected for the command, the parameter may be passed as numeric or constant. If e.g. you get the following line as help:

http server set {http both=0|https only=1|http only=2}

the following instruction pairs are equivalent:

http server set https_only
http server set 1

or

http server set https_both
http server set 0

Numerical parameters can be entered with different bases. Here is an example of the decimal value 11:

Base	Input
decimal (10)	11
hexadecimal (16)	0xb
octal (8)	013
binary (2)	0b1011

Bit Field Parameter

Some parameters can take several values at the same time. In the following example, all values between 0 and 5 can be set. In the help, this can be recognized by the fact that the values are not separated by the "|" character, but by commas.

"{EVT SYSLOG=0, EVT SNMP=1, EVT EMAIL=2, EVT SMS=3, EVT GSMEMAIL=4, EVT BEEPER=5}"

To set EVT_SYSLOG and EVT_EMAIL in a command, you can use the following syntax:

>extsensor 1 2 0 events type set "EVT_SYSLOG,EVT_EMAIL"
OK.

or numeric

>extsensor 1 2 0 events type set "0,2"
OK.

Additionally you can set all values with "ALLSET" or encode any bit pattern as hexadecimal with a syntax like "#7f1a".

Return Values

If a command is unknown or a parameter is incorrect, the output "ERR." is given at the beginning of the line, followed by a description of the fault. Successful instructions without special return value will be acknowledged by "OK.". All other return values are output within a single line. There are of two exceptions:

- 1. Some configuration changes, that affect TCP / IP and UDP, need a restart to be applied. These parameters are output on two lines. In the first line the current value is shown, on the second row the value after a restart. In the "Cmd Overview" table this is marked with "Note 2".
- 2. Other configurations (such as the assigned IPv6 addresses) have several values that can change dynamically. This is marked with "Note 3" in the "Cmd Overview" table.

Numerical Returns

For parameters that support constants, these constants are output as return values. To better deal with scripting languages, it may be easier to work only with numerical returns. The command "vt100 numeric set ON" enables that only numerical values appear.

Comments

If you use a tool to send an entire file of commands via Telnet, it is helpful, if you can place comments in there. Beginning with the comment character "#", the remaining contents of a line is ignored.

Telnet

If the configuration "Raw Mode" is turned off, it is tried to negotiate the Telnet configuration between client and server using IAC commands. If this fails, the editing functions are not active, and the "Activate echo" option determines whether the characters sent to the Telnet server will be returned. Normally the client begins with the IAC negotiation. If this is not the case with the client, the device configuration "Active negotiation" should be turned on.

Raw Mode

If you want to use the console only automated, it may be advantageous to set the configuration "Raw mode" to "yes" and "Activate echo" to "no" to. Then there is no interfering interaction with the editor functions and the is no need to filter the sent characters to process the return values.

If in the console "Raw mode" is activated but not in the used Telnet client, the IAC commands sent at the beginning can appear as interfering characters in the command line (partially invisible).

Editing

The following edit functions are available when the terminal supports VT100, and Raw Mode is deactivated. Entered characters are inserted at the cursor position.

Keys	Function
Left, Right	moves cursor left or right
Pos1, End	moves cursor to the beginning or end of line
Del	deletes character under the cursor
Backspace	deletes character left of cursor
Up, Down	shows input lines history
Tab, Ctrl-Tab	completes the word at cursor
Ctrl-C	clears the line

Sensor Examples

a) External Sensors

```
>extsensor all show
E=1,L="7106",0="21.3°C",1="35.1%",3="1013hPa",4="5.2°C",5="16.0°C""
E=2,L="7102",0="21.2°C",1="35.4%",4="5.3°C",5="15.9°C""
```

The command lists one connected external sensor per line, and the individual measured values are separated by commas after the label name. The digit before the equal sign corresponds to the Index field in the External Sensor Table.

>extsensor 1 0 value show

Displays temperature of the sensor at Port 1

b) Line Sensors

```
>linesensor all "0,1,2,3,12" show
L=1,L="Power Port",0="13000Wh",1="0W",2="225V",3="0A",12="998218s"
L=2,L="Power Port",0="13000Wh",1="0W",2="223V",3="0A",12="996199s"
```

This command outputs all line sensor values in one line. A list of all fields (according to the energy sensor table) is transferred as parameter. In this example these are the fields Absolute Active Energy (0), Power Active (1), Voltage (2), Current (3) and Reset Time

(12).

>linesensor 1 "0, 1, 2, 3, 12" show
>linesensor 1 1 show

These variants give the sensor values of the field list or of a sensor at Line-In 1.

For devices with Overvoltage Protection, the "linesensor all" command also outputs the state of the protection ("OVP=x"). A "1" means ok, a "0" a failure of the protection.

c) Port Sensors

```
>portsensor all "0,1,2,3,12" show
P=1,L="Power Port",0="13000Wh",1="0W",2="225V",3="0A",12="998218s"
P=2,L="Power Port",0="13000Wh",1="0W",2="225V",3="0A",12="996199s"
...
P=12,L="Power Port",0="13000Wh",1="0W",2="225V",3="0A",12="998218s"
```

This command outputs all port sensor values in one line. A list of all fields (according to the energy sensor table) is passed as parameter. In this example these are the fields Absolute Active Energy (0), Power Active (1), Voltage (2), Current (3) and Reset Time (12).

>portsensor 2 "0, 1, 2, 3, 12" show
>portsensor 2 1 show

These variants give the sensor values of the field list or a sensor to at Outlet Port 2.

d) Displaying Port Relays

```
>port all state 1 show
P1=ON, P2=OFF, P3=ON, P4=OFF, P5=OFF, P6=OFF, P7=OFF, P8=ON
```

The command "port all state {MODE0=0|MODE1=1|MODE2=2} show" returns the switching state of all relays in 3 possible formats.

e) Switching Port Relays

```
#port all state set "1,2,12" 1
OK.
```

The command syntax "port all state set "{port_list}" {OFF=0|ON=1}" sets a list of ports to ON=1 or OFF=0.

4.8.1 SSH

The device supports SSH-2 connections with either public key authentication or user name and password. The "login" must be enabled for SSH. Users and passwords can be stored locally or retrieved via a radius server. If you want to use SSH in a terminal, <u>Activate echo</u> should be enabled.

Public Keys

The following public keys are accepted:

Key type	Length
RSA	2048, 4096
ECDSA	256, 384

Generation with PuTTYgen

Key			
Public key for pasting	into OpenSSH authoriz	ed_keys file:	
+tLSmdXuqglDgQ1D +38VtDLcTlXbtZS77 pc04U3r9unNjqTar20	b 7KLm 16mqmzGo VBX fWrqDdouugl 28k5Jx7J :Xqui 4XHdvv Fr0dByaa	EAk A926b1dwfApsq1ra 6kmVWmx2XRucTUQoh ORpMuNGBLOsdPK5K eR3yBWjivdv46uuXaia2 GaxK2xDE3192iz//xt79o	nrVzvqAUp NeYm9SPo8wltn0 274p6Ou4Fkys0/b
Key fingerprint:	ssh-rsa 2048 4b:4b.fs	0:b3:5f:9b:b7:f3:e5:40:co	d:7c:70:df:af:86
Key comment:	rsa-key-20201011		
Key passphrase:			
Confirm passphrase:			
Actions			
Generate a public/priv	vate key pair		Generate
Load an existing priva	te key file		Load
Save the generated k	ey	Save public key	Save private key

Generated keys can be copied directly from e.g. PuTTYgen,

Upload new SSH public key:	SSh-ISA AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAA ADAQABAAABAQDTliqb/	^ • //.
	🗌 Delete public key	

and inserted into the Configuration - Console input field. Public keys are accepted in SSH2 or OpenSSH format.

Generation with ssh-keygen

The tool ssh-keygen is mostly shipped with Linux and Windows to generate SSH keys. Here is an example to generate an ECDSA 384 key.

ssh-keygen -t ecdsa -b 384 -f ssh.key

In the file ssh.pub is then the private key, the content of ssh.key.pub is inserted into the field "Upload SSH public key:".

Upload new SSH public key:

tbmlzdHAzODQAAAAIbm //

Delete public key

4.8.2 Console Cmd 8801

Command	Description	Note
logout	go to login prompt w hen enabled	2
quit	quits telnet session - nothing in serial console	2
back	back one cmd level	2
help	show all cmds from this level	2
help all	show all cmds	2
clock	enters cmd group "clock"	
clock ntp enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables ntp	
clock ntp enabled show	shows if ntp enabled	
clock timezone set {minutes}	sets timezone	
clock timezone show	shows timezone	
clock dst enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables dst	
clock dst enabled show	show s if dst is enabled	
clock manual set "{hh:mm:ss yyyy-mm-dd}"	sets time and date manually	
clock show	show s actual time and date	
clock ntp server {PRIMARY=0 BACKUP=1} set		
"{dns_name}"	sets ntp server name	
clock ntp server {PRIMARY=0 BACKUP=1} show	shows ntp server name	
console	enters cmd group "console"	
console version	shows unique console version number	
console telnet enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables telnet on/off	
console telnet enabled show	show s if telnet enabled	
console telnet port set {ip port}	sets telnet port	
console telnet port show	shows telnet port	
console telnet raw set {OFF=0 ON=1}	sets raw mode (disables editing) on/off	
console telnet raw show	shows if raw mode enabled	
console telnet echo set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables echo on/off	
console telnet echo show	show s if echo enabled	
console telnet activeneg set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables telnet active negotiation (IAC) on/off	
console telnet activeneg show	shows if active negotiation enabled	
console telnet login set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables login on/off	
console telnet login show	show s if login enabled	
console telnet login local set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables local login on/off	
console telnet login local show	show s if local login enabled	
console telnet login radius set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables login for RADIUS on/off	
console telnet login radius show	show s if RADIUS login enabled	
console telnet login delay set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables delay (after 3 login fails) on/off	
console telnet login delay show	show s if login delay enabled	
console telnet pushmsgs config set {OFF=0]		
ON=1}	enables persistent push msgs	
console telnet pushmsgs config show	show s if persistent push msgs are enabled	
console telnet pushmsgs set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables temporary push msgs	
console telnet pushmsgs show	show s if temporary push msgs are enabled	
console telnet user set "{username}"	sets login user name	
console telnet user show	show s login user name	
console telnet passw d set "{passw d}"	sets login passw ord	
console telnet passw d hash set "{passw d}"	sets login hashed passw ord	
console ssh enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables SSH	
console ssh enabled show	show s if SSH enabled	
console ssh port set {ip_port}	sets SSH port	
console ssh port show	show s SSH port	

console ssh echo set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables echo on/off	
console ssh echo show	show s if echo enabled	
console ssh pushmsgs config set {OFF=0 ON=1}		
console ssh pushmsgs config show	shows if persistent push msgs are enabled	
console ssh pushmsgs set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables temporary push msgs	
console ssh pushmsgs show	shows if temporary push msgs are enabled	
console ssh public hash set "{passw d}"	sets hash of SSH public key	
console ssh public hash show	shows hash of SSH public key	
email	enters cmd group "email"	
email enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables email on/off	
email enabled show	shows if email is enabled	
email sender set "{email_addr}"	sets email sender address	
email sender show	shows email sender address	
email recipient set "{email_addr}"	sets email recipient address	
email recipient show	show s email recipient address	
email server set "{dns_name}" email server show	sets email SMTP server address show s email SMTP server address	
email port set {ip port}	sets email SMTP port	
email port show	show s email SMTP port	
email security set {NONE=0 STARTTLS=1 SSL=2}		
email security show	shows SMTP connection security	
email auth set {NONE=0 PLAIN=1 LOGIN=2}	sets email authentication	
email auth show	show email authentication	
email user set "{username}"	sets SMTP username	
email user show	show s SMTP username	
email passw d set "{passw d}" email passw d hash set "{passw d}"	sets SMTP passw ord sets crypted SMTP passw ord	
email testmail	send test email	
ethernet	enters cmd group "ethernet"	
ethernet mac show	shows MAC address	
ethernet link show	shows ethernet link state	
ethernet phyprefer set {10MBIT_HD=0 10MBIT_FD=1 100MBIT_HD=2 100MBIT_FD=3}	sets preferred speed for PHY Auto Negotiation	
ethernet phyprefer show	shows preferred speed for PHY Auto Negotiation	
ets	enters cmd group "ets"	
ets {line_num} state show	show s if line has pow er	
ets line selected set {12}	select line w hen pow er avail and preferred = none	
ets line selected show	shows selected line	
ets line preferred {NONE=0 INPUTA=1 INPUTB=2}	set preferred line	
set	•	
ets line preferred show ets sensitivity set {LOW=0 HIGH=1}	show s preferred line sets sensitivity	
ets sensitivity show	show s sensitivity	
ets fastonsync set {OFF=0 ON=1}	sets faster switching when on same phase	
ets fastonsync show	shows if faster switching enabled	
ets beeper set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables beeper when line not avail	
ets beeper show	show s ets beeper state	
extsensor	enters cmd group "extsensor"	
extsensor all show	shows all values from connected external	
extsensor all show	sensors show s all plugged sensors and fields	
extsensor {port_num} {sen_field} value show	show's an plugged sensors and helds	6
extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} label set "{name}"	sets sensor name to label	6
extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} label show	show s label of sensor	6
extsensor {port_num} type show	show's type of sensor	5
extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} events set {off=0 on=1}	enables sensor events on/off	6
events set {or oprion } extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} events show	shows if sensor events are enabled	6

events type set

extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field}

	6
	0
}	
shows what event types are enabled	6
shows what event types are chabled	0
sote maximum value for sonsor	6
	0
a havva mavimum valua fan aanaan	6
snow's maximum value for sensor	6
, , r	~
sets minimum value for sensor	6
	•
	6
st	
sets hysterese value for sensor	6
st	
shows hysterese value for sensor	6
sets nublish mode	
shows publish mode	
sets mgtt retain	
•	
shows if matt retain set	
sets nublish time interval	
abow a publich time interval	
show's publish line interval	
a sta muhlia ha da ka wakwa	
sets publish delta value	
shows publish delta value	
sets sensor Min/Max measurement period	
shows sensor Min/Max measurement period	
•	
shows a beeper sensor diarris are chabled	
optore and group "bttp"	
sets accepted connection types	
sets https port	
shows https port	
2 restricts TLS mode	
show s TLS mode restriction	
show s TLS mode restriction enables ajax autorefresh on/off	
show s TLS mode restriction enables ajax autorefresh on/off show s if ajax autorefresh enabled	
show s TLS mode restriction enables ajax autorefresh on/off show s if ajax autorefresh enabled enables http passw ord on/off	
show s TLS mode restriction enables ajax autorefresh on/off show s if ajax autorefresh enabled enables http passw ord on/off show s if http passw ord enabled	
show s TLS mode restriction enables ajax autorefresh on/off show s if ajax autorefresh enabled enables http passw ord on/off show s if http passw ord enabled enables local login on/off	
show s TLS mode restriction enables ajax autorefresh on/off show s if ajax autorefresh enabled enables http passw ord on/off show s if http passw ord enabled enables local login on/off show s if local login enabled	
show s TLS mode restriction enables ajax autorefresh on/off show s if ajax autorefresh enabled enables http passw ord on/off show s if http passw ord enabled enables local login on/off show s if local login enabled enables login for RADIUS on/off	
show s TLS mode restriction enables ajax autorefresh on/off show s if ajax autorefresh enabled enables http passw ord on/off show s if http passw ord enabled enables local login on/off show s if local login enabled enables login for RADIUS on/off show s if RADIUS login enabled	
show s TLS mode restriction enables ajax autorefresh on/off show s if ajax autorefresh enabled enables http passw ord on/off show s if http passw ord enabled enables local login on/off show s if local login enabled enables login for RADIUS on/off	
	show s if mqtt retain set sets publish time interval show s publish time interval sets publish delta value show s publish delta value show s publish delta value sets sensor Min/Max measurement period show s sensor Min/Max measurement period show s sensor Min/Max measurement period enables beeper sensor alarms show s if beeper sensor alarms are enabled enters cmd group "http" sets accepted connection types show s accepted connection types sets http port show s http port show s http port

http passw d hash admin set "{passw d}"	sets hashed http admin passw ord	
ip4	enters cmd group "ip4"	
ip4 hostname set "{name}"	sets device hostname	
ip4 hostname show	show s device hostname	3
ip4 address set "{ip_address}"	sets IPv4 address	
ip4 address show	shows IPv4 address	3
ip4 netmask set "{ip_address}"	sets IPv4 netmask	•
ip4 netmask show	show s IPv4 netmask	3
ip4 gatew ay set "{ip_address}" ip4 gatew ay show	sets IPv4 gatew ay address show s IPv4 gatew ay address	3
ip4 gatew ay show ip4 dns set "{ip_address}"	sets IPv4 DNS server address	3
ip4 dns show	show s IPv4 DNS server address	3
ip4 dhcp enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables IPv4 DHCP on/off	Ū
ip4 dhcp enabled show	shows IPv4 DHCP state	3
	and an and many the Ot	
ip6	enters cmd group "ip6" enables IPv6 on/off	
ip6 enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} ip6 enabled show	shows if IPv6 is enabled	3
ip6 routadv enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables IPv6 router advertisement	5
ip6 routady enabled show	show s IPv6 router advertisement state	3
ip6 dhcp enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables IPv6 DHCP on/off	
ip6 dhcp enabled show	shows if IPv6 DHCP is enabled	3
ip6 address show	show all IPv6 addresses	4
ip6 gatew ay show	show all IPv6 gateways	4
ip6 dns show	show all IPv6 DNS server	4
ip6 manual enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables manual IPv6 addresses	
ip6 manual enabled show	shows if manual IPv6 addresses are enabled	3
ip6 manual address {14} set "{ip_address}"	sets manual IPv6 address	2
ip6 manual address {14} show	show s manual IPv6 address sets manual IPv6 gatew ay address	3
ip6 manual gatew ay set "{ip_address}" ip6 manual gatew ay show	shows manual IPv6 gateway address	3
ip6 manual dns {12} set "{ip_address}"	sets manual IPv6 DNS server address	0
ip6 manual dns {12} show	show s manual IPv6 DNS server address	3
ipacl	enters cmd group "ipacl"	
ipacl ping enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables ICMP ping on/off	
ipacl ping enabled show	show s if ICMP ping enabled	
ipacl enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enable IP filter on/off	
ipacl enabled show	shows if IP filter enabled	
ipacl filter {ipacl_num} set "{dns_name}"	sets IP filter {ipacl_num}	
ipacl filter {ipacl_num} show	shows IP filter {ipacl_num}	
linesensor	enters cmd aroup "linesensor"	
	enters cmd group "linesensor" show s energy sensors according field list of all	_
	enters cmd group "linesensor" show s energy sensors according field list of all line sensors	5
linesensor all {field_list} show linesensor {line_num} {field_list} show	shows energy sensors according field list of all	5 5
linesensor all {field_list} show linesensor {line_num} {field_list} show linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} value show	show s energy sensors according field list of all line sensors show s energy sensors according field list of one	
linesensor all {field_list} show linesensor {line_num} {field_list} show linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} value show linesensor {line_num} ovp show	show s energy sensors according field list of all line sensors show s energy sensors according field list of one line sensor show s energy sensor of given line show state of Overvoltage Protection	5
linesensor all {field_list} show linesensor {line_num} {field_list} show linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} value show linesensor {line_num} ovp show linesensor {line_num} counter reset	show s energy sensors according field list of all line sensors show s energy sensors according field list of one line sensor show s energy sensor of given line show state of Overvoltage Protection resets energy metering counter	5
linesensor all {field_list} show linesensor {line_num} {field_list} show linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} value show linesensor {line_num} ovp show linesensor {line_num} counter reset linesensor {line_num} label set "{name}"	show s energy sensors according field list of all line sensors show s energy sensors according field list of one line sensor show s energy sensor of given line show state of Overvoltage Protection resets energy metering counter sets line meter to label	5
linesensor all {field_list} show linesensor {line_num} {field_list} show linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} value show linesensor {line_num} ovp show linesensor {line_num} counter reset linesensor {line_num} label set "{name}" linesensor {line_num} label show	show s energy sensors according field list of all line sensors show s energy sensors according field list of one line sensor show s energy sensor of given line show state of Overvoltage Protection resets energy metering counter	5
linesensor {line_num} {field_list} show linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} value show linesensor {line_num} ovp show linesensor {line_num} counter reset linesensor {line_num} label set "{name}" linesensor {line_num} label show linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} events set {OFF=0 ON=1}	show s energy sensors according field list of all line sensors show s energy sensors according field list of one line sensor show s energy sensor of given line show state of Overvoltage Protection resets energy metering counter sets line meter to label	5
linesensor all {field_list} show linesensor {line_num} {field_list} show linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} value show linesensor {line_num} ovp show linesensor {line_num} counter reset linesensor {line_num} label set "{name}" linesensor {line_num} label show linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} events set {OFF=0 ON=1} linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} events show	show s energy sensors according field list of all line sensors show s energy sensors according field list of one line sensor show s energy sensor of given line show state of Overvoltage Protection resets energy metering counter sets line meter to label show s label of line meter	5
linesensor all {field_list} show linesensor {line_num} {field_list} show linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} value show linesensor {line_num} ovp show linesensor {line_num} counter reset linesensor {line_num} label set "{name}" linesensor {line_num} label show linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} events set {OFF=0 ON=1} linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} events show linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} events	show s energy sensors according field list of all line sensors show s energy sensors according field list of one line sensor show s energy sensor of given line show state of Overvoltage Protection resets energy metering counter sets line meter to label show s label of line meter enables events on/off show s if events are enabled	5
linesensor all {field_list} show linesensor {line_num} {field_list} show linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} value show linesensor {line_num} ovp show linesensor {line_num} counter reset linesensor {line_num} label set "{name}" linesensor {line_num} label show linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} events set {OFF=0 ON=1} linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} events show linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} events type set "{EVT_SYSLOG=0,EVT_SNMP=1,EVT_EMAIL=2,	show s energy sensors according field list of all line sensors show s energy sensors according field list of one line sensor show s energy sensor of given line show state of Overvoltage Protection resets energy metering counter sets line meter to label show s label of line meter enables events on/off show s if events are enabled E	5
linesensor all {field_list} show linesensor {line_num} {field_list} show linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} value show linesensor {line_num} ovp show linesensor {line_num} counter reset linesensor {line_num} label set "{name}" linesensor {line_num} label show linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} events set {OFF=0 ON=1} linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} events show linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} events	show s energy sensors according field list of all line sensors show s energy sensors according field list of one line sensor show s energy sensor of given line show state of Overvoltage Protection resets energy metering counter sets line meter to label show s label of line meter enables events on/off show s if events are enabled E	5

Specifications

linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} maxval show	shows maximum value for line meter
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} minval se {float}	t sets minimum value for line meter
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} minval show	show s minimum value for line meter
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} hyst set	sets hysterese value for line meter
{float} linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} hyst	show s hysterese value for line meter
show linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish	
mode set {NONE=0 INTERVAL=1 DELTA=2 INTERV_DELTA=3}	sets publish mode
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish mode show	show s publish mode
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish mqtt retain set {OFF=0 ON=1}	sets mqtt retain
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish mqtt retain show	show s if mqtt retain set
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish timer set {num_secs}	sets publish time interval
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish timer show	shows publish time interval
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish delta set {float}	sets publish delta value
linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish delta show	show s publish delta value
linesensor {line_num} events set {OFF=0 ON=1}	LEGACY - enables events on/off
linesensor {line_num} events show	LEGACY - shows if events are enabled
linesensor {line_num} events type set	
"{EVT_SYSLOG=0,EVT_SNMP=1,EVT_EMAIL=2,I	
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEMAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E	LEGACY - enables different event types L
	LEGACY - enables different event types L
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEMAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 "	ELEGACY - enables different event types L
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEMAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " linesensor {line_num} events type show	LEGACY - enables different event types L } LEGACY - shows what event types are enabled L
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEMAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " linesensor {line_num} events type show linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float}	LEGACY - enables different event types L LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled L LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter L
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEMAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " linesensor {line_num} events type show linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} linesensor {line_num} maxval show	LEGACY - enables different event types L LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled L LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEMAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " linesensor {line_num} events type show linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} linesensor {line_num} maxval show linesensor {line_num} minval set {float}	LEGACY - enables different event types L LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled L LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEMAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " linesensor {line_num} events type show linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} linesensor {line_num} maxval show linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval show	LEGACY - enables different event types L LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled L LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s minimum value for line meter L
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEMAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " linesensor {line_num} events type show linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} linesensor {line_num} maxval show linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval show linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float}	LEGACY - enables different event types L LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled L LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s minimum value for line meter L
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEMAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " linesensor {line_num} events type show linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval show linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst show	LEGACY - enables different event types L LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled L LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEWAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " linesensor {line_num} events type show linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval show linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst show linesensor {line_num} hyst show linesensor beeper set {OFF=0 ON=1}	LEGACY - enables different event types L LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled L LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEMAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " linesensor {line_num} events type show linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval show linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst show	LEGACY - enables different event types L LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled L LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEWAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " linesensor {line_num} events type show linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval show linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst show linesensor {line_num} hyst show linesensor beeper set {OFF=0 ON=1}	LEGACY - enables different event types L LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled L LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L enables beeper for line meter alarms show s if beeper for line meter alarms is enabled
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEWAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " linesensor {line_num} events type show linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} linesensor {line_num} maxval show linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst show linesensor beeper set {OFF=0 ON=1} linesensor beeper show	LEGACY - enables different event types L LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled L LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEWAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " linesensor {line_num} events type show linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} linesensor {line_num} maxval show linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst show linesensor beeper set {OFF=0 ON=1} linesensor beeper show modbus	LEGACY - enables different event types L LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled L LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L enables beeper for line meter alarms show s if beeper for line meter alarms is enabled enters cmd group "modbus"
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEWAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " linesensor {line_num} events type show linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} linesensor {line_num} maxval show linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst show linesensor beeper set {OFF=0 ON=1} linesensor beeper show modbus modbus enabled set <off=0 on="1"> modbus enabled set <off=0 on="1"> modbus enabled show modbus port set <ip_port></ip_port></off=0></off=0>	LEGACY - enables different event types L LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled L LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L enables beeper for line meter alarms show s if beeper for line meter alarms is enabled enters cmd group "modbus" enables Modbus TCP support show s if Modbus is enabled sets Modbus TCP port
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEWAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " linesensor {line_num} events type show linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor beeper set {OFF=0 ON=1} linesensor beeper show modbus modbus enabled set <off=0 on="1"> modbus enabled set <off=0 on="1"></off=0></off=0>	LEGACY - enables different event types L LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled L LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L enables beeper for line meter alarms show s if beeper for line meter alarms is enabled enters cmd group "modbus" enables Modbus TCP support show s if Modbus is enabled
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEWAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " linesensor {line_num} events type show linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor beeper set {OFF=0 ON=1} linesensor beeper show modbus modbus enabled set <off=0 on="1"> modbus enabled show modbus port set <ip_port> modbus port show</ip_port></off=0>	LEGACY - enables different event types L LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled L LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L enables beeper for line meter alarms show s if beeper for line meter alarms is enabled enters cmd group "modbus" enables Modbus TCP support show s if Modbus is enabled sets Modbus TCP port
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEWAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " linesensor {line_num} events type show linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor beeper set {OFF=0 ON=1} linesensor beeper show modbus modbus enabled set <off=0 on="1"> modbus enabled show modbus port set <ip_port> modbus port show</ip_port></off=0>	LEGACY - enables different event types L LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled L LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L enables beeper for line meter alarms show s if beeper for line meter alarms is enabled enters cmd group "modbus" enables Modbus TCP support show s if Modbus is enabled sets Modbus TCP port show s Modbus TCP port
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEWAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " linesensor {line_num} events type show linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor beeper set {OFF=0 ON=1} linesensor beeper show modbus modbus enabled set <off=0 on="1"> modbus enabled show modbus port set <ip_port> modbus port show mqtt mqtt {broker_idx} enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}</ip_port></off=0>	LEGACY - enables different event types L LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled L LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L enables beeper for line meter alarms show s if beeper for line meter alarms is enabled enters cmd group "modbus" enables Modbus TCP support show s if Modbus is enabled sets Modbus TCP port show s Modbus TCP port
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEWAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " linesensor {line_num} events type show linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval show linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst show linesensor beeper set {OFF=0 ON=1} linesensor beeper show modbus modbus enabled set <off=0 on="1"> modbus enabled show modbus port set <ip_port> modbus port show mqtt mqtt {broker_idx} enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} mqtt {broker_idx} enabled show</ip_port></off=0>	LEGACY - enables different event types L LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled L LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L enables beeper for line meter alarms show s if beeper for line meter alarms show s if Modbus is enabled
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEWAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " linesensor {line_num} events type show linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval show linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst show linesensor beeper set {OFF=0 ON=1} linesensor beeper show modbus modbus enabled set <off=0 on="1"> modbus enabled show modbus port set <ip_port> modbus port show mqtt mqtt {broker_idx} enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} mqtt {broker_idx} enabled show mqtt {broker_idx} server set "{dns_name}"</ip_port></off=0>	LEGACY - enables different event types L LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled L LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L enables beeper for line meter alarms show s if beeper for line meter alarms show s if Modbus is enabled sets Modbus TCP support show s if Modbus is enabled sets Modbus TCP port enters cmd group "mqtt" enable mqtt show s if mqtt enabled sets broker name
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEWAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " linesensor {line_num} events type show linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval show linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor beeper set {OFF=0 ON=1} linesensor beeper show modbus enabled set <off=0 on="1"> modbus enabled show modbus port set <ip_port> modbus port show mqtt mqtt {broker_idx} enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} mqtt {broker_idx} server set "{dns_name}" mqtt {broker_idx} server show</ip_port></off=0>	LEGACY - enables different event types L LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled L LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L enables beeper for line meter alarms show s if beeper for line meter alarms show s if Modbus TCP support show s if Modbus is enabled sets Modbus TCP port show s Modbus TCP port enters cmd group "mqtt" enable mqtt show s if mqtt enabled sets broker name show s broker name show s broker name
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEWAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " linesensor {line_num} events type show linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor beeper set {OFF=0 ON=1} linesensor beeper show modbus modbus enabled set <off=0 on="1"> modbus enabled show modbus port set <ip_port> modbus port show mqtt {broker_idx} enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} mqtt {broker_idx} server set "{dns_name}" mqtt {broker_idx} ts enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}</ip_port></off=0>	LEGACY - enables different event types L LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled L LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L enables beeper for line meter alarms show s if beeper for line meter alarms show s if Modbus is enabled sets sets Modbus TCP support show s Modbus TCP port show s Modbus TCP port sets enters cmd group "mqtt" enable mqt show s if mqtt enabled sets broker name show s broker name enable mqt
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEWAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " linesensor {line_num} events type show linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor beeper set {OFF=0 ON=1} linesensor beeper show modbus modbus enabled set <off=0 on="1"> modbus enabled show modbus port set <ip_port> modbus port show mqtt mqtt {broker_idx} enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} mqtt {broker_idx} server set "{dns_name}" mqtt {broker_idx} is enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} mqtt {broker_idx} is enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}</ip_port></off=0>	LEGACY - enables different event types L LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled L LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L endex beeper for line meter alarms show s if beeper for line meter alarms show s if beeper for line meter alarms is enabled
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEWAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " linesensor {line_num} events type show linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor beeper set {OFF=0 ON=1} linesensor beeper show modbus modbus enabled set <off=0 on="1"> modbus enabled show modbus port set <ip_port> modbus port show mqtt {broker_idx} enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} mqtt {broker_idx} server set "{dns_name}" mqtt {broker_idx} ts enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}</ip_port></off=0>	LEGACY - enables different event types L LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled L LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L enables beeper for line meter alarms show s if beeper for line meter alarms show s if Modbus is enabled sets sets Modbus TCP support show s Modbus TCP port show s Modbus TCP port sets enters cmd group "mqtt" enable mqt show s if mqtt enabled sets broker name show s broker name enable mqt
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEWAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " linesensor {line_num} events type show linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor beeper set {OFF=0 ON=1} linesensor beeper show modbus modbus enabled set <off=0 on="1"> modbus enabled show modbus port set <ip_port> modbus port show mqtt {broker_idx} enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} mqtt {broker_idx} server set "{dns_name}" mqtt {broker_idx} is enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} mqtt {broker_idx} is enabled show mqtt {broker_idx} port set {ip_port}</ip_port></off=0>	LEGACY - enables different event types L LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled L LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L endex beeper for line meter alarms show s if beeper for line meter alarms is enabled enters cmd group "modbus" enables enters Cmd group "modbus is enabled sets show s if Modbus is enabled sets sets Modbus TCP port show s Modbus TCP port enable mqtt show s if mqtt enabled sets broker name sets broker name enable TLS show s if TLS enabled set broker TCP/IP port set broker TCP/IP port
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEWAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " linesensor {line_num} events type show linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor beeper set {OFF=0 ON=1} linesensor beeper show modbus modbus enabled set <off=0 on="1"> modbus enabled set <off=0 on="1"> modbus port set <ip_port> modbus port show mqtt {broker_idx} enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} mqtt {broker_idx} server set "{dns_name}" mqtt {broker_idx} ts enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} mqtt {broker_idx} port set {ip_port} mqtt {broker_idx} port set {ip_port} mqtt {broker_idx} port set {ip_port} mqtt {broker_idx} port set {ip_port}</ip_port></off=0></off=0>	LEGACY - enables different event types L LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled L LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L endex beeper for line meter alarms show s if beeper for line meter alarms show s if beeper for line meter alarms is enabled
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEWAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " linesensor {line_num} events type show linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor beeper set {OFF=0 ON=1} linesensor beeper show modbus modbus enabled set <off=0 on="1"> modbus enabled show modbus port set <ip_port> modbus port show mqtt {broker_idx} enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} mqtt {broker_idx} server set "{dns_name}" mqtt {broker_idx} ts enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} mqtt {broker_idx} port set {ip_port} mqtt {broker_idx} port set {ip_port} mqtt {broker_idx} port set {ip_port} mqtt {broker_idx} port set {ip_port} mqtt {broker_idx} port show mqtt {broker_idx} user set "{username}"</ip_port></off=0>	LEGACY - enables different event types L LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled L LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L endex beeper for line meter alarms show s if beeper for line meter alarms show s if beeper for line meter alarms is enabled
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEWAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " linesensor {line_num} events type show linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor beeper set {OFF=0 ON=1} linesensor beeper show modbus modbus enabled set <off=0 on="1"> modbus enabled set <off=0 on="1"> modbus port set <ip_port> modbus port show mqtt fbroker_idx} enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} mqtt {broker_idx} enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} mqtt {broker_idx} server set "{dns_name}" mqtt {broker_idx} ts enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} mqtt {broker_idx} ts enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} mqtt {broker_idx} ts enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} mqtt {broker_idx} port set {ip_port} mqtt {broker_idx} port show mqtt {broker_idx} passw d set "{passw d}" mqtt {broker_idx} passw d set "{passw d}"</ip_port></off=0></off=0>	LEGACY - enables different event types L LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled L LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L endess beeper for line meter alarms show s if beeper for line meter alarms is enabled enters cmd group "modbus"
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEWAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " inesensor {line_num} events type show linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor beeper set {OFF=0 ON=1} linesensor beeper show modbus modbus enabled set <off=0 on="1"> modbus enabled set <off=0 on="1"> modbus port set <ip_port> modbus port set <ip_port> modbus port show mqtt {broker_idx} enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} mqtt {broker_idx} server set "{dns_name}" mqtt {broker_idx} ls enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} mqtt {broker_idx} port set {ip_port} mqtt {broker_idx} port set {ip_port} mqtt {broker_idx} port show mqtt {broker_idx} passw d set "{passw d}" mqtt {broker_idx} passw d set "{passw d}" mqtt {broker_idx} passw d set "{passw d}" mqtt {broker_idx} client set "{name}"</ip_port></ip_port></off=0></off=0>	LEGACY - enables different event types L LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled L LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L endex beeper for line meter alarms show s if beeper for line meter alarms show s if beeper for line meter alarms is enabled
VT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEWAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,E VT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8 " linesensor {line_num} events type show linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} linesensor beeper set {OFF=0 ON=1} linesensor beeper show modbus modbus enabled set <off=0 on="1"> modbus enabled set <off=0 on="1"> modbus port set <ip_port> modbus port set <ip_port> modbus port show mqtt {broker_idx} enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} mqtt {broker_idx} server set "{dns_name}" mqtt {broker_idx} server show mqtt {broker_idx} ts enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} mqtt {broker_idx} port set {ip_port} mqtt {broker_idx} port show mqtt {broker_idx} passw d set "{passw d}" mqtt {broker_idx} passw d set "{passw d}"</ip_port></ip_port></off=0></off=0>	LEGACY - enables different event types L LEGACY - show s w hat event types are enabled L LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter L LEGACY - sets hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L LEGACY - show s hysterese value for line meter L endess beeper for line meter alarms show s if beeper for line meter alarms is enabled enters cmd group "modbus"

matt (broker idv) ges est (OOS0-010051-1)	sets QoS level
mqtt {broker_idx} qos set {QOS0=0 QOS1=1} mqtt {broker_idx} qos show	show s QoS level
mgtt {broker idx} keepalive set {num secs}	sets keep-alive time
mqtt {broker_idx} keepalive show	show s keep-alive time
mqtt {broker_idx} topic set "{name}"	sets topic prefix
mqtt {broker_idx} topic show	shw os topic prefix
mqtt {broker_idx} console enabled set {OFF=0	permit console cmds
ON=1}	
mqtt {broker_idx} console enabled show	shows if console cmds allow ed
mqtt {broker_idx} device data timer set	sets telemetry interval
{num_secs} mqtt {broker_idx} device data timer show	show s telemetry interval
Indit (DIOKEI_IOX) device data timer show	
radius	enters cmd group "radius"
radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} enabled se	t i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
<off=0 on="1"></off=0>	enables radius client
radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} enabled	show if radius client enabled
show	
radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} server set	sets radius server address
" <dns_name>"</dns_name>	
radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} server	shows radius server address
show	
radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} passw ord set "{passw d}"	sets radius server shared secret
radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} password	
hash set "{passw d}"	sets radius server crypted shared secret
radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} auth timeou	t
set {num secs}	sets server request timeout
radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} auth timeous	t,
show	shows server request timeout
radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} retries set	sets server number of retries
{099}	
radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} retries	shows server number of retries
show	
radius chap enabled set <off=0 on="1"></off=0>	enables CHAP
radius chap enabled show	show s if CHAP is enabled
radius message auth set <off=0 on="1"></off=0>	enables request message authentication
radius message auth show	show s if request message authentication is enabled
	sets default session timeout (when not returned
radius default timeout set {num_secs}	as Session-Timout Attribute)
radius default timeout show	shows default session timeout
snmp	enters cmd group "snmp"
snmp port set {ip_port}	sets SNMP UDP port
snmp port show	shows SNMP UDP port
snmp snmpget enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables SNMP GET cmds on/off
snmp snmpget enabled show	show if SNMP GET cmds are enabled
snmp snmpset enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables SNMP SET cmds on/off
snmp snmpset enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpset enabled show	enables SNMP SET cmds on/off show if SNMP SET cmds are enabled
snmp snmpset enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpset enabled show snmp snmpv2 enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables SNMP SET cmds on/off show if SNMP SET cmds are enabled enables SNMP v2 on/off
snmp snmpset enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpset enabled show snmp snmpv2 enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpv2 enabled show	enables SNMP SET cmds on/off show if SNMP SET cmds are enabled enables SNMP v2 on/off show if SNMP v2 is enabled
snmp snmpset enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpset enabled show snmp snmpv2 enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpv2 enabled show snmp snmpv2 public set "{text}"	enables SNMP SET cmds on/off show if SNMP SET cmds are enabled enables SNMP v2 on/off show if SNMP v2 is enabled enables SNMP v3 on/off
snmp snmpset enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpset enabled show snmp snmpv2 enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpv2 enabled show snmp snmpv2 public set "{text}" snmp snmpv2 public show	enables SNMP SET cmds on/off show if SNMP SET cmds are enabled enables SNMP v2 on/off show if SNMP v2 is enabled enables SNMP v3 on/off show if SNMP v3 isenabled
snmp snmpset enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpset enabled show snmp snmpv2 enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpv2 enabled show snmp snmpv2 public set "{text}" snmp snmpv2 public show snmp snmpv2 private set "{text}"	enables SNMP SET cmds on/off show if SNMP SET cmds are enabled enables SNMP v2 on/off show if SNMP v2 is enabled enables SNMP v3 on/off show if SNMP v3 isenabled sets SNMP v2 public cummity
snmp snmpset enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpset enabled show snmp snmpv2 enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpv2 enabled show snmp snmpv2 public set "{text}" snmp snmpv2 public show snmp snmpv2 private set "{text}" snmp snmpv2 private show	enables SNMP SET cmds on/off show if SNMP SET cmds are enabled enables SNMP v2 on/off show if SNMP v2 is enabled enables SNMP v3 on/off show if SNMP v3 isenabled sets SNMP v2 public cummity show s SNMP v2 public community
snmp snmpset enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpset enabled show snmp snmpv2 enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpv2 enabled show snmp snmpv2 public set "{text}" snmp snmpv2 public show snmp snmpv2 private set "{text}" snmp snmpv2 private show snmp snmpv2 private show snmp system {CONTACT=0 NAME=1	enables SNMP SET cmds on/off show if SNMP SET cmds are enabled enables SNMP v2 on/off show if SNMP v2 is enabled enables SNMP v3 on/off show if SNMP v3 isenabled sets SNMP v2 public cummity
snmp snmpset enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpset enabled show snmp snmpv2 enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpv2 enabled show snmp snmpv2 public set "{text}" snmp snmpv2 public show snmp snmpv2 private set "{text}" snmp snmpv2 private show snmp system {CONTACT=0 NAME=1 LOCATION=2} set "{text}"	enables SNMP SET cmds on/off show if SNMP SET cmds are enabled enables SNMP v2 on/off show if SNMP v2 is enabled enables SNMP v3 on/off show if SNMP v3 isenabled sets SNMP v2 public cummity show s SNMP v2 public community sets sysLocation/sysName/sysContact
snmp snmpset enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpset enabled show snmp snmpv2 enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpv2 enabled show snmp snmpv2 public set "{text}" snmp snmpv2 public show snmp snmpv2 private set "{text}" snmp snmpv2 private show snmp snmpv2 private show snmp system {CONTACT=0 NAME=1	enables SNMP SET cmds on/off show if SNMP SET cmds are enabled enables SNMP v2 on/off show if SNMP v2 is enabled enables SNMP v3 on/off show if SNMP v3 isenabled sets SNMP v2 public cummity show s SNMP v2 public community
snmp snmpset enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpset enabled show snmp snmpv2 enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpv2 enabled show snmp snmpv2 public set "{text}" snmp snmpv2 public show snmp snmpv2 private set "{text}" snmp snmpv2 private show snmp system {CONTACT=0 NAME=1 LOCATION=2} set "{text}" snmp system {CONTACT=0 NAME=1	enables SNMP SET cmds on/off show if SNMP SET cmds are enabled enables SNMP v2 on/off show if SNMP v2 is enabled enables SNMP v3 on/off show if SNMP v3 isenabled sets SNMP v2 public cummity show s SNMP v2 public community sets sysLocation/sysName/sysContact
snmp snmpset enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpset enabled show snmp snmpv2 enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpv2 enabled show snmp snmpv2 public set "{text}" snmp snmpv2 public show snmp snmpv2 private set "{text}" snmp snmpv2 private show snmp system {CONTACT=0 NAME=1 LOCATION=2} set "{text}" snmp system {CONTACT=0 NAME=1 LOCATION=2} show	enables SNMP SET cmds on/offshow if SNMP SET cmds are enabledenables SNMP v2 on/offshow if SNMP v3 is enabledenables SNMP v3 on/offshow if SNMP v3 is enabledsets SNMP v2 public cummnityshow s SNMP v2 public communitysets sysLocation/sysName/sysContactgets sysLocation/sysName/sysContact
snmp snmpset enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpset enabled show snmp snmpv2 enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpv2 enabled show snmp snmpv2 public set "{text}" snmp snmpv2 public show snmp snmpv2 private set "{text}" snmp snmpv2 private show snmp system {CONTACT=0 NAME=1 LOCATION=2} set "{text}" snmp system {CONTACT=0 NAME=1 LOCATION=2} show snmp snmpv3 enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables SNMP SET cmds on/offshow if SNMP SET cmds are enabledenables SNMP v2 on/offshow if SNMP v2 is enabledenables SNMP v3 on/offshow if SNMP v3 isenabledsets SNMP v2 public cummityshow s SNMP v2 public communitysets sysLocation/sysName/sysContactgets sysLocation/sysName/sysContactsets SNMP v2 private community
snmp snmpset enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpset enabled show snmp snmpv2 enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpv2 enabled show snmp snmpv2 public set "{text}" snmp snmpv2 public show snmp snmpv2 private set "{text}" snmp snmpv2 private show snmp system {CONTACT=0 NAME=1 LOCATION=2} set "{text}" snmp system {CONTACT=0 NAME=1 LOCATION=2} show snmp snmpv3 enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpv3 enabled show	enables SNMP SET cmds on/offshow if SNMP SET cmds are enabledenables SNMP v2 on/offshow if SNMP v2 is enabledenables SNMP v3 on/offshow if SNMP v3 isenabledsets SNMP v2 public cummityshow s SNMP v2 public communitysets sysLocation/sysName/sysContactgets sysLocation/sysName/sysContactsets SNMP v2 private communityshow s SNMP v2 private community
snmp snmpset enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpset enabled show snmp snmpv2 enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpv2 enabled show snmp snmpv2 public set "{text}" snmp snmpv2 public show snmp snmpv2 private set "{text}" snmp snmpv2 private show snmp system {CONTACT=0 NAME=1 LOCATION=2} set "{text}" snmp system {CONTACT=0 NAME=1 LOCATION=2} set "{text}" snmp system {CONTACT=0 NAME=1 LOCATION=2} show snmp snmpv3 enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpv3 enabled show snmp snmpv3 username set "{text}" snmp snmpv3 username set "{text}"	enables SNMP SET cmds on/off show if SNMP SET cmds are enabled enables SNMP v2 on/off show if SNMP v2 is enabled enables SNMP v3 on/off show if SNMP v3 isenabled sets SNMP v2 public cummity show s SNMP v2 public community sets sysLocation/sysName/sysContact gets sysLocation/sysName/sysContact sets SNMP v2 private community show s SNMP v2 private community show s SNMP v3 username show s SNMP v3 username
snmp snmpset enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpset enabled show snmp snmpv2 enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpv2 enabled show snmp snmpv2 public set "{text}" snmp snmpv2 public show snmp snmpv2 private set "{text}" snmp snmpv2 private show snmp system {CONTACT=0 NAME=1 LOCATION=2} set "{text}" snmp system {CONTACT=0 NAME=1 LOCATION=2} set "{text}" snmp snmpv3 enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} snmp snmpv3 enabled show snmp snmpv3 username set "{text}"	enables SNMP SET cmds on/offshow if SNMP SET cmds are enabledenables SNMP v2 on/offshow if SNMP v3 is enabledenables SNMP v3 on/offshow if SNMP v3 is enabledsets SNMP v2 public cummityshow s SNMP v2 public communitysets sysLocation/sysName/sysContactgets sysLocation/sysName/sysContactsets SNMP v2 private communityshow s SNMP v3 username

snmp snmpv3 authalg show	show SNMP v3 authentication algorithm
snmp snmpv3 privalg set {NONE=0 DES=1	
3DES=2 AES128=3 AES192=4 AES256=5	sets SNMP v3 privacy algorithm
AES192*=6 AES256*=7}	
snmp snmpv3 privalg show	show SNMP v3 privacy algorithm
snmp snmpv3 authpassw d set "{passw d}"	sets SNMP v3 authentication passw ord
snmp snmpv3 privpassw d set "{passw d}"	sets SNMP v3 privacy passw ord
snmp snmpv3 authpassw d hash set "{passw d}" snmp snmpv3 privpassw d hash set "{passw d}"	sets SNMP v3 authentication hashed passw ord sets SNMP v3 privacy hashed passw ord
snmp trap type set {NONE=0 V1=1 V2=2 V3=3}	sets type of SNMP traps
snmp trap type show	show SNMP trap type
	acts address and part of SNMD trap resolver
snmp trap receiver {trap_num} set "{dns_name}"	{trap num}
	show address and port of SNMP trap receiver
snmp trap receiver {trap_num} show	{trap_num}
syslog	enters cmd group "syslog"
syslog enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables syslog msgs on/off
syslog enabled show	show if syslog enabled
syslog server set "{dns_name}"	sets address of syslog server
syslog server show	shows address of syslog server
system	enters cmd group "system"
system beeper manual set {OFF=0 ON=1}	manually sets beeper with optional duration
{millisec}	· · ·
system beeper manual show	show s beeper state restarts device
system restart system fabsettings	restore fab settings and restart device
system bootloader	enters bootloader mode
system flushdns	flush DNS cache
system uptime	number of seconds the device is running
system name show	show s device name
system version show	show s actual firmw are version
system display {disp_num} default extsensor	
{port_num} {sen_type} set {sen_field}	show s external sensor
system display {disp_num} default linesensor	about a anarry line concer
{line_num} set {sen_field}	show s energy line sensor
system display {disp_num} default set	show s other contents
{BLANK=0,LOCAL_TIME=1,UTC_TIME=2}	Show's other contents
system display {disp_num} default show	shows default setting for display
system display default hash set "{data}"	sets hashed display setting
system display default hash show	shows hashed display setting
system panel enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	blocks panel buttons when not enabled
system panel enabled show	shows if panel buttons are enabled
system sensor {VSYS=0 VAUX=1 VMAIN=2	shows internal sensors if model supports it
TCPU=3} show	
timer	enters cmd group "timer"
timer enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables timer functions
timer enabled show	show s if timer a enabled
timer syslog facility set {023}	sets facility level for timer syslog
timer syslog facility show	show s facility level for timer syslog
timer syslog verbose set {07}	sets verbose level for timer syslog
timer syslog verbose show	shows verbose level for timer syslog
timer {rule_num} enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1}	enables rule
timer {rule_num} enabled show	show s if rule is enabled
timer {rule_num} name set "{name}"	sets name of rule
timer {rule_num} name show	shows name of rule
timer {rule_num} {FROM=0 UNTIL=1} set "{yyyy-	sate data range of rule
mm-dd}"	sets date range of rule
timer {rule_num} {FROM=0 UNTIL=1} show	shows date range of rule
timer {rule_num} trigger jitter set {065535}	sets jitter for rule
timer {rule_num} trigger jitter show	show jitter of rule
timer {rule_num} trigger random set {0100}	sets probability for rule
timer {rule_num} trigger random show	show s rule probability

timer {rule_num} trigger {HOUR=0 MIN=1 SEC=2 DAY=3 MON=4 DOW=5} set "{time_date_list}"	sets time date list
timer {rule_num} trigger {HOUR=0 MIN=1 SEC=2 DAY=3 MON=4 DOW=5} show	show s time date list
timer {rule_num} action mode set {SWITCH=1 CLI=2}	sets switch or cli cmd
timer {rule_num} action mode show	shows if switch or cli cmd
timer {rule_num} action {SWITCH1=0 SWITCH2=1} {OFF=0 ON=1} set "{port_list}"	sets port list for switch cmd
timer {rule_num} action {SWITCH1=0 SWITCH2=1} {OFF=0 ON=1} show	shows port list for switch cmd
timer {rule_num} action delay set {065535}	delay between cmds
timer {rule_num} action delay show	shows delay between cmds
timer {rule_num} action console set "{cmd}"	sets cmd string
timer {rule_num} action console show	shows cmd string
timer {rule_num} action hash set "{data}"	sets action binary form
timer {rule_num} action hash show	shows action binary form
timer {rule_num} delete	delete one timer
timer delete all	delete all timer
vt100	enters cmd group "vt100"
vt100 echo set {OFF=0 ON=1}	sets console echo state
vt100 echo show	show s console echo state
vt100 numeric set {OFF=0 ON=1}	sets numeric mode
vt100 numeric show	shows numeric mode state
vt100 reset	resets terminal

Notes

- 1. Legacy The command has been replaced by a newer version
- 2. Command can be entered on any level
- 3. The output may show 2 lines the 1st line shows the actual state, the 2nd line the status after reboot
- 4. The output may show several lines
- 5. Please see the Energy Sensor Table for the right energy index
- 6. Please see the **External Type and External Sensor Field Tables** for the correct sensor index

Energy Sensor Table "{energy_sensor}"

Index	Description	Unit
0	Forward Active Energy	Wh
1	Power Active	W
2	Voltage	V
3	Current	A
4	Frequency	0.01 hz
5	Power Factor	0.001
6	Power Angle	0.1 degree
7	Power Apparent	VA
8	Power Reactive	VAR
9	Forward Active Energy Resettable	Wh
10	Forward Reactive Energy	VARh
11	Forward Reactive Energy Resettable	VARh
12	Reset Time - sec. since last Energy Counter Reset	S
13	Reverse Active Energy	Wh
14	Reverse Reactive Energy	VARh
15	Reverse Active Energy Resettable	Wh

16	Reverse Reactive Energy Resettable	VARh
17	Absolute Active Energy	Wh
18	Absolute Reactive Energy	VARh
19	Absolute Active Energy Resettable	Wh
20	Absolute Reactive Energy Resettable	VARh
21	Residual Current	A

🜻 Dependent on the device model Residual Current may not be supported

External Sensor Type Table "{sen_type}"

Constants "{7x01=0|7x04=0|7x02=1|7x05=1|7x06=2}"

Index	Description	Products
0	Temperature	7001, 7101, 7201
0	Temperature	7004, 7104, 7204
1	Temperature, Humidity	7002, 7102, 7202
1	Temperature, Humidity	7005, 7105, 7205
2	Temperature, Humidity, Air Pressure	7006, 7106, 7206

External Sensor Field Table "{sen_field}"

Index	Description	Unit
0	Temperature	°C
1	Humidity	%
2	Digital Input	bool
3	Air Pressure	hPa
4	Dew Point	°C
5	Dew Point Temperature Difference	C°

4.9 Modbus TCP

Important: All calculations in this chapter are based on addresses starting at "0". For some Modbus TCP Utilities, however, the addresses start at 1, in which case a 1 must be added to the addresses in this chapter. Please try both possibilities for tests!

If Modbus TCP is activated in the configuration, the ports (relays, outputs, eFuses) can be switched and the following data is callable:

Device Resource	Start	End	Modbus Data Type
Power/Output/eFuse Ports	0x000	0x3ff	Coils
DC Inputs	0x400	0x7ff	Discrete Inputs
Stop Condition active	0x800	0x800	Discrete Inputs
POE active	0x801	0x801	Discrete Inputs
Status Power Sources	0x1000	0x100f	Discrete Inputs
OVP active (Line-Ins)	0x1010	0x101f	Discrete Inputs

Address range overview:

eFuse Errors	0x1100	0x11ff	Discrete Inputs
Info Area	0x000	0x005	Input Registers
CPU Sensor values	0x080	0x083	Input Registers
External Sensors	0x100	0x1ff	Input Registers
Fan Level	0x200	0x20f	Input Registers
Line Energy Sensors	0x400	0x39ff	Input Registers
Port Energy Sensors	0x3a00	0x81ff	Input Registers
Bank Energy Sensors	0x8200	0x823f	Input Registers
Power Source Sensors	0x8240	0x827f	Input Registers
Residual Current Monitor	0x8280	0x82cf	Input Registers
Bank Power Source Select	0x000	0x00f	Holding Registers
Fan Mode	0x010	0x01f	Holding Registers

This chapter is general for <u>all</u> Gude devices. Depending on the device type, some ports or certain sensors are not available.

The Unit-ID is ignored because the device is uniquely identified by its IP address.

Supported Modbus TCP Functions

Function	Request Code
Read Coils	0x01
Read Discrete Inputs	0x02
Write Single Coil	0x05
Write Multiple Coils	0x0f
Read Input Registers	0x04
Read Holding Registers	0x03
Write Holding Register	0x06
Write Multiple Holding Registers	0x10
Read Device Identification	0x2B / 0x0E

Coils

Device Resource	Start	End	Device Function
Power/Output/eFuse	0x000	0x3ff	Coil represens Port State

Discrete Inputs

Device Resource	Start	End	Function when set
DC Inputs	0x400	0x7ff	Input logically 1
Stop Condition active	0x800	0x800	Stop Input active
POE active	0x801	0x801	POE active
Status Power Sources	0x1000	0x100f	Power Source active
OVP active (Line-Ins)	0x1010	0x101f	OVP active
eFuse Error	0x1100	0x11ff	eFuse Error

Status Power Sources	Offset
EPC 8221 / 8226	0 = Bank A, 1 = Bank B
ENC 2111 / 2191	0 = Pwr1, 1 = Pwr2
ESB 7213 / 7214	0 = Pwr1, 1 = Pwr2 (only 7214)

Input Registers

Device Resource	Start	End	Function
Info Bereich	0x000	0x005	see table
CPU Sensor values	0x080	0x083	see table
Externe Sensoren	0x100	0x1ff	see table
Fan Level	0x200	0x20f	0 (aus) bis 3 (maximal)
Line Energy Sensors	0x400	0x39ff	see table
Port Energy Sensors	0x3a00	0x81ff	see table
Bank Energy Sensors	0x8200	0x823f	see table
Power Source Sensors	0x8240	0x827f	see table
Residual Current Monitor	0x8280	0x82cf	see table

Info Area

Address	Width	Information
0	16-bit	Number of Ports (Relay)
1	16-bit	Number of Ports (Outlets) with
		Energy Measurement
2	16-bit	Number of Banks
3	16-bit	Number of Line-In
4	16-bit	Phases per line
5	16-bit	Number of Inputs

Sensor Type Description

Address	Width	Information
0x080 to 0x083	16-bit (signed	CPU Sensor values
0x100 to 0x1ff	16-bit (signed)	external Sensors
0x400 to 0x39ff	32-bit (signed)	Line Energy Sensors
0x3a00 to 0x81ff	32-bit (signed)	Port Energy Sensors
0x8200 to 0x823f	16-bit (signed)	Bank Energy Sensors
0x8240 to 0x827f	16-bit (signed)	Power Source Energy Sensors
0x8280 to 0x82cf	16-bit (signed)	Residual Current Monitor

CPU Sensor Values

Offset	Sensor Field	Unit
0	Vsystem	0.01 V
1	Vaux	0.01 V
2	Vmain	0.01 V
3	CPU Temperature	0.1 °C

External Sensors:

The measured value of the external sensors are coded as fixed point arithmetic. For a factor of e.g. 0.1 in the unit the value must be divided by 10 in order to reach the real measured value. A value of 0x8000 means that no sensor is plugged into the corresponding port, or the corresponding field in the sensor is not available. The formula for the address is (the port numbers start at zero):

0x100 + Port * 8 + Offset

In the Expert Sensor Box 7213 / 7214 the internal sensor corresponds to the value Port = 0, and is coded Port = 1 for Sensor 2 and Port = 2 for Sensor 3.

Offset	Sensor Field	Unit
0	Temperature	0.1 °C
1	Humidity	0.1 %
2	Digital Input	bool
3	Air Pressure	1 hPa (millibar)
4	Dew Point	0.1 °C
5	Dew Point Difference	0.1 °C

For example, the humidity of the second port has the address: 0x100 + 1 * 8 + 1 = 0x109

Energy Sensors:

We distinguish the line sensors (which correspond to the input circuits) and the port sensors, which measure the energy that is passed over the switched port. The measured values of the energy sensors are returned as signed 32-bit integers. The high-order 16-bits are starting on the even address, followed by the low-order 16-bits on the odd address. To calculate the address, there are the following formulas (the values for line, port and phase start at zero):

Line: 0x0400 + Line * 0x120 + Phase * 0x60 + Offset * 2

Port: 0x3a00 + Port * 0x120 + Phase * 0x60 + Offset * 2

For devices with only one phase, the phase is set to zero in the formula.

Examples:

"Power Active" for 1st line sensor and 3rd phase: 0x400 + 0 * 0x120 + 2 * 0x60 + 1 * 2 = 0x4C2

"Voltage" for 2nd line sensor and single phase device: 0x400 + 1 * 0x120 + 2 * 2 = 0x524

"Power Angle" for 4th port sensor and single phase device: 0x3a00 + 3 * 0x120 + 6 * 2 = 0x3d6c

Offset	Sensor Field	Unit
--------	--------------	------

0	Absolute Active Energy	Wh
1	Power Active	W
2	Voltage	V
3	Current	mA
4	Frequency	0.01 hz
5	Power Factor	0.001
6	Power Angle	0.1 degree
7	Power Apparent	VA
8	Power Reactive	VAR
9	Absolute Active Energy Resettable	Wh
10	Absolute Reactive Energy	VARh
11	Absolute Reactive Energy Resettable	VARh
12	Reset Time - sec. since last Energy Counter Reset	S
13	Forward Active Energy	Wh
14	Forward Reactive Energy	VARh
15	Forward Active Energy Resettable	Wh
16	Forward Reactive Energy Resettable	VARh
17	Reverse Active Energy	Wh
18	Reverse Reactive Energy	VARh
19	Reverse Active Energy Resettable	Wh
20	Reverse Reactive Energy Resettable	VARh
21	Residual Current Type A	mA
22	Neutral Current	mA

Whether the measured values "Residual Current" and "Neutral Current" are supported depends on the respective device model. For measured values such as "Neutral Current", which are independent of the phase, the same value is returned for all phases.

DC Energy Sensors:

With the EPC 8291 / 8290 devices, the voltage and current of the individual banks and voltage sources can be read out. The measured values of the energy sensors are returned as signed 16-bit integers. The following formulas are available for the address (the values for Bank and PowerSrc start at zero):

Bank: 0x8200 + Bank * 2 + Offset

Power Source: 0x8240 + PowerSrc * 2 + Offset

Examples:

"Voltage" at third bank: 0x8200 + 2 * 2 + 0 = 0x8204

"Current" at first PowerSrc: 0x8240 + 0 * 2 + 1 = 0x8241

Offset	Sensor Field	Unit
0	Voltage	0.01 V
1	Current	mA

Residual Current Monitor Type B (RCMB):

Devices with a Residual Current Monitor Type B (RCMB) module separately measure the RMS and DC fault current components of the input supply. The values are returned as signed 16-bit integers. The following formulas are used for the address (the module number starts at zero):

Bank: 0x8280 + ModuleNo * 8 + Offset.

Examples:

"Residual Current DC" at first module: 0x8280 + 0 * 8 + 1 = 0x8281.

"Output DC" for second module: 0x8280 + 1 * 8 + 3 = 0x828b

Offset	Addr. Module 0	Sensor Field	Unit
0	0x8280	Residual Current RMS Type B	0.1 mA
1	0x8281	Residual Current DC Type B	0.1 mA
2	0x8282	Output RMS	bool
3	0x8283	Output DC	bool
4	0x8284	Module State	

Whether a Residual Current Monitor Type B (RCMB) module is present depends on the particular device model.

Holding Registers

Device Resource	Start	End	Function
Bank Power Source	0x000	0x00f	Sets Power Source for Bank
Fan Mode	0x010	0x01f	0 = Automatic / 1 = Maximum

Device Identification

Returns manufacturer name and device identification:

Request Code	1 Byte	0x2b
MEI Type	1 Byte	0x0e
Read Dev ID code	1 Byte	0x01
Object Id	1 Byte	0x00

Response Code	1 Byte	0x2b
MEI Type	1 Byte	0x0e
Read Dev ID code	1 Byte	0x01
Conformity Level	1 Byte	0x01
More Follows	1 Byte	0x00
NextObjectID	1 Byte	0x00
Number of Objects	1 Byte	0x03
Object ID	1 Byte	0x00
Object Length	1 Byte	n1
Object Value	n1 Bytes	"Company Id"

Object ID	1 Byte	0x00
Object Length	1 Byte	n2
Object Value	n2 Bytes	"Product Id"
Object ID	1 Byte	0x00
Object Length	1 Byte	n3
Object Value	n3 Bytes	"Product Version"

4.9.1 Sensor Tables

Important: All calculations in this chapter are based on addresses starting at "0". With some Modbus TCP utilities the addresses start at 1. In this case a 1 must be added to the addresses in this chapter. Please try both possibilities for tests!

Sensor field	Port 1	Port 2
Temperature	0x100	0x108
Humidity	0x101	0x109
Digital input	0x102	0x10a
Air Pressure	0x103	0x10b
Dew Point	0x104	0x10c
Dew Point Difference	0x105	0x10d

External sensors addresses (Input Register)

A value of 0x8000 means that no sensor is plugged into the corresponding port or the corresponding field in the sensor is not available.

Line-In Energy Addresses (Input Register)

Offset	Sensor Field	Line 1
0	Absolute Active Energy	0x400
1	Power Active	0x402
2	Voltage	0x404
3	Current	0x406
4	Frequency	0x408
5	Power Factor	0x40a
6	Power Angle	0x40c
7	Power Apparent	0x40e
8	Power Reactive	0x410
9	Absolute Active Energy Resettable	0x412
10	Absolute Reactive Energy	0x414
11	Absolute Reactive Energy Resettable	0x416
12	Reset Time - sec. since Reset	0x418
13	Forward Active Energy	0x41a
14	Forward Reactive Energy	0x41c
15	Forward Active Energy Resettable	0x41e
16	Forward Reactive Energy Resettable	0x420
17	Reverse Active Energy	0x422
18	Reverse Reactive Energy	0x424
19	Reverse Active Energy Resettable	0x426
20	Reverse Reactive Energy Resettable	0x428

21	Residual Current Type A	0x42a
22	Neutral Current	0x42c

The measured values of the energy sensors are returned as signed 32-bit integers. On the even address are first the high-order 16-bit, then follow on the odd address the low-order 16-bit.

4.10 MQTT

This device supports MQTT 3.1.1 to send configured messages and also to receive commands. This chapter is general for all Gude devices, some Gude models do not have switchable ports.

- Default port for an unencrypted connection is port 1883.
- Default port for a TLS secured connection is port 8883.
- If the broker allows anonymous login, username and password are arbitrary, but a username must be specified.
- If multiple MQTT clients are connected to a broker, the names of the clients must be different. For this reason, "client_xxxx" is generated as the default name. Here "xxxx" are the last 4 digits of the MAC address.

Message format

The MQTT messages of the device are always sent in JSON format. E.G..

{"type": "portswitch", "idx": 2, "port": "2", "state": 1, "cause": {"id": 2, "txt": "http"}, "ts": 1632}

This is a switching of the second port to the state on. The source of the switching command is CGI ("http"). The index is always numeric, "port" can also be alphanumeric for devices with multiple banks, e.g. "A2". At the end follows a timestamp ("ts"), which indicates the number of seconds the device is on, or unixtime if the device has synchronized with an NTP server.

MQTT Topic Prefix

The topic prefix for the messages can be set in the MQTT configuration. A default would be e.g. "de/gudesystems/epc/[mac]". Here "[mac]" is a placeholder for the MAC address of the device, another possible placeholder is "[host]", which contains the host name. An example topic for a switching message of the second port would then be:

"de/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41/switch/2".

Executing console commands

The device can be controlled remotely via MQTT using console commands. A list of all commands can be found in the Console shapter. Depending on the topic, the commands are accepted in different formats.

eq As default the execution of commands is not allowed, but must be enabled in the

MQTT configuration! ("Permit CLI commands")

Format 1: Command in JSON Syntax

Publish Topic: "de/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41/cmd" Publish Message: "{"type": "cli", "cmd": "port 2 state set 1", "id": 10}"

Response from device to "de/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41/cmdres" "{"type": "cli", "cmdres": ["OK."], "result": {"num": 0, "hint": "ok"}, "id": 10}"

The JSON object "result" returns whether the command was valid. The object "id" in the command is optional and is passed through in the response from the device. The passed number can help to establish a synchronicity between command and response via the broker.

Format 2: Raw Text

Publish Topic: "de/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41/cmd/cli" Publish Message: "port 2 state set 1".

Response from device to "de/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41/cmdres/cli" "OK."

Format 3: Simplified port switching

Publish Topic: "de/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41/cmd/port/2" Publish Message: "0" or "1".

Response from device to "de/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41/cmdres/port/2" "0" or "1"

eq This special form exists only for the port switching commands.

Device Data Summary

In the **Device Data Summary** the most important data of the device are summarized in a JSON object and sent periodically in a configurable time interval. This summary depends on the properties of the device and the connected sensors, and could look like this:

Topic: en/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41/device/telemetry

Message:

```
{
    "type": "telemetry",
    "portstates": [{
        "port": "1",
        "name": "Power Port",
        "state": 1
    }, {
        "port": "2",
        "name": "Power Port",
        "state": 0
    }, {
```

```
"port": "3",
       "name": "Power Port",
       "state": 0
}, {
       "port": "4",
       "name": "Power Port",
       "state": 0
}],
"line_in": [{
       "voltage": 242.48,
       "current": 0.000
}],
"sensors": [{
       "idx": 1,
       "name": "7105",
       "data": [{
              "field": "temperature",
             "v": 21.1,
              "unit": "deg C"
       }, {
              "field": "humidity",
              "v": 71.9,
              "unit": "%"
       }, {
             "field": "dew_point",
              "v": 15.8,
              "unit": "deg C"
       }, {
             "field": "dew_diff",
              "v": 5.3,
              "unit": "deg C"
       }]
}],
"ts": 210520
```

```
4.10.1 Example HiveMQ
```

}

What does an MQTT configuration look like using HiveMQ as an example?

Cluster Details Back to clus					
Overview	Access Management	Getting started			
Details					
Hostname:	name: f3c06b76137c48439e81c18b11bd06ab.s1.eu.hivemq.cloud				
Port (TLS):	8883				
Port (Websocket + TLS): 8884					

Create a free or commercial account at www.hivemq.com and create a new cluster.

Active MQTT Credentials					
These credentials give access to publish and subscribe to your HiveMQ Cloud cluster.					
Username	Password	Actions			

In the "Manage Clusters" section, go to "Access Management" and add an MQTT user with name and password.

ΜQTT	
Enable MQTT:	⊙yes ⊖no
Broker:	f3c06b76137c48439e81c18b11bd06ab.s1.eu.hiven
TLS:	⊙yes Ono
TCP Port:	8883 (Default: 8883)
Username:	epc-user
Set new password:	••••
Repeat password:	••••
Client ID:	client_1641
Quality of Service (QoS):	At most once (QoS 0) v
Keep-alive ping interval:	30 s (minimum 10s)
Topic Prefix:	de/gudesystems/epc/[mac]
	de/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41
Permit CLI commands:	⊙yes ⊖no
Publish device data summary interval:	60 s (0=disabled)

In the MQTT configuration of the Gude device, transfer the hostname of the HiveMQ broker, as well as username and password. Additionally activate TLS and set the correct port.

Support

5 Support

You will find the latest product software on our website at www.gude.info available for download. If you have further questions about installation or operation of the unit, please contact our support team. Furthermore, we present in our support wiki at www.gude.info/wiki FAQs and configuration examples.

5.1 Data Security

To provide the device with a high level of data security, we recommend the following measures:

- Check that the HTTP password is switched on.
- Set up your own HTTP password.
- Allow access to HTTP via SSL (TLS) only.
- Use TLS 1.3 if possible and avoid TLS 1.1.
- Enable authentication and encryption in SNMPv3.
- Disable SNMP v2 access.
- Enable STARTTLS or SSL in the e-mail configuration.
- Archive configuration files securely, they contain sensitive information.
- In the IP ACL, enter only the devices that require access to HTTP or SNMP.
- Use SSH if possible, since Telnet is not encrypted.
- Set login for telnet or serial console.
- Use MQTT 3.1.1 only with TLS and password.
- Only permit MQTT CLI commands when the broker is trustworthy.
- Modbus TCP is not encrypted, only activate it in a secure environment.
- Activate "Message Authentication" in RADIUS.

When accessed from the Internet

- Use a randomized password with at least 32 characters.
- If possible, place the device behind a firewall.

5.2 Contact

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5.3 Declaration of Conformity

This product **Expert Transfer Switch 8801** is in conformity with the European directives for CE marking applicable to this product. The complete CE declaration of conformity for this product can be found on the website www.gude.info in the download section of the product.

5.4 FAQ

1. What can I do if the device is no longer accessible?

- If the Status LED is red, the device has no connection to the switch. Unplug and plug the Ethernet cable. If the Status LED is still red, try other switches. If one uses no switch, but connects e.g. a laptop directly to the device, make sure you are using a crossover Ethernet cable.
- If the status LED is orange for a longer time after unplugging and plugging the Ethernet cable, then DHCP is configured, but no DHCP server was found in the network. After a timeout, the last IP address is configured manually.
- If there is a physical link (status LED is green) to the device, but you can not access the web server, bring the device into bootloader mode and search for it with GBL_Conf.exe[17]. Then check the TCP-IP parameters and change them if necessary.
- If the device is not found by GBL_Conf.exe in bootloader mode, you can reset the settings to factory defaults [22] as the last option.

Why is a device sporadically no longer accessible when DHCP is activated?

If DHCP is activated but no DHCP server can be reached, the last IP-address continues to be used. However, the DHCP client tries to reach a DHCP server again every 5 minutes. The DHCP request lasts one minute until it is aborted. During this time the IP-address is not accessible! It is therefore essential to deactivate DHCP for a static IP addresses!

3. What can be done if the device is no longer accessible, but the buttons still respond?

- Entering or leaving the bootloader mode does not change the state of the relays. In the chapter Maintenance 21 there is a description how to activate the bootloader by pressing the buttons and how to exit the bootloader afterwards. This will restart the firmware without switching relays. However, this procedure does not help if the network itself is incorrectly configured.
- 4. Where is the serial number stored in the device?



The serial number is not stored in the device, but only visible on the device label. However, you can display the MAC address in the IP address configuration 26. If you contact Gude Systems Support with the MAC address, we will be happy to give you the corresponding serial number.

5. Why does it sometimes take so long to configure new SNMPv3 passwords on the website?

The authentication methods "SHA-384" and "SHA-512" are calculated purely in software, and can not use the crypto hardware. On the configuration page, e.g. "SHA-512", needs up to 45 seconds to calculate the key.

6. Can you enter multiple e-mail recipients?

• Yes. In the E-Mail configuration in the <u>Recipient Address</u> field, it is possible to enter multiple e-mail addresses separated by commas. The input limit is 100 characters.

7. Why did the MIB tables change after the firmware update?

• Since the number of possible event types was increased, the previous trap design resulted in an excess of trap definitions: See Change in Trap Design 55.

8. Importing an older firmware

• During a firmware update, old data formats are sometimes converted to new structures. If an older firmware is newly installed, the configuration data and the energy meters may be lost! If the device then does not run correctly, please restore the factory settings (e.g. from the Maintenance Page 19).

9. Disable switching events

• You can set the sending of syslog, emails etc. when switching ports (only concerns Gude devices with relays) under "System" in the sensor configuration 4.

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