

Manual



Expert Power Control 1202
Expert Power Control 1292



© 2022 GUDE Systems GmbH
Manual Ver. 2.9.1
from Firmware Ver. 1.9



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Device Description

1 Device Description

1.1 Security Advice

- The device must be installed only by qualified personnel according to the following installation and operating instructions.
- The manufacturer does not accept responsibility in case of improper use of the device and particularly any use of equipment that may cause personal injury or material damage.
- The device contains no user-maintenable parts. All maintenance has to be performed by factory trained service personnel.
- This device contains potentially hazardous voltages and should not be opened or disassembled.
- The device can be connected only to 230V AC (50Hz or 60 Hz) power supply sockets.
- The power cords, plugs and sockets have to be in good condition. Always connect the device to properly grounded power sockets.
- The device is intended for indoor use only. Do NOT install them in an area where excessive moisture or heat is present.
- Because of safety and approval issues it is not allowed to modify the device without our permission.
- The device is NOT a toy. It has to be used or stored out of range of children.
- Care about packaging material. Plastics has to be stored out of range of children. Please recycle the packaging materials.
- In case of further questions, about installation, operation or usage of the device, which are not clear after reading the manual, please do not hesitate to ask our support team.
- Please, never leave connected equipment unattended, that can cause damage.
- Connect only electrical devices that do not have limited on-time. I.e. in case of failure, all connected appliances have to cope with a continuous on-time without causing damage.

1.2 Content of Delivery

The package includes:

- **Expert Power Control 1202 / 1292**
- GSM Antenna (only EPC 1292)
- Quick Start Guide

1.3 Description

The **Expert Power Control 1202 / 1292** can switch 4 different load outputs. The device has the following features:

- 4 Power Ports individually switchable directly on the device, via HTTP(S), SNMP
- Case allows mounting in 19 inch racks
- Metering of energy, current, power factor, phase angle, frequency, voltage and active/apparent/reactive power
- Two energy meters, one meters continuously, the other energy meter is resettable

Device Description

- A clearly visible LED display on the device reveals total current, IP address, sensor data and error reports
- Interface for optional sensors for environmental monitoring (temperature and humidity)
- Integrated overvoltage protection prevents damage of device and of connected consumers (L-N 10 kA)
- Dedicated high-inrush relays avoid welding of relay contacts at start-up peaks
- Console commands via SSH and Telnet
- SSH support with public key and passwords
- Individually parameterisable switch-on delay of all outputs
- Programmable timetables and turn-on/turn-off sequences
- Individually adjustable watchdog for each output, which switches depending on accessibility (network ping)
- Dual TCP/IP stack with IPv4 and IPv6 support (IPv6-ready)
- Control and monitoring of the device via Ethernet with an integrated web server with SSL encryption (TLS 1.1, 1.2, 1.3)
- Control and configuration with CGI parameters and JSON messages via HTTP (REST API)
- SNMP (v1, v2c and v3, traps)
- MQTT 3.1.1 Support
- Modbus TCP support
- Radius support
- Generation of messages (e-mail, syslog and SNMP traps) and switching of relays depending on sensor measurement limits
- Firmware update during operation via Ethernet possible
- Encrypted e-mails (SSL, STARTTLS)
- Access protection through IP access control
- Low own consumption
- Developed and produced in Germany

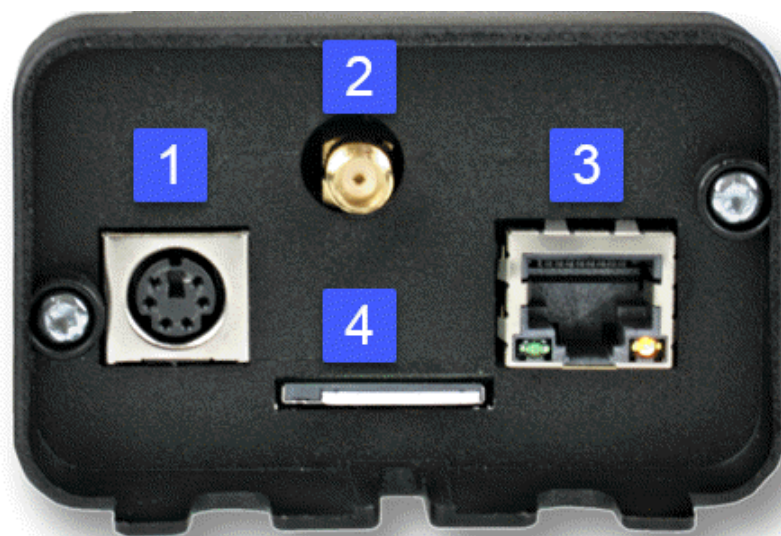
Only **Expert Power Control 1292**:

- 4 Power Ports individually switchable via voicecall, SMS and Datacall
- GSM admin and user access for all Power Ports definable
- For pre-paid and post-paid SIM cards (SIM card not included)
- Triband network
- FreeCall: Predefined action upon toll-free incoming call from a specific number

1.4 Installation



1. Actual Current (7-segment display)
2. OK Button
3. Select Button
4. Signal Tower indicator LED for GSM Connection (only EPC 1292)
5. "Flash" LED Overvoltage Protection (red when inactive)
6. "S1" external sensor indicator
7. GSM signal strength (only EPC 1292)
8. 4 plain text displays (on/off) for the state of the Power Ports



1. Sensor connector
2. Antenna terminal (only EPC 1292)
3. Ethernet connector (RJ45)
4. SIM card slot (only EPC 1292)

Device Description



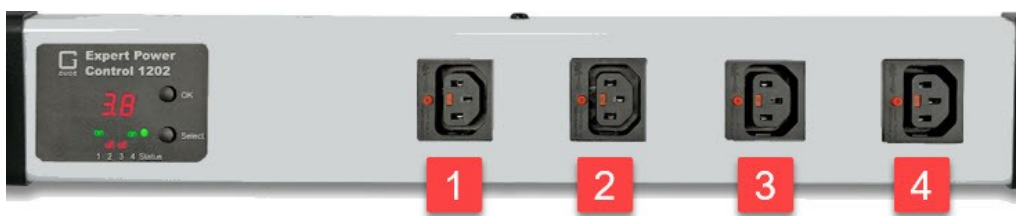
4 x Load outputs (CEE 7/3 type F, max. 16 A) for Expert Power Control 1202-1 / 1292-1



4 x Load outputs (CEE 7/3 type E, max. 16 A) for Expert Power Control 1202-2 / 1292-2



4 x Load outputs (CEE 7/3 type J, max. 10 A) for Expert Power Control 1202-3 / 1292-3



4 x Load outputs (IEC C13 Lock, max. 10 A) for Expert Power Control 1202-4 / 1292-4

Start-up the device

- Connect the power cord of the unit to the mains supply.
- Plug the network cable into the Ethernet connector (RJ45).

- Attach the optional external sensor to the sensor connector.

(EPC 1202-2 / EPC 1292-2)

1 x Power supply (CEE 7/4 type E, max.16 A), length approx 2m

4 x Load outputs (CEE 7/3 type E, max. 16 A)

(EPC 1202-3 / EPC 1292-3)

1 x Power supply (CEE 7/4 type J, max.10 A), length approx 2m

4 x Load outputs (CEE 7/3 type J, max. 10 A)


(EPC 1202-4 / EPC 1292-4)


1 x Power supply (IEC C20, max.10 A), length approx 2m

4 x Load outputs (IEC C13 Lock, max. 10 A)

1.5 Overvoltage Protection

The device contains an overvoltage protection. The protection is based on input side varistors with thermal fuse between phase (L) and neutral (N) to protect the internal electronics and power ports with failure detection (permanently triggered thermal fuse). The state of the protection is indicated on the front panel by a red flash. A not visible flash means, that the protection is active, a red flash symbolizes that the overvoltage protection fails. In addition, the status of the overvoltage protection can be seen on the Webpage (HTTP) and acquired with SNMP. The surge protection module is designed that it can derive a practical unlimited number of voltage pulses in normal installation environments. In an environment with many energy rich surge pulses it can result in permanent loss of function due to aging of the overvoltage protection element.

 Recovering of the overvoltage protection function can only be performed by the manufacturer of the device. In the normal case, the device will continue to work even after the failure of the protective function.

 A signaling via E-Mail, Syslog or SNMP trap occurs only once during operation, exactly at the moment in which the protection fails. In addition, at the start up of the device a message is generated, when the overvoltage protection is not active.

1.6 Technical Specifications

| | |
|---|--|
| Interfaces | (EPC 1202-1 / EPC 1292-1) 1 x Power supply (CEE 7/4 type F, max.16 A), length approx 2m 4 x Load outputs (CEE 7/3 type F, max. 16 A) |
| | (EPC 1202-2 / EPC 1292-2) 1 x Power supply (CEE 7/4 type E, max.16 A), length approx 2m 4 x Load outputs (CEE 7/3 type E, max. 16 A) |
| | (EPC 1202-3 / EPC 1292-3) 1 x Power supply (CEE 7/4 type J, max.10 A), length approx 2m 4 x Load outputs (CEE 7/3 type J, max. 10 A) |
| | (EPC 1202-4 / EPC 1292-4) 1 x Power supply (IEC C20, max.10 A), length approx 2m 4 x Load outputs (IEC C13 Lock, max. 10 A) |
| Interfaces general | 1 x Ethernet port (RJ45) 1 x Mini-DIN for external sensor |
| Network connectivity | 10/100 MBit/s 10baseT Ethernet |
| GSM Modem (only EPC 1292) | Triband GSM Module (900/1800/1900 MHz) |
| Sim Card (only EPC 1292) | Mini-SIM |
| Power Supply | internal power supply (90-265V AC / -15% / +10%) |
| Overvoltage Protection: 20 mm/190 J varistor disk <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • maximum operating voltage: 300 VACrms • single peak current for 20/80us pulse: 10000 A • max. clamping voltage 20/80us pulse, I_{pk} = 100 A: 710 V | |
| Environment | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Operating temperature 0°C - 50 °C • Storage temperature -20°C - 70 °C • Humidity 0% - 95% (non-condensing) |
| Case | Synthetic |
| Measurements | 484mm x 46mm x 74mm (L x H x W) |
| Weight | approx. 1050 g |

Device Description

1.6.1 Electrical Measurement

typical fault tolerances for Ta=25°C, I=1Arms...16Arms, Un=90Vrms...265Vrms

| Electrical Measurement Specification | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|------|------------|----------------------|
| Category | Range | Unit | Resolution | Inaccuracy (typical) |
| Voltage | 90-265 | V | 0.01 | < 1% |
| Current | 0 - 16 | A | 0.001 | < 1.5% |
| Frequency | 45-65 | Hz | 0.01 | < 0.03% |
| Phase | -180 - +180 | ° | 0.1 | < 1% |
| Active power | 0 - 4000 | W | 1 | < 1.5% |
| Reactive power | 0 - 4000 | Var | 1 | < 1.5% |
| Apparent power | 0 - 4000 | VA | 1 | < 1.5% |
| Power factor | 0 - 1 | - | 0.01 | < 3% |
| Energy Counter | | | | |
| Active Energy (total) | 9.999.999,999 | kWh | 0.001 | < 1.5% |
| Active Energy (resettable) | 9.999.999,999 | kWh | 0.001 | < 1.5% |

1.7 Sensor

One external sensor can be connected to the **Expert Power Control 1202 / 1292**. The following sensors are currently available



| Temperature-Sensor 7001 | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Cable length | ≈ 2m |
| Connector | Mini-DIN |
| Measurement range | -20°C to +80°C at ±2°C (maximum) and ±1°C (typical) |



| Humidity/Temperature-Sensor 7002 | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Cable length | ≈ 2m |
| Connector | Mini-DIN |
| Measurement range | Temp: -20 to +80°C, ±0,5°C (maximum) and ±0,3°C (typical) Humidity: 0-100%, ±3% (maximum) and ±2% (typical) |

Device Description

The sensor is automatically detected after connect. This is indicated by the green "S1" LED on the front panel. The sensor values are displayed at the "Control Panel" web page:

| Id | Name | Temperature °C | Humidity % | Dew Point °C | Dew Diff °C | Pressure hPa |
|---------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 1: 7106 | 7106 | 22.5 | 34.2 | 5.9 | 16.6 | 1013.8 |

A click on the link in the "Name" column opens the display of the Min and Max values. The values in a column can be reset using the "Reset" button. The "Reset" button in the name column deletes all stored Min and Max values.


| Id | Name | Temperature °C | Humidity % | Dew Point °C | Dew Diff °C | Pressure hPa |
|---------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1: 7106 | 7106 | 22.5 | 34.4 | 6.1 | 16.5 | 1013.8 |
| | 30m min | 0.0 | 34.1 | 5.9 | 16.4 | 125.0 |
| | 30m max | 22.6 | 34.7 | 6.2 | 300.0 | 1013.8 |
| | <input type="button" value="Reset"/> | <input type="button" value="Reset"/> | <input type="button" value="Reset"/> | <input type="button" value="Reset"/> | <input type="button" value="Reset"/> | <input type="button" value="Reset"/> |

Operating

2 Operating

2.1 Operating the device directly

Port Switching

The current switching state of the output is indicated by the corresponding plain text displays (port LEDs). If the green "on" LED is lit, the port is switched on, if the red "off" LED is lit, the output port is switched off. The buttons "Select" and "Ok" are located on the device. If you press "select", you can select the following modes one after the other (in the front panel  configuration you can deactivate the modes "All on" or "All off").

1. All on (PALL in the display): All LEDs flash green. If you press the "Ok" button for 2.5 seconds, all ports are switched on.
2. All off (PALL in the display): All LEDs flash red. If you hold the "Ok" button for 2.5 seconds, all ports are switched off.
3. If you press "Select" again, the LED for the first output starts flashing, i.e. the output is selected. Press "Select" again to select the next output. Pressing and holding the "Ok" button for one second will toggle the state of the selected output.



If the ports are already "All on" or "All off", the corresponding mode is skipped.

Display Information

If no port is selected manually, repeatedly pressing the "ok" key will show the IP-address and the values of the external sensors on the display.

Status-LED

The Status LED shows the different states of the device:

- red: The device is not connected to the Ethernet.
- orange: The device is connected to the Ethernet and waits for data from the DHCP server.
- green: The device is connected to the Ethernet and the TCP/IP settings are allocated.
- periodic blinking: The device is in Bootloader mode.

2.2 Control Panel

Access the web interface: <http://IP-address> and log-in.

off 1:Power Port
 off 2:Power Port
 off 3:Power Port
 off 4:Power Port
OVP operational
 All On All Off

| Id | Name | Voltage | Current | Freq | Phase | Power | | | | total Energy | resettable Energy | | Reset |
|----|--------|-------------|-------------|-------|-------|-------------|-----------------|----------------|------|---------------|-------------------|---------------|-------|
| | | AC rms V | AC rms A | Hz | ° | active W | reactive VAR | apparent VA | PF | active kWh | active kWh | time h:m:s | |
| L1 | Meter1 | 230.4 | 1.806 | 50.00 | -5.0 | 329 | -29 | 416 | 1.00 | 0.038 | 0.018 | 1d 01:46:42 | |

show details

The web page provides an overview of the switching state, energy measurement values, as well as the external sensors, provided that they are connected. When a single port is clicked at the **Expert Power Control 1202 / 1292**, a panel with buttons to control a single port appear:

off 1: Power Port On Off Reset Batch Close

The Port icon is green when the relay is closed, or red in the open state. An additional small clock icon indicates that a timer is active. Timer can be activated by delay, reset or batch mode.



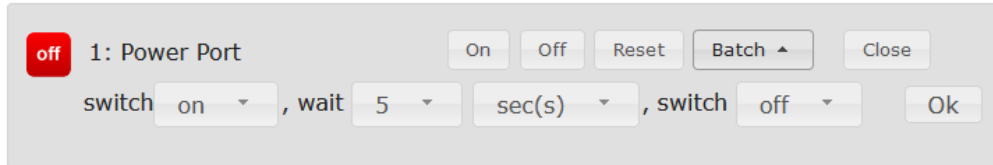
An activated Watchdog is represented by an eye icon. An "X" means, that the address that should be observed, could not be resolved. Two circular arrows show a booting status.



The ports can be switched manually with the "On" and "Off" buttons. If the port is turned on, it can be turned off by pressing the "Reset" button, until after a delay it turns itself on again. The delay time is determined by the parameter [Reset Duration](#), which is described in the chapter "Configuration - Power Ports ³⁹". The "Close" button dissolves the panel again.

Batchmode

Each individual port can be set for a selectable period of time to the state "switch on" or "switch off". After the selected time they are automatically switched to the second preselected state.



Optionally the device can be switched via a Perl script or external tools like wget. More information is available on our support wiki at www.gude.info/wiki.

GSM signal strength 64%, bit error (0-7) 0
GSM prepaid sim balance : 26,12
My Number: 015008154711
[showhide GSM Log](#)

For devices with a GSM module (**Expert Power Control 1292**), additional reception information, the prepaid credit and the own call number are displayed. An overview of the GSM activities can be expanded.

2.3 Maintenance

The actual device generation with IPv6 and SSL allows all maintenance functions in the web interface to be carried out on the Maintenance Page^[21].


Maintenance in the web interface

The following functions are available from the maintenance web page:


- Firmware Update
- Change the SSL certificate
- Load and save the configuration
- Restart the device
- Factory Reset
- Jump into the Bootloader
- Delete the DNS cache


Upload Firmware, Certificate or Configuration

On the Maintenance Page^[21], select the required file with "Browse .." in the sections "Firmware Update", "SSL Certificate Upload" or "Config Import File Upload" and press "Upload". The file is now transferred to the update area of the device and the contents are checked. Only now, pressing the "Apply" button will permanently update the data, or abort with "Cancel".

 Only one upload function can be initiated with a reboot, eg. you cannot transmit firm-

ware and configuration at the same time.


 If after a firmware update, the web page is not displayed correctly anymore, this may be related to the interaction of Javascript with an outdated browser cache. If a Ctrl-F5 does not help, it is recommended that you manually delete the cache in the browser options. Alternatively, you can test start the browser in "private mode".

 During a firmware update, old data formats are sometimes converted to new structures. If an older firmware is newly installed, the configuration data and the energy meters may be lost! If the device then does not run correctly, please restore the factory settings (e.g. from the Maintenance Page^[21]).

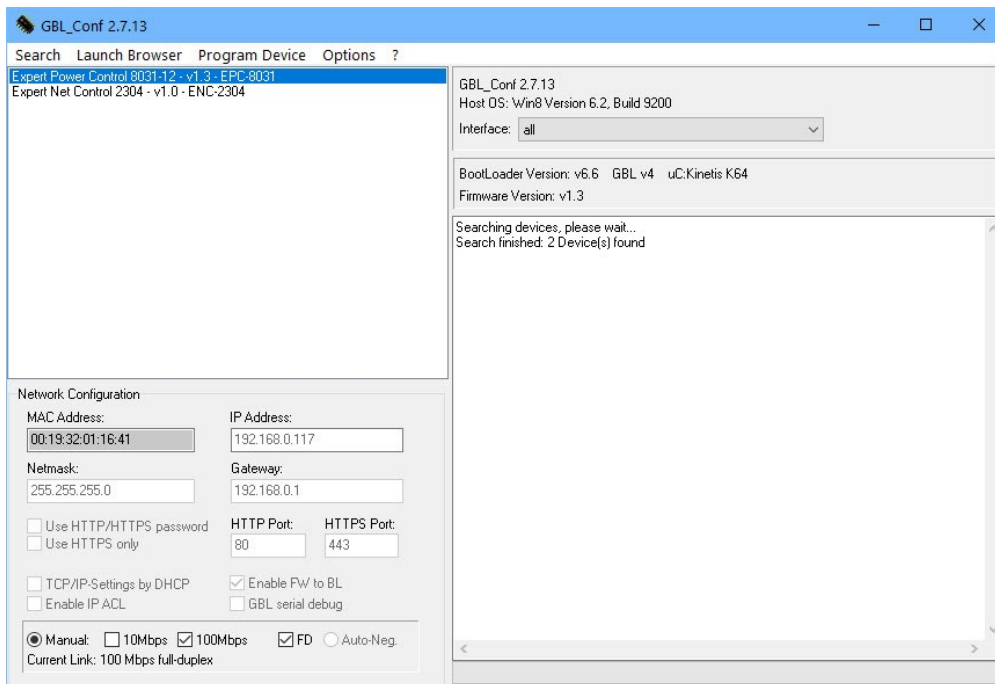
Actions in Bootloader mode

If the web interface of the device is no longer accessible, the device can be put into Bootloader mode (see chapter Bootloader activation^[23]). The following functions can be executed using the GBL_Conf.exe application:

- Set IPv4 address, net-mask and gateway
- Turn HTTP password on and off
- Turn IP-ACL on and off
- Factory Reset
- Allow jump from firmware to bootloader
- Restart the device

 For devices with relays, entering or exiting the bootloader mode does not change the state of the relays as long as the operating voltage is maintained.

The GBL_Conf.exe program is available free of charge on our website www.gude.info and can also be found on the enclosed CD-ROM.




Interface GBL_Conf

To check the network settings with GBL_Conf.exe, start the program and choose "All Devices" in the "Search" menu. From the list select the appropriate device. The lower part of the left half of the window now shows the current network settings of the device. If the IP address is displayed with the default settings (192.168.0.2), either no DHCP server is present on the network, or there could be no free IP address assigned to it.

- Activate the Bootloader Mode (see Chapter Bootloader Mode) and choose in menu "Search" the item "Bootloader-Mode Devices only"
- Enter the desired settings in the edit window and save them with "Save Config".
- Deactivate the boot loader mode for the changes to take effect. Select again "All Devices" in the "Search" menu of GBL_Conf.exe.

The new network configuration is now displayed.

 Changing the configuration with gbl_conf.exe is explicitly only allowed in bootloader mode!

Factory Reset

The device can be reset to the factory default via the web interface from the Maintenance Page^[21] or from the Bootloader mode (see chapter Bootloader activation^[23]). All TCP/IP settings are reset in this operation.

 If a unit is set to factory defaults, an uploaded certificate or updated firmware will be preserved.

2.3.1 Maintenance Page

This section provides access to important functions such as Firmware Update or Restart Device. It is advisable to set an HTTP password for this reason.

Firmware Update

SSL Certificate Upload

Config Import File Upload

[Config File Export](#)

Restart / Fab-Settings

Service Data


- Config/Status View: [status.html](#)
- Config/Status Download: [export.json](#)

Firmware Update: Start a firmware update.


SSL Certificate Upload: Saves your own SSL certificate. See chapter "SSL⁸¹" for the generation of a certificate in the right format.

Config Import File Upload: Loads a new configuration from a text file. To apply the new configuration, a "Restart Device" must be executed after the "Upload".

Config File Export: Saves the current configuration in a text file.

 Saving the configuration should only be carried out in an SSL connection, since it contains sensitive password information (even if it is encrypted or hashed).

Restart Device: Restarts the device without changing the status of the relays.

 Some functions such as a firmware update or changing of the IP-address and HTTP settings require a restart of the device. A jump to the boot loader or a restart of the device lead by no means to a change of the relay states.

Restore Fab Settings and Restart Device: Performs a restart and resets the device to factory default²⁴.


Enter Bootloader Mode: Jumps into bootloader mode, where additional settings can be made with GBL_Conf.exe.

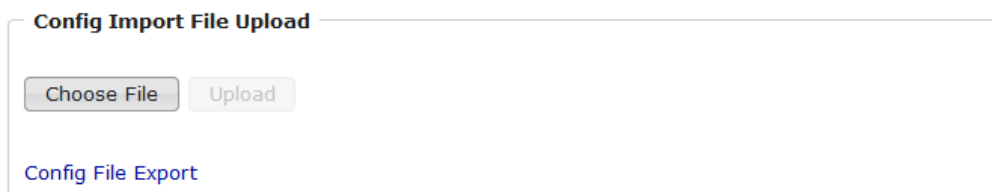
Flush DNS Cache: All entries in the DNS cache are discarded and address resolutions are requested again.

Config/Status View: status.html: Displays the status.html page with the JSON data.


Config/Status Download: export.json: Direct file download of JSON data from status.html.

2.3.2 Configuration Management

The device configuration can be saved and restored in the maintenance area .



The "Config File Export" function can be used to save the current configuration as a text file. The syntax used in the configuration file corresponds to the commands of the Telnet console. If the configuration of a device is to be restored from a text file, load the file with "Upload" and restart the device with "Restart Device".

 Saving the configuration should only be carried out in an SSL connection, since it contains sensitive password information (even if it is encrypted or hashed). For the same reasons, it is advisable to carefully handle the generated configuration files when archiving.

Editing the configuration file

It is possible to customize a saved configuration file with a text editor for your own needs. For example, one scenario would be to use a script language to automate the creation of many customized versions of a configuration, then equip a large number of devices with an individualized configuration. Also Upload and restart with CGI commands can be done in scripting languages. With use of the comment sign "#" you can quickly hide single commands or add personal notes.

If you modify a configuration file manually, it is not always clear which limits are allowed for parameters. After uploading and restarting, commands with invalid parameters are ignored. Therefore, the generated configuration includes comments describing the boundaries of the parameters. Where "range:" refers to a numeric value, and "len:" to a text parameter. E.g:

```
email auth set 0 #range: 0..2
email user set "" #len: 0..100
```

The command "system fabsettings" from the beginning of a generated configuration file brings the device into the factory state, and then executes the individual commands that

modify the configuration state. It may be desirable to make the changes relative to the current configuration, and not out of the factory state. Then the "system fabsettings" should be removed.

No output of default values

The configuration file contains (with exceptions) only values which differ from the default. The command "system fabsettings" (go to the factory state) from the beginning of a generated configuration file should not be removed, otherwise the device can get incompletely configured.

Configuration via Telnet

The configuration files can in principle also be transferred in a Telnet session, but then the settings are changed during operation, and not completely when restarting, as it would have been the case with an upload. It can happen that events are triggered at the same time as the device is configured. One should therefore:

- a) disable the function
- b) completely parametrize
- c) reactivate the function

An example:

```
email enabled set 0
email sender set "" #len: 0..100
email recipient set "" #len: 0..100
email server set "" #len: 0..100
email port set 25
email security set 0 #range: 0..2
email auth set 0 #range: 0..2
email user set "" #len: 0..100
email passwd hash set "" #len: 0..100
email enabled set 1 #range: 0..1
```

2.3.3 Bootloader Activation

The configuration of the device from the application "GBL_Conf.exe" is only possible, if the device is in Bootloader Mode.

Activation of the Bootloader Mode

1) via push button:


- Hold both buttons for 3 seconds

2) or


- Remove the power supply
- Hold down the "Select" button. If the push button is recessed, use a pin or paper clip
- Connect the operating voltage

3) by Software:


- Start the "GBL_Conf.exe" program
- Do a network search with the "Search" menu action
- Activate in menu "Program Device" the item "Enter Bootloader"

 This function is only possible if "Enable FW to BL" was activated in the application "GBL_Conf.exe" before, while the device was already in the bootloader.

4) via web interface:

Press "Enter Bootloader Mode" on the maintenance  web page.

Whether the device is in Bootloader mode, is indicated by the flashing of the status LED, or it is shown in "GBL_Conf.exe" application after a renewed device search (appendix "BOOT-LDR" after the device name). In Bootloader mode the program "GBL_Conf.exe" can disable the password and the IP ACL, perform a firmware update, and restore the factory settings.

 For devices with relays, entering or exiting the bootloader mode does not change the state of the relays as long as the operating voltage is maintained.

Abandonment of the Bootloader Mode

1) via push button:


- Hold both buttons for 3 seconds (only if the device has 2 buttons)

2) or

- Remove and connect the power supply without operating a button

3) by Software:

- Start the "GBL_Conf.exe" application
- Do a network search with the "Search" menu action
- In menu "Program Device" activate the item "Enter Firmware"

 For devices with relays, entering or exiting the bootloader mode does not change the state of the relays as long as the operating voltage is maintained.

Factory Reset

If the device is in bootloader mode, it can always be put back to its factory default. All TCP/IP settings are reset in this operation.

 If a unit is set to factory defaults, an uploaded certificate or updated firmware will be preserved.

1) via push button:

- Activate the Bootloader Mode of the device

- Hold down the button (or the "Select" button for devices with 2 buttons) for 6 seconds. If the push button is recessed, use a pin or paper clip
- The status LED will blink in a fast rhythm, please wait until the LED blinks slowly (about 5 seconds)

2) by Software:

- Activate the Bootloader Mode of the device
- "Start the GBL_Conf.exe" program
- In menu "Program Device" activate the item "Reset to Fab Settings"
- The status LED will blink in a fast rhythm, please wait until the LED blinks slowly (about 5 seconds)

2.4 GSM

To use the GSM functions, there must be an activated SIM card in the SIM card slot.

If the SIM card is inserted, and the device is enabled, the integrated GSM module searches automatically for a connection to the GSM network. If this connection works, you can control and configure the device via SMS or by call.

When operating via SMS, send defined SMS commands to the device. The device executes these commands and confirms them with reply SMS.

When operating via phone call, you can perform commands by FreeCall, that allow the unit to perform preconfigured commands, when it is called from a particular phone number. There is no connection established and there are no call charges. Another possibility is the voice call. Here, the device menu is operated using DTMF codes. This type of operation can also be carried out automatically.

Preparing for GSM operation

If you are using a new SIM card, please take note:

1. Preparing the SIM card

- If you are using a contracted SIM card, please start with step 2
- If you are using a prepaid SIM card, please take care:
 - There has to be a positive balance on the card
 - The card has to be activated. New prepaid cards need some manual operation at the start of usage. These requests have to be made from a user with a cellphone.

2. SIM-card pin code

- The device awaits the SIM card pin code 1234 first. Enter this PIN to the SIM card, by using a cellphone. In case you are using another pin code, you have to configure the EPC NET GSM before you activate the GSM part of the device! Otherwise this may lead to a lock of the SIM card.
- You can disable the need to enter the PIN code on the SIM card with a mobile phone. In this case the EPC NET GSM accepts the SIM card without checking the code.

3. Install SIM card

- Switch off the device or deactivate the GSM module. Alternatively, you

can just turn off the GSM module in the EPC NET GSM via software. Never install a SIM card, when GSM module is active. Otherwise the SIM card may be destroyed.

- Insert the SIM card into the Push Sim Holder.

4. Connect Antenna

- Take the GSM antenna from the box and screw it to the EPC NET GSM by turning clockwise. It is enough to attract the connection hand-tight. Never use pliers to tighten or similar to the antenna, thus inevitably destroying the antenna connection.

5. Activate the EPC NET GSM

- Power up the device. In factory default state, the GSM module is deactivated. This is a security setting in delivery to avoid accidentally locking a SIM card with the wrong code.
- Log in on the web interface.
- Switch to Configuration / GSM / SIM.
- Here the button "Enable GSM" is set to "No", that is the GSM module is turned off. Set the button to "yes", then press the button "Apply" to transmit the data to the EPC NET GSM.
- Wait some minutes, until the device has logged into the GSM. You can see the status change from the Signal Tower indicator LED on the display or in the web interface.

GSM Status LED's

The GSM status LED's displays different states of the GSM module.

Signal Tower indicator off

GSM module is deactivated.

Signal Tower indicator on

GSM module activated.

Signal Strength Indicator

- 0 bars - no signal
- 2 bars - approx. 30%
- 4 bars - approx. 70%
- 6 bars - approx. 100%

2.4.1 SMS

2.4.1.1 SMS Commands

Description of the SMS format to send commands to the device:

Format

`%[cmd-name] [param 1] [...] [param N] {param 1} {...} {param N}`
[param x] = mandatory parameter
{param x} = optional parameter

If activated, a port code or master code will be required. Entering these codes is initiated by **p** (for Port code) or **m** (for Master code).

2.4.1.1.1 Powerport: Query Power Port State

Format

`%port state [portnumber] {Portcode/Mastercode}`

Command:

Request of status of Output Port 1, Portcode 1111

`%port state 1 p1111`

Answer:

Hostname: ENC-2191

Output Port state: Port 1 is Off

Credit: 130.50 Eur

2.4.1.1.2 Powerport: Simple Switching

Format

`%port [on, off, toggle] [portnumber] {Portcode/Mastercode}`

Examples:

Switch off Output Port 2, Mastercode 2222

`%port off 2 m2222`

Toggle Output Port 8, Portcode 1238

`%port toggle 8 p1238`

Reset Output Port 6, Portcode 0123

`%port reset 6 p0123`

Switch on Output Port 1, without Portcode

`%port on 1`

Answer (example):

Device name: epc007

Port switch: Port 1 off -> on

Account Credit: Credit: 130.50 Eur

2.4.1.1.3 Powerport: Advanced Switching (Batchmode)

Format

`%port batchmode [portnumber] [batch-sequence-number] {Portcode/Mastercode}`

[batch-sequence-number]

'11' .. '19' off, wait [t1 .. t9]s, on

'21' .. '29' on, wait [t1 .. t9]s, off

'31' .. '39' toggle, wait [t1 .. t9]s, toggle

Note: Sequence numbers are identical to the DTMF codes for voice calls.

| tn | Time in seconds |
|----|-----------------|
| t1 | 1 |
| t2 | 2 |
| t3 | 5 |
| t4 | 10 |
| t5 | 20 |
| t6 | 60 |
| t7 | 120 |
| t8 | 240 |
| t9 | 480 |

Example:

```
%port batchmode 1 13 m0123
```

Answer:

Device name: epc007

Switch sequence: Port 1 off -> t3 -> on

Account Credit: Credit 130.50

2.4.1.1.4 Powerport: Advanced Switching (coldstart)

The command '**coldstart**' turns off all Output Ports at once. Then it switches the ports temporarily delayed on again (according to the current output port configuration), as if the device performs a cold start.

Format

```
%coldstart {mastercode}
```

Example:

```
%coldstart m0123
```

Answer:

Device name: epc007

Switch sequence: coldstart

Account Credit: Credit: 130.50 Eur

2.4.1.1.5 Configuration: Read

Format

```
%config get [config-name] {mastercode}
```

```
[config-name29]:  
all  
code  
telbook  
gsmstatus  
response
```

error
portname
adminnum
gsm

Example:

```
%config get code m1234
```

Answer:

Config: code = on

Example:

```
%config get all
```

Answer:

Config: code = on
telbook = off
[...]
adminnum = 0161123456
gsm = on

2.4.1.1.6 Configuration: Write

Format

```
%config set [config-name] [config-value] {Mastercode}
```

[config-name]²⁹:
code
telbook
gsmstatus
response
error
portname
adminnum
gsm

Example:

```
%config set code off m1234
```

Answer:

Config: code = off

2.4.1.1.7 Configuration: All Parameter

| Description | SMS [config-name] | SMS [config-value] | default |
|---------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------|
| Master/Port Code enabled? | code | on, off | off |
| Check of phone book? | telbook | on, off | off |

| Description | SMS [config-name] | SMS [config-value] | default |
|---|-------------------|--------------------|---------|
| Send GSM Status SMS to 'adminnum' | gsmstatus | on, off | off |
| Send SMS reply on SMS commands to recent SMS user | response | on, off | on |
| Send SMS reply with error message, if SMS command was malformed | error | on, off | on |
| States configured Port name instead of Output Port n in SMS replies | portname | on, off | off |
| Allow deactivation of GSM module via SMS | gsm | on, off | off |
| Phone number for e-mail messages | email | max. 15 chars | |
| Access only for admin | mastergsm | on, off | off |
| Autosync | autosync | on, off | off |
| DTMF for VoiceCall | calltone | on, off | off |
| Voice for VoiceCall | callvoice | on, off | on |
| Phone number for SMS messages | adminnum | max. 15 chars | |
| Allows freecall operation | freecall | on, off | off |

2.4.1.1.8 Sensors: Query State

Format

`%sensor state [portnumber, all] {Mastercode}`

Example:

Query the state of all sensors, Mastercode 0000

`%sensor state m0000`

Answer:

Device name: epc007

Port: Sensor port 1

Sensor name: Temperature

Value: NC
Port: Sensor port 2
Sensor name: Temperature
Value: T=22.79C
Value: RH= 76.64%
Account credit: Credit: 130.50 Eur

2.4.1.1.9 Query Device State

Format

`%all state {Mastercode}`

Example:

Query the state of the device:

`%all state`

Answer:

Device name: epc007: Status
Outputport state: outp: 1=On 2=On 3=On 4=Off
Inputport state: dinp: 1=Off 2=Off 3=Off 4=Off
Account credit: Credit: 130.50 Eur

2.4.1.2 SMS replies

2.4.1.2.1 SMS command replies

A command reply SMS looks like:

| | |
|---------------------|------------------------|
| Device name: [name] | prefix |
| [response text] | Command specific reply |
| Account credit: [x] | |

[response text]

Device name: [name]

Port switch: [port] [s] -> [s]

[port] = Port 1 .. Port 99 (or Config:portname)

[s] = on .. off

Port state: [port] is [s], [...], [port] is [s]

[port] = Port 1 .. Port 99 (or Config:portname)

[s] = on .. off

Switch sequence: [s]

[s]

[port] [c] -> wait t -> [c]

[port] = 'Port 1' .. 'Port 99' (or Config:portname)

[c] = on, off, toggle, coldstart

Account credit: [x]

Config: name = value, [...], name = value

or

command parse error

2.4.1.2.2 Status Change Report SMS

A SMS status change request reply looks like:

| | |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Device name: [name] | Prefix |
| [response text] | Status change request specific reply |
| Account credit: [x] | |

[response text]

Device name: [name]

[port] -> [s]

[port] = 'Port 1' .. 'Port 99' (or Config:portname)

[s] = 'on' .. 'off'

[port] [s]

[port] = 'Port 1' .. 'Port 99' (or Config:portname)

[s] = batchmode, toggled, Coldstart

Temperature state: [val]

[val] = 'over the MAX limit', 'under the MIN limit'

Account credit: [x]

2.4.2 Voice Call

2.4.2.1 Menu

For operating with VoiceCall, simply call the phone number of the SIM card of the GSM module. When connection is established the device replies with the announcement: "Main menu" and a DTMF tone

In the menu the navigation works via DTMF commands.

Each command starts with # and ends with *.

| Numbers | Men |
|---------|-------------|
| | |
| *1# | Output Port |
| *2# | Input Port |
| *8# | Status |

You can combine multiple commands into a command. Just type the commands one after another and terminate it as a whole with #.

*[Command 1][Command 2]...[Command n]#

Some commands may require the Port or MasterCode. These codes have to be added at end of the command

Example:

Navigate from Main Menu into the Status Menu using mastercode 1111

*8# - enter Status Menu
1111 - Mastercode

For the navigation in menus the following commands are required:

*99# - Jump to Main Menu
*98# - Return to prev Menu
*97# - Help




2.4.2.1.1 Power Port Menu

Here you can choose and switch Output Ports or request the status of a Output Port.

Example:

*1# - Switch to Output Port menu
*5# - Choose Output Port 5
*01# - Switch on

Or connected into one command: *1501#

 For devices with more than 9 power ports, the port numbers must be entered with two digits. The previous command would then look like this: *10501#

Example:

*7# - Choose Output Port 7
*23# - Activate Batchmode No.23 for Output Port 7 - Output Portt 7 on, wait t3, off

Example:

*3# - Choose Output Port 3
*03# - Request state of Output Port 4

Or as one command: *303#

Please check the Output Port commands [pc] for further information


2.4.2.1.2 Status Menu

Different states of the device can be requested

| | |
|------|--|
| *00# | Value of the account of the PrePaid card |
| *01# | Request of an SMS with all output port information, announcement "SMS sent" |
| *03# | Request of an SMS with configuration information, announcement "SMS sent" |
| *04# | Request of actual sensor information (a sensor has to be connected) |
| *10# | Request of the state of all Output Ports |

2.4.2.1.3 Parameter Description

[pn]
Output Port Number
- Values: '1' .. '9'

 For devices with more than 9 power ports, the port numbers must be entered with two digits - Values: '01' .. '99'

[ps]
- Output Port State
- Values: '0' .. '1'
(on/off)

[pc]
- Output Port Command
- Values: '00' .. '89'

[in]
- Input-Port Number
- Values: '1' .. '9'

[is]
- Input-Port State
- Values: '0' .. '1'
(on/off)

[sq]
- Status Query
- Values '01' .. '89'

Special Menu Commands (90 .. 00)
- 99 : Jump to Main Menu
- 98 : return to prev Menu

2.4.3 Power Port Commands

List of possible Output Port commands (pc)

| Port Command | Command | Description |
|--------------|------------|--|
| 00 | off | Switch off |
| 01 | on | Switch on |
| 02 | toggle | Toggle |
| 03 | state info | Request of state of Port |
| 04 | reset | Switch off, wait 30 seconds, switch on |

| Port Command | Command | Description |
|--------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 11 | Batchmode: off, wait t1, on | Port off, wait t1, Port on |
| 12 | Batchmode: off, wait t2, on | Port off, wait t2, Port on |
| 13 | Batchmode: off, wait t3, on | Port off, wait t3, Port on |
| 14 | Batchmode: off, wait t4, on | Port off, wait t4, Port on |
| 15 | Batchmode: off, wait t5, on | Port off, wait t5, Port on |
| 16 | Batchmode: off, wait t6, on | Port off, wait t6, Port on |
| 17 | Batchmode: off, wait t7, on | Port off, wait t7, Port on |
| 18 | Batchmode: off, wait t8, on | Port off, wait t8, Port on |
| 19 | Batchmode: off, wait t9, on | Port off, wait t9, Port on |

| Port Command | Command | Description |
|--------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 21 | Batchmode: on, wait t1, off | Port on, wait t1, Port off |
| 22 | Batchmode: on, wait t2, off | Port on, wait t2, Port off |
| 23 | Batchmode: on, wait t3, off | Port on, wait t3, Port off |
| 24 | Batchmode: on, wait t4, off | Port on, wait t4, Port off |
| 25 | Batchmode: on, wait t5, off | Port on, wait t5, Port off |
| 26 | Batchmode: on, wait t6, off | Port on, wait t6, Port off |
| 27 | Batchmode: on, wait t7, off | Port on, wait t7, Port off |
| 28 | Batchmode: on, wait t8, off | Port on, wait t8, Port off |
| 29 | Batchmode: on, wait t9, off | Port on, wait t9, Port off |

| Port Command | Command | Description |
|--------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 31 | Batchmode: toggle, wait t1, toggle | Port toggle, wait t1, Port toggle |
| 32 | Batchmode: toggle, wait t2, toggle | Port toggle, wait t2, Port toggle |
| 33 | Batchmode: toggle, wait t3, toggle | Port toggle, wait t3, Port toggle |
| 34 | Batchmode: toggle, wait t4, toggle | Port toggle, wait t4, Port toggle |
| 35 | Batchmode: toggle, wait t5, toggle | Port toggle, wait t5, Port toggle |
| 36 | Batchmode: toggle, wait t6, toggle | Port toggle, wait t6, Port toggle |
| 37 | Batchmode: toggle, wait t7, toggle | Port toggle, wait t7, Port toggle |
| 38 | Batchmode: toggle, wait t8, toggle | Port toggle, wait t8, Port toggle |
| 39 | Batchmode: | Port toggle, wait t91, Port toggle |

| Port Command | Command | Description |
|--------------|----------------------------|-------------|
| | toggle, wait t9, toggle | |

| tn | Time in seconds |
|----|-----------------|
| t1 | 1 |
| t2 | 2 |
| t3 | 5 |
| t4 | 10 |
| t5 | 20 |
| t6 | 60 |
| t7 | 120 |
| t8 | 240 |
| t9 | 480 |

2.4.4 Security

Please note that the device has no security options set in the delivery settings, in order to allow a quick start. For a later use we strongly recommend that you activate the phone book check and code queries. The phone book check provides pretty high security, because only phone book members can operate the device. Unfortunately, there are mobile carriers that allow to simulate any number with some technical effort. These numbers will be marked with a special bit and can only be identified by the police as forged. Unfortunately the GSM network has no possibility to identify this fake numbers. For this reason we recommend the code query.

| Access | Phonebook Check | Port/MasterCode | Security |
|--------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------|
| Anybody | off | off | Very low |
| Phonebook Check | on | off | Normal |
| Code Check | off | on | High |
| Phonebook and Code Check | on | on | Very high |

Configuration

3 Configuration

TCP/IP configuration by DHCP

After switching on the device is scanning on the Ethernet for a DHCP server and requests an unused IP address. Check the IP address that has been assigned and adjust if necessary, that the same IP address is used at each restart. To turn off DHCP use the software GBL_Conf.exe or use the configuration via the web interface.

To check the network settings with GBL_Conf.exe, start the program and choose "All Devices" in the "Search" menu. From the list select the appropriate device. The lower part of the left half of the window now shows the current network settings of the device. If the IP address is displayed with the default settings (192.168.0.2), either no DHCP server is present on the network, or there could be no free IP address assigned to it.

3.1 Power Ports

Power Ports

Choose Power Port to configure: 1: Power Port

Label: Power Port

Initialization status (coldstart): on off remember last state

Initialization delay: 0 s

GSM Portcode: 1111

Repower delay: 0 s

Reset duration: 10 s

Enable watchdog: yes no

Apply

Choose Power Port to configure: This field is used to select the power ports to be configured.

Label: You can assign a name up to 15 characters for each of the power ports. Using the name, an identification of the the device connected to the port can be facilitated.

Start-up Monitoring

It is important, that if necessary the condition of the power ports can be restored after a power failure. Therefore each port can be configured with Initialization status to a specific start-up state. This start-up sequence can be carried out delayed by the parameter Initialization Delay. There is in any case a minimum one-second delay between switching of ports.

Initialization status(coldstart): This is the port state (on, off, remember last state) the port should be set when the device is turned on. The setting "remember last state" saves the last manually set state of the power port in the EEPROM.

Initialization delay: Here can be configured how long the port should wait to switch to its defined state after the device is turned on. The delay may last up to 8191 seconds. This

corresponds to a period of approx. two hours and 20 minutes. A value of zero means that the initialization is off.

GSM Portcode (only EPC 1292): Sets the individual port access code.

Repower delay: When this feature is enabled (value greater than 0), the power port will switch itself on again a specified time after it has been disabled. Unlike the "Reset" button this function applies to all switch actions, including SNMP, or an optional serial interface.

Reset Duration: When the "Reset" button is triggered, the device turns the power port off, waits for the time entered here (in seconds) and turns the power port on.

3.1.1 Watchdog

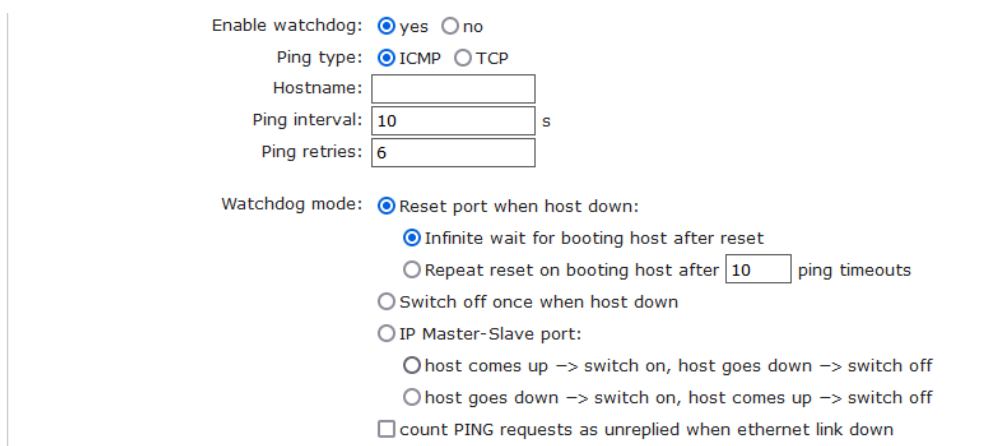
The watchdog feature enables to monitor various remote devices. Therefore either ICMP pings or TCP pings are sent to the device to be monitored. If these pings are not answered within a certain time (both the time and the number of attempts can be set), the port is reset. This allows e.g. to automatically restart not responding server or NAS systems. The mode IP master-slave port allows you to switch a port depending on the availability of a remote device.

When a watchdog is activated it presents various information in the Control Panel. The information is color-coded.

- Green text: The watchdog is active and regularly receives ping replies.
- Orange text: The watchdog is currently enabled, and waits for the first Ping response.
- Red text: The watchdog is active and receives no ping replies anymore from the configured IP address.

After the watchdog has been enabled, the display remains orange until the watchdog receives a ping response for the first time. Only then the watchdog is activated. Even after triggering a watchdog and a subsequent power port reset, the display will remain orange until the device is rebooted and responds again to ping requests. This will prevent a premature watchdog reset of the port, e.g. when a server needs a long time for a file check.

You can monitor devices on your own network, as well as devices on an external network, e.g. the operating status of a router.



Enable watchdog: yes no

Ping type: ICMP TCP

Hostname:

Ping interval: s

Ping retries:

Watchdog mode: Reset port when host down:

- Infinite wait for booting host after reset
- Repeat reset on booting host after ping timeouts
- Switch off once when host down

IP Master-Slave port:

- host comes up -> switch on, host goes down -> switch off
- host goes down -> switch on, host comes up -> switch off

count PING requests as unreplied when ethernet link down

Enable watchdog: Enables the watchdog function for this Power Port.

Watchdog type: Here you can choose between the monitoring by ICMP pings or TCP pings.

- ICMP Pings: The classic ping (ICMP echo request). It can be used to check the accessibility of network devices (for example, a server).
- TCP Pings: With TCP pings, you can check if a TCP port on the target device would accept a TCP connect. Therefore a non-blocked TCP port should be selected. A good choice would be port 80 for http or port 25 for SMTP.

TCP port: Enter the TCP port to be monitored. When using ICMP pings this is not needed.

Hostname: The name or IP address of the monitored network device.


Ping interval: Select the frequency (in seconds) at which the ping packet is sent to each network device to check its operating status.

Ping retries: After this number of consecutive unanswered ping requests the device is considered inactive.

Watchdog mode: When Reset port when host down is enabled, the Power Port is turned off and switched back on after the time set in Reset Duration. In mode Switch off once when host down the Power Port remains disabled.

At the default setting (Infinite wait for booting host after reset) the watchdog monitors the connected device. When there is no longer a reply after a set time, the watchdog performs the specified action, usually a reset of the Power Port. Now the watchdog waits until the monitored device reports again on the network. This may take several minutes depending on the boot duration of the device. Only when the device is accessible from network again, the watchdog is re-armed. If the option Repeat reset on booting host after x ping timeout is enabled, this mechanism is bypassed. Now the watchdog is re-activated after N Ping intervals (input field ping timeouts).

When enabling the IP master-slave mode, the port is switched depending on the availability of a remote device. Depending on the configuration, the port is switched on when the terminal is reachable, or vice versa.

 The option Repeat reset on booting host after x ping timeout has the following pitfall: If a server, that is connected to the monitored Port is in need for a long boot process (e.g. it is doing a file system check), the server would probably exceed the tripping time of the watchdog. The server would be switched off and on again, and the file system check is restarted. This would be repeated endlessly.

count PING requests as unreplied when ethernet link down: If the Ethernet link of the device is not active, watchdog monitoring is not possible and the watchdog function is not activated. If this option is activated, a watchdog is also triggered if the Ethernet link is down.

3.2 Ethernet

3.2.1 IP Address

[IP Address](#) · [IP ACL](#) · [HTTP Server](#)

| |
|---|
| Hostname |
| Hostname: <input type="text" value="ENC-2304"/> |
| IPv4 |
| Use IPv4 DHCP: <input checked="" type="radio"/> yes <input type="radio"/> no |
| IPv4 Address: <input type="text" value="192.168.0.131"/> |
| IPv4 Netmask: <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/> |
| IPv4 Gateway address: <input type="text" value="192.168.0.1"/> |
| IPv4 DNS address: <input type="text" value="192.168.0.1"/> |
| MAC address: 00:19:32:01:1e:52 |
| IPv6 |
| Use IPv6 Protocol: <input type="radio"/> yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> no |
| Use IPv6 Router Advertisement: <input type="radio"/> yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> no |
| Use DHCP v6: <input type="radio"/> yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> no |
| Use manual IPv6 address settings: <input type="radio"/> yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> no |

Hostname: Here you can enter a name with up to 63 characters. This name will be used for registration on the DHCP server.



Special characters and umlauts can cause problems in the network.

IPv4 Address: The IP address of the device.

IPv4 Netmask: The network mask used in the network.

IPv4 Gateway address: The IP address of the gateway.

IPv4 DNS address: The IP address of the DNS server.

Use IPv4 DHCP: Select "yes" if the TCP/IP settings should be obtained directly from the DHCP server: When the function is selected, each time the device powers up it is checked if a DHCP server is available on the network.



If no DHCP server is available, the last IP address is used. However, the DHCP client tries to reach a DHCP server again every 5 minutes. The DHCP request lasts one minute until it is aborted. During this time the IP-address is not accessible! It is therefore essential to deactivate DHCP for a static IP addresses!

Use IPv6 Protocol: Activates IPv6 usage.

Use IPv6 Router Advertisement: The Router Advertisement communicates with the router

Configuration

to make global IPv6 addresses available.

Use DHCP v6: Requests from an existing DHCPv6 server addresses of the configured DNS server.


Use manual IPv6 address settings: Activates the entry of manual IPv6 addresses.

IPv6 status: Displays the IPv6 addresses over which the device can be accessed, and additionally DNS and router addresses.

IPv6 status

Current IPv6 status:

| | |
|------------------|---|
| IPv6 Addr: | fe80::219:32ff:fe00:996d 2007:7dd0:ffc1:l:219:32ff:fe00:996d |
| IPv6 DNS Server: | 2007:7dd0:ffc1:1:20c:29ff:feaf:93c |
| IPv6 Router: | fe80::20c:29ff:feaf:93c |

 For IP changes a firmware reset is required. This can be done in the Maintenance web page. A restart of the device leads by no means to a change of the relay states.

Manual IPv6 Configuration

IPv6 (manual)

| | | |
|-----------------------|--|------|
| IPv6 Addresses: | <input type="text" value="2007:7dd0:ffc1:0:219:32ff:fe00:996d"/> | / 64 |
| | <input type="text"/> | / 64 |
| | <input type="text"/> | / 64 |
| | <input type="text"/> | / 64 |
| IPv6 DNS addresses: | <input type="text" value="2007:7dd0:ffc1:0:20c:29fffeaf:93c"/> | |
| | <input type="text"/> | |
| IPv6 Gateway address: | <input type="text" value="fe80::20c:29ff:feaf:93c"/> | |

The input fields for the manual setting of IPv6 addresses allow you to configure the prefix of four additional IPv6 device addresses, and to set two DNS addresses, and a gateway.

3.2.2 IP ACL


ICMP Ping
Reply ICMP ping requests: yes no


IP Access Control List
Enable IP filter: yes no

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|---|---|
| 1. Grant IP access to host/net: | <input type="text" value="1234::4ef0:eec1:0:219:32ff:fe00:f124"/> | - | + |
| 2. Grant IP access to host/net: | <input type="text" value="192.168.1.84"/> | - | + |
| 3. Grant IP access to host/net: | <input type="text" value="mypc.locdom"/> | - | + |
| 4. Grant IP access to host/net: | <input type="text" value="192.168.1.0/24"/> | - | + |
| 5. Grant IP access to host/net: | <input type="text" value="1234:4ef0:eec1:0::/64"/> | - | + |

Reply ICMP ping requests: If you enable this feature, the device responds to ICMP pings from the network.

Enable IP filter: Enable or disable the IP filter here. The IP filter represents an access control for incoming IP packets.

 Please note that when IP access control is enabled HTTP and SNMP only work if the appropriate servers and clients are registered in the IP access control list.

 If you choose a wrong IP ACL setting and locked yourself out, please activate the Bootloader Mode and use GBL_Conf.exe to deactivate the IP ACL. Alternatively, you can reset the device to factory default.

3.2.3 HTTP

[IP Address](#) · [IP ACL](#) · [HTTP Server](#)

HTTP

HTTP Server option: HTTP + HTTPS
 HTTP redirects to HTTPS
 HTTPS only HTTP only

Server port HTTP:
Server port HTTPS:
Supported TLS versions:
Enable Ajax autorefresh: yes no

HTTP Password

Enable password protection: yes no
Use radius server passwords: yes no
Use locally stored passwords: yes no

Set new **admin** password: (32 characters max)
Repeat **admin** password:

Set new **user** password: (32 characters max)
Repeat **user** password:


HTTP Server option: Selects whether access is possible only with HTTP, HTTPS, or both.

Server port HTTP: Here can be set the port number of the internal HTTP. Possible values are from 1 to 65534 (default: 80). If you do not use the default port, you must append the port number to the address with a colon to address the device from a web browser. Such as: "http://192.168.0.2:800"

Server port HTTPS: The port number to connect the web server via the SSL (TLS) protocol.

Supported TLS versions: Limits the supported TLS versions.


Enable Ajax autorefresh: If this is activated, the information of the status page is automatically updated via http request (AJAX).


 For some HTTP configuration changes a firmware reset is required. This can be done in the Maintenance web page. A restart of the device leads by no means to a change of the relay states.

Enable password protection: Password access protection can be activated. If the admin password is assigned, you can only log in by entering this password to change settings. Users can log in by entering the user password in order to query the status information and initiate switching operations.

Use radius server passwords: Username and password are validated by a Radius Sever.

Use locally stored passwords: Username and password are stored locally. In this case, an admin password and a user password must be assigned. The password can have a maximum of 31 characters. The name "admin" and "user" are provided for the user name in the password entry mask of the browser. In factory settings, the password for the admin is set to "admin" or "user" for the user password.

 If the password mask is redisplayed, only four "bullets" are shown as a symbolic placeholder, since for security reasons the device never stores the password itself, but only the SHA2-256 hash. If you want to change a password, the complete password must always be re-entered.

 If you have forgotten your password, please activate the bootloader mode and then turn off the password prompt in GBL_Conf.exe.

3.3 Protocols

3.3.1 Console

[Console](#) · [Syslog](#) · [SNMP](#) · [Radius](#) · [Modbus](#) · [MQTT](#)

TCP/IP Console

Enable Telnet: yes no
Telnet TCP port:
Raw mode: yes no
Active negotiation: yes no
Activate echo: yes no
Push messages: yes no
Delay after 3 failed logins: yes no

Enable SSH: yes no
SSH TCP port:
Activate echo: yes no
Push messages: yes no

Require user login (Telnet/SSH): yes no
Use radius server passwords: yes no
Use locally stored passwords: yes no
Username:
Set new password: (32 characters max)
Repeat password:
Upload new SSH public key:

Enable Telnet: Enables Telnet console .

Telnet TCP port: Telnet sessions are accepted on this port.

Raw mode: The VT100 editing and the IAC protocol are disabled.

Activate echo: The echo setting if not changed by IAC.

Active negotiation: The IAC negotiation is initiated by the server.

Require user login: Username and password are required.

Delay after 3 failed logins: After 3 wrong entries of username or password, the next login attempt is delayed.

Use radius server passwords: Username and password are validated by a Radius Sever.

Use locally stored passwords: Username and password are stored locally

3.3.2 Syslog

[Console](#) · [Syslog](#) · [SNMP](#) · [Radius](#) · [Modbus](#) · [MQTT](#)

Syslog

Enable Syslog: yes no

Syslog server:

Enable Syslog: Enables the usage of Syslog Messages.

Syslog Server: If you have enabled Syslog Messages, enter the IP address of the server to which the syslog information should be transmitted.

3.3.3 SNMP

[Console](#) · [Syslog](#) · [SNMP](#) · [Radius](#) · [Modbus](#) · [MQTT](#)

SNMP

Enable SNMP options: SNMP get SNMP set

SNMP UDP port:

sysContact:

sysName:

sysLocation:

SNMP v2

Enable SNMP v2: yes no

SNMP v2 public Community: (16 char. max)

SNMP v2 private Community: (16 char. max)

SNMP v3

Enable SNMP v3: yes no

SNMP v3 Username: (32 char. max)

SNMP v3 Authorization Algorithm:

Set new **Authorization** password: (8 char. min, 32 char. max)

Repeat **Authorization** password:

SNMP v3 Privacy Algorithm:

Set new **Privacy** password: (8 char. min, 32 char. max)

Repeat **Privacy** password:

SNMP Traps

Send SNMP Traps:

SNMP trap receiver 1 :

SNMP-get: Enables the acceptance of SNMP-GET commands.

SNMP-set: Allows the reception of SNMP-SET commands.


SNMP UDP Port: Sets the UDP port where SNMP messages are received.

sysContact: Value of RFC 1213 sysContact.

sysName: Value of RFC 1213 sysName.

sysLocation: Value of RFC 1213 sysLocation.

Enable SNMP v2: Activates SNMP v2.

 Because of security issues, it is advisable to use only SNMP v3, and to disable SNMP v2. Accesses to SNMP v2 are always insecure.

Community public: The community password for SNMP GET requests.

Community private: The community password for SNMP SET requests.

Enable SNMP v3: Activates SNMP v3.

SNMP v3 Username: The SNMP v3 User Name.

SNMP v3 Authorization Algorithm: The selected Authentication Algorithm.

SNMP v3 Privacy Algorithm: SNMP v3 Encryption Algorithm..



If the password mask is redisplayed, only four "bullets" are shown as a symbolic placeholder, since for security reasons the device never stores the password itself, but only the key formed using the Authorization Algorithm. If you want to change a password, the complete password must always be re-entered.



The calculation of the password hashes varies with the selected algorithms. If the Authentication or Privacy algorithms are changed, the passwords must be re-entered in the configuration dialog. "SHA-384" and "SHA512" are calculated purely in software. If "SHA-512" is set on the configuration page, the time for the key generation may take once up to approx. 45 seconds.

Send SNMP traps: Here you can specify whether, and in what format the device should send SNMP traps.

SNMP trap receiver: You can insert here up to eight SNMP trap receiver.

MIB table: The download link to the text file with the MIB table for the device.

More information about SNMP settings are available from our support or can be found on the Internet at www.gude.info/wiki.

3.3.4 Radius

[Console](#) · [Syslog](#) · [SNMP](#) · [Radius](#) · [Modbus](#) · [MQTT](#)

Radius
Enable Radius Client: yes no
Authentication Protocol: PAP CHAP
Use Message Authentication: yes no
Default Session Timeout:

Primary Server:
Set new shared secret:
Repeat new shared secret:
Timeout:
Retries:

Use backup server: yes no
Backup Server:
Set new shared secret:
Repeat new shared secret:
Timeout:
Retries:

Enable Radius Client: Enables validation over Radius.

Use CHAP: Use CHAP password encoding.

Use Message Authentication: Adds the "Message Authentication" attribute to the Authentication Request.

Primary Server: Name or IP address of the Primary Radius server.

Shared secret: Radius Shared Secret. For compatibility reasons, only use ASCII characters.

Timeout: How long (in seconds) will be waited for a response from an Authentication Request.

Retries: How often an authentication request is repeated after a timeout.

Use Backup Server: Activates a Radius Backup server.

Backup Server: Name or IP address of the Radius Backup server.

Shared secret: Radius Shared Secret. For compatibility reasons, only use ASCII characters.

Timeout: How long (in seconds) will be waited for a response from an Authentication Request.

Retries: How often an authentication request is repeated after a timeout.

Test Radius Server

Test Username:

Test Password:

Test Username: Username input field for Radius test.

Test Password: Password input field for Radius test.

The "Test Radius Server" function allows you to check whether a combination of Username and Password is accepted by the configured Radius Servers.

3.3.5 Modbus TCP

[Console](#) · [Syslog](#) · [SNMP](#) · [Radius](#) · [Modbus](#) · [MQTT](#)

Modbus TCP

Enable Modbus TCP: yes no

Modbus TCP port:

Enable Modbus TCP: Enables Modbus TCP support.

Modbus TCP port: The TCP/IP port number for Modbus TCP.

3.3.6 MQTT

MQTT

Enable MQTT: yes no

Broker:

TLS: yes no

TCP Port: (Default: 8883)

Username:

Set new password:

Repeat password:

Client ID:

Quality of Service (QoS): ▼

Keep-alive ping interval: s (minimum 10s)

Topic Prefix:
de/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41

Permit CLI commands: yes no

Publish device data summary interval: s (0=disabled)

Enable MQTT: Enables MQTT support.

Broker: DNS or IP address of the MQTT broker.


TLS: Turns on TLS encryption.

Mode TCP port: The TCP/IP port number of the broker.

Username: The MQTT username.

password: The password for the username.

Client ID: The MQTT client ID.

 The client IDs of a user must be different! If two clients of a user have the same name, the connection of one client is normally terminated.

Quality of Service (QoS): Sets the QoS value (0 or 1) of the MQTT publishes.

Keep-alive ping interval: This defines the time interval in which the client sends an MQTT ping.

Topic prefix: Defines the beginning of the topic with which all messages are sent. The strings **[mac]** and **[host]** symbolize the MAC address or the hostname of the device.

Permit CLI commands: Enables the execution of console commands.

Publish device data summary interval: Time interval in which messages with the global status of the device are sent.

MQTT Logs

- MQTT client connected
- MQTT sending client id:'client_1641' username:'epc-user'
- MQTT broker connected
- MQTT broker DNS resolved
- MQTT broker DNS not yet resolved
- MQTT resolving host 'f3c06b76137c48439e81c18b11bd06ab.s1.eu.hivemq.cloud' TCP port 8883

MQTT Broker Status

- Broker DNS ready, connected since 71 seconds
- Last publish 11 seconds ago

MQTT Logs: Outputs individual log messages about the connection setup.

MQTT Broker Status: Time information about connection duration, the last publish and the last keep-alive.

3.4 Clock

3.4.1 NTP


[NTP](#) · [Timer](#)

NTP


Enable Time Synchronization: yes no

Primary NTP server: 

· reply 12s ago, 59ms signal delay
· Mon Oct 11 2021 13:49:46 GMT+0200 (Central European Summer Time)

Backup NTP server: 

Timezone:

Timezone: 

Daylight Saving Time (DST): yes no

Clock

Current Systemtime (UTC): 11:49:59 11.10.2021 (1633952999)

Current Localtime: 13:49:59 11.10.2021

Browsertime: 13:49:58 11.10.2021

Set clock:

Enable Time Synchronization: Enables the NTP protocol.

Primary NTP server: IP address of the first NTP server.

Backup NTP server: IP address of the second NTP server. Used when the first NTP server does not respond.

Timezone: The set time zone for the local time.

Daylight Saving Time: If enabled, the local time is converted to Central European Summer Time.

set manually: The user can set a time manually.

set to Browsetime: Sets the time corresponding to web browser.



If Time synchronization is enabled, a manual time will be overwritten at the next NTP synchronization.

3.4.2 Timer

Timer - Basic Settings

Enable Timer: yes no

Syslog verbosity level:

Timer - Rules

Enable Timer: enables or disables all timers globally.

Syslog verbosity level: Sets the verbosity level for timer syslog output.

New Rule simple Timer: Shows a dialog for a simple timer rule.

New Rule advanced Timer: Brings up the dialog for advanced timer settings.

3.4.3 Timer Configuration

In the timer configuration you have three options: Create a simple timer, add a complex timer, or change an existing configuration.



Timer rules are only executed if the device has a valid time. See configuration NTP ⁵³.



This instruction chapter applies to all Gude devices. For devices without switchable ports you can only create a complex timer. For an action there is only the register "Action CLI" available, and not the register "Action PortSwitch".

Timer - Basic Settings

Enable Timer: yes no

Syslog verbosity level:

Timer - Rules

New Rule: simple Timer

New Rule: advanced Timer

Creating a simple timer

If you activate "New Rule: simple Timer" the following dialog is displayed:

Timer Rule [X]

Switch

From : To :

On weekdays: Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat Sun

You set here which port should be switched for which time period, and on which days of the week the rule is active. In this example the period 9:00 to 17:00 is changed to 9:30 to 11:00 compared to the default input mask. Also, this rule should not be applied on Saturday and Sunday. The rule we have now says that every day, except Saturday and Sunday, port 1 will be switched on at 9:30 and switched off after 1.5 hours. Clicking on "Save" saves this rule.

Timer - Rules

🕒 Rule 1: '1: Power Port' 09:30 On

🕒 Rule 2: '1: Power Port' 11:00 Off

New Rule: simple Timer

New Rule: advanced Timer

We have now created 2 rules, one for when the port is turned on and the second for when it is turned off.

Creating a complex timer

Configuration

If you create a complex timer or change an existing timer, you will always see an extended dialog. Here, ports can be switched as well as other actions can be executed via CLI commands. The setting of the switching times is more granular.

Timer - Rule 1: '1: Power Port' 09:30 On

Trigger: Date/Time Pattern Options Action PortSwitch Action Cli

Hours: 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23

Minutes: 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59


Days: 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31

Month: 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12

Days of week: Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat Sun

Delete Save Cancel

You can see here the extended representation of the first rule of the simple timer from the previous example. The action is started every day of every month at 9:30. The weekdays Saturday and Sunday are excluded. An existing rule can be removed with the "Delete" button.

 If a rule is deleted, the following rules move up. The numbering of the following rules also changes by one. This also applies to the index in the console commands.

Timer - Rule 1: '1: Power Port' 09:30 On

Trigger: Date/Time Pattern Options Action PortSwitch Action Cli

Rule Name: '1: Power Port' 09:30 On

Rule Valid from: [] to [] dd.mm.yyyy

Random Trigger Probability: 100


Random Trigger Jitter: 0 secs

enable trigger: yes no

Action mode: Switch Power Ports Perform CLI Cmd

Delete Save Cancel

A simple timer is directly "enabled", for a newly created complex timer "enable trigger" must be switched on manually. You can set a probability and a jitter for the timer rules. This makes random events possible. In this example the rule is executed with 100% probability. A jitter of 0 means that the action takes place exactly at the programmed time. Ports are switched as action mode, alternatively a console command (CLI Cmd) can be executed.

 After changes to existing timers, the "Rule Name" may no longer be meaningful. To keep the overview, it may be useful to adjust the name.

Timer - Rule 1: '1: Power Port' 09:30 On

Trigger: Date/Time Pattern Options Action PortSwitch Action Cli

Switch Power Ports Action1:

| | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| On | On | On | On | On | On | On | On |
| Off | Off | Off | Off | Off | Off | Off | Off |

Switch Power Ports Action2:

| | | | | | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| On | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Off | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Between Action1 and Action 2 : wait hour(s)

Test Action

Delete Save Cancel

The switching function can be set in more detail on the "Action PortSwitch" register. Port 1 is switched on. You could extend the rule and switch more ports on or off. Additionally you can set a time for a batchmode in the field after "Between Action1 and Action 2 : wait", which starts "Action 2" after expired time. However, the batch mode has the disadvantage that it is not automatically restarted when the device is rebooted. Also, the port is locked against manual operation on the web page as long as the batch mode is running.



The "Action PortSwitch" function is only available for devices with switchable ports.

Extending a rule

For demonstration purposes, here is an extension to the simple timer from the previous example:

Timer - Rule 1: '1: Power Port' 09:30 On

Trigger: Date/Time Pattern Options Action PortSwitch Action Cli

Hours:
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23

Minutes:
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59

Days:
01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31

Month
01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12

Days of week:
Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat Sun

Delete Save Cancel


The action is now started not only at 9:30, but also at 17:30. There are other changes: The timer is only active between October and December, also the action does not take place on the first day of a month.

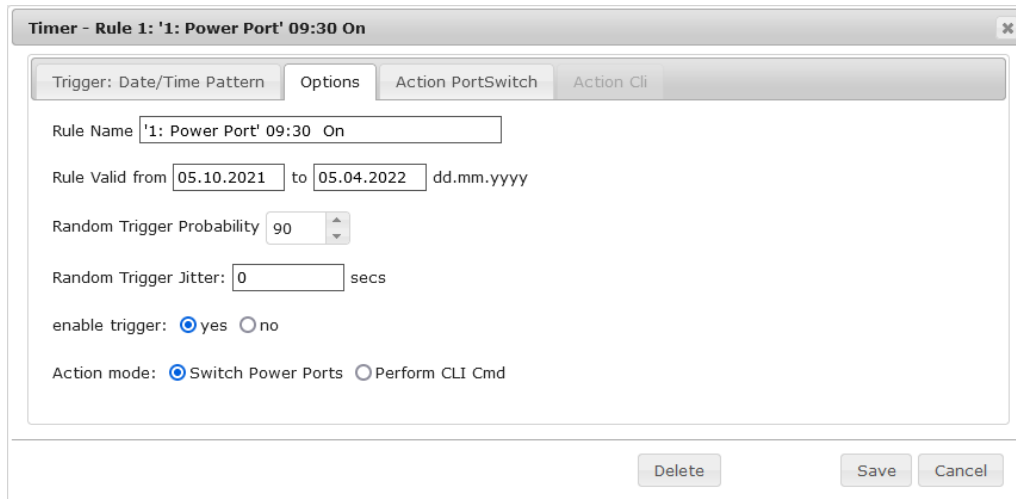


Since all fields in the mask are always considered, it is not possible to define the times 9:30 and 17:10 in a single timer rule. You need a second rule for this. If you set the hours 9 and 17, as well as the minutes 10 and 30, then the four times 9:10, 9:30,

Configuration

17:10 and 17:30 would be programmed.

 To change a field in this input mask without changing the state of the other fields, the Ctrl key must be pressed during the mouse click.



Timer - Rule 1: '1: Power Port' 09:30 On

Trigger: Date/Time Pattern Options Action PortSwitch Action Cli

Rule Name: '1: Power Port' 09:30 On

Rule Valid from: 05.10.2021 to 05.04.2022 dd.mm.yyyy

Random Trigger Probability: 90

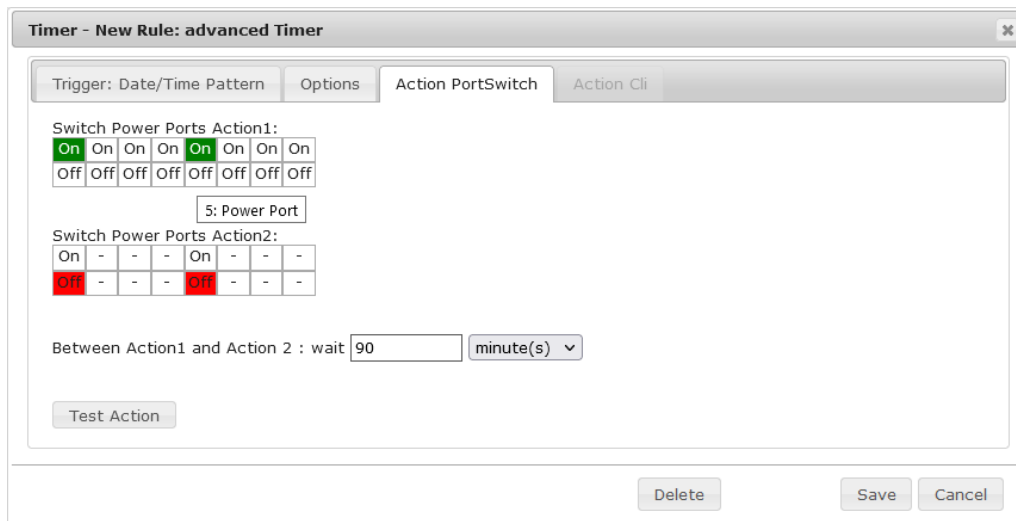
Random Trigger Jitter: 0 secs

enable trigger: yes no

Action mode: Switch Power Ports Perform CLI Cmd

Delete Save Cancel

For this rule, on the "Options" tab, the time period is limited to the range between 5.10.2021 and 5.4.2022. In this example, the timer rule is only executed with a probability (Random Trigger Probability) of 90%.



Timer - New Rule: advanced Timer

Trigger: Date/Time Pattern Options Action PortSwitch Action Cli

Switch Power Ports Action1:

| | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| On | On | On | On | On | On | On | On |
| Off | Off | Off | Off | Off | Off | Off | Off |

5: Power Port

Switch Power Ports Action2:


| | | | | | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|-----|---|---|---|
| On | - | - | - | On | - | - | - |
| Off | - | - | - | Off | - | - | - |

Between Action1 and Action 2 : wait 90 minute(s)

Test Action

Delete Save Cancel

In this example, port 1 and port 5 are enabled and disabled after 90 minutes by batch mode.

 A popup on the mouse pointer shows the port number of the field.

Console Commands

Timer - New Rule: advanced Timer

Trigger: Date/Time Pattern Options Action PortSwitch Action Cli

Perform CLI Command:

```
port 1 reset
port 3 state set 1
```

31/64

Test Action

Delete Save Cancel

Instead of switching a port, one or more console commands can be executed. These commands are entered in the "Action CLI" register. The "Action CLI" tab can only be selected if the option "Perform CLI Cmd" is activated in "Options".

Example Switching a Port on a Date

If you want to switch on a timer on a certain date at a certain time and switch it off at a later time, you cannot do it directly with a simple timer. Therefore it can be useful to create the timer as a simple timer first, and then customize it in the advanced dialog.

Timer Rule

Switch 3: Power Port On

From 09:25 To 17:30

On weekdays: Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat Sun

Save Cancel

Switch port 3 on every day at 9:25, and off again at 17:30. You save.

Timer - Rule 4: '3: Power Port' 09:25 On

Trigger: Date/Time Pattern Options Action PortSwitch Action Cli

Rule Name '3: Power Port' 09:25 On

Rule Valid from 24.10.2021 to 24.10.2021 dd.mm.yyyy

Random Trigger Probability 100

Random Trigger Jitter: 0 secs

enable trigger: yes no

Action mode: Switch Power Ports Perform CLI Cmd

Delete Save Cancel

Then call up the two timer rules you created ("On" and "Off") and enter the date on which the switching operation is to take place in the "Options" tab.

Example blind control

The screenshot shows a configuration window titled "Timer - New Rule: advanced Timer". It has four tabs: "Trigger: Date/Time Pattern", "Options", "Action PortSwitch", and "Action Cli". The "Options" tab is active. The configuration includes the following fields and options:

- Rule Name:
- Rule Valid from: to dd.mm.yyyy
- Random Trigger Probability: (with up/down arrows)
- Random Trigger Jitter: secs
- enable trigger: yes no
- Action mode: Switch Power Ports Perform CLI Cmd

At the bottom right, there are three buttons: "Delete", "Save", and "Cancel".

You can use the jitter e.g. for a shutter control. In the classic example of a shutter control, you do not always want to raise and lower the shutters at the same time in order to confuse potential burglars. The jitter of 1800 seconds means that the action is executed randomly in a period between 30 minutes before and 30 minutes after the programmed time. The probability (Random Trigger Probability) of execution here is 100%.

3.5 Sensors

Power Ports · Ethernet · GSM · Protocols · Clock · Sensors · E-Mail · Front Panel

Sensors Config
Sensor: 1: 7106 - 7106
Sensor Name: 7106
Select Sensor Field: Temperature (°C)
Enable 'Temperature' Messages: yes no
Maximum value: 30.0 °C
Minimum value: 10.0 °C
Hysteresis: 0.1 °C
Message channels: Syslog SNMP Email Console
 SMS: SMS - user1: 0155555555
SMS - user2: 0155555556
 GSM Email Beeper: Beeper mode : continuous
 Flashing display
When above Max value: Switch port 1: Power Port to Off
When below Max value: Switch port 1: Power Port to On
When above Min value: Switch port 2: Power Port to On
When below Min value: Switch port 2: Power Port to Off
Console push-messages: every time interval of seconds

Misc sensor options
Min/Max measurement period: 24 Hours
Enable beeper for AC alarms: yes no
Enable beeper for sensor alarms: yes no

Sensor: Selects a type of sensor to configure it. The first digit "1" indicates the number of the sensor port (only important for devices with more than one sensor port). This is followed by the sensor name, and the changeable sensor name.

Sensor Name: Changeable name for this sensor. Temperature and humidity can have different names, even if they are from the same sensor.

Select Sensor Field: Selects a data channel from a sensor.

Enable ... Messages: Enables the generation of sensor messages.

Maximum/Minimum value: Here you can choose whether, and at what Maximum/Minimum temperature or humidity measurements limits the alerts are send via SNMP traps, syslog or e-mail.

Hysteresis: This describes the margin of when an event is generated after the measured value has crossed the chosen limit.

Message channels: Enables the generation of messages on different channels. If you activate SMS messages, several recipients can be selected from the phonebook (**only EPC 1292**). In this example screenshot the recipient "user1" is enabled, SMS sending for "user2" is disabled.

With the beeper you can choose between a continuous or an intermittent tone. With Flashing Display the 7-segment display flashes. By pressing a front panel button the beeper and the flashing display will be reset.

Console push-messages: This option allows the output of sensor values on the console at a configured time interval, or when a certain threshold has been reached.

Min/Max measurement period: Selects the time range for the sensor min/max values on the overview web page.

Hysteresis Example:

A Hysteresis value prevents that too much messages are generated, when a sensor value is jittering around a sensor limit. The following example shows the behavior for a temperature sensor and a hysteresis value of "1". An upper limit of "50 °C" is set.

Example:

49.9 °C - is below the upper limit
50.0 °C - a message is generated for reaching the upper limit
50.1 °C - is above the upper limit
...

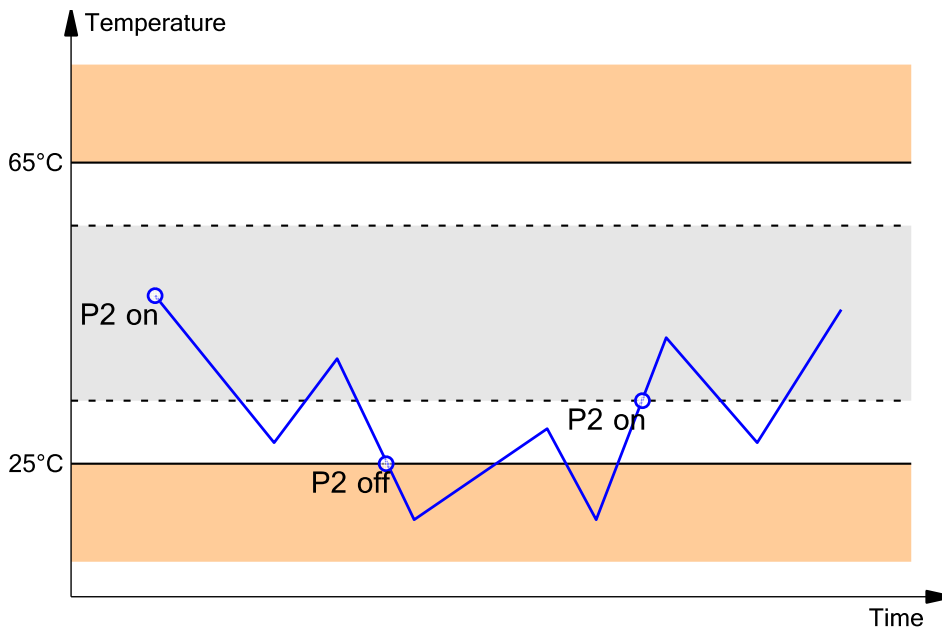
49.1 °C - is below the upper limit, but in the hysteresis range
49.0 °C - is below the upper limit, but in the hysteresis range
48.9 °C - a message is generated for underrunning the upper limit inclusive hysteresis range
...

3.5.1 Port Switching

Depending on the measured Current and the measured sensor values, switching actions can be triggered. During operation, the actions configured for crossing the limits are executed. For example, when a value moves from the range "above max value" inside the range "below max value", the action defined for "below max value" is performed. In the case of device start, configuration or plug-in of the sensor, the actions corresponding to the range in which the current temperature is located are switched.

Example with "Maximum value" of 65 °C, "Minimum value" of 25 °C and hysteresis of 3 °C. The dotted line shows the hysteresis.

Configuration




- When above Max value: Switch port to
- When below Max value: Switch port to
- When above Min value: Switch port to
- When below Min value: Switch port to

Actions during configuration, device start or plugging in the sensor (for given example):

| actual temperature during configuration | actions |
|---|--|
| 70 °C | Port 1 Off (above max) + Port 2 On (above min) |
| 45 °C | Port 1 On (below max) + Port 2 On (above min) |
| 20 °C | Port 1 On (below max) + Port 2 Off (below min) |

Action matrix during operation when limit values are exceeded (for given example):

| | to "above max" | to "below max" | to "above min" | to "below min" |
|------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| from "above max" | - | P1 On | P1 On | P1 On + P2 Off |
| from "below max" | P1 Off | - | - | P2 Off |
| from "above min" | P1 Off | - | - | P2 Off |
| from "below min" | P1 Off + P2 On | P2 On | P2 On | - |

 Only the switching operations for which actions have been defined, are triggered. If no "On" or "Off" action is defined for a port, the port can never reach this state by exceeding sensor values. Unless it is the initial state.

3.6 E-Mail

E-Mail
Enable E-Mail: yes no
Sender address:
Recipient address:
SMTP server:
SMTP server port: (Default: 587)
SMTP Connection Security: ▾

Authentication
SMTP Authentication (password): ▾
Username:
Set new password:
Repeat password:

Enable E-Mail: Activates the E-Mail dispatch of messages.

Sender address: The E-Mail address of the sender.

Recipient address: The E-Mail address of the recipient. Additional E-Mail addresses, separated by comma, can be specified. The input limit is 100 characters.

SMTP Server: The SMTP IP-address of the E-Mail server. Either as FQDN, e.g: "mail.gmx.net", or as IP-address, e.g: "213.165.64.20". If required, attach a designated port, e.g: "mail.gmx.net:25".

SMTP server port: The port address of the E-Mail server. In the normal case this should be the same as the default, that is determined by the setting **SMTP Connection Security**.


SMTP Connection Security: Transmission via SSL or no encryption.

SMTP Authentication (password): Authentication method of the E-Mail Server.

Username: User name that is registered with the SMTP E-Mail server.

Set new password: Enter the password for the login to the E-Mail server.

Repeat password: Enter the password again to confirm it.

 If the password mask is redisplayed, only four "bullets" are shown as a symbolic placeholder, since for security reasons the password is never shown itself. If you want to change a password, the complete password must always be re-entered.

E-Mail Logs: Logging of E-Mail system messages.

3.7 Front Panel

Front Panel

Button Lock: yes no

Allow switching all ports: yes no

Display 1 default:

Button Lock: Disables the front buttons (activates the key lock) with the exception of the bootloader activation.

Allow switching all ports: Allows to switch all ports on or off with the front panel buttons.

Display 1 default: Selects what sensor is displayed in the display.

3.8 GSM

3.8.1 GSM General

[General](#) · [Misc](#) · [Phonebook](#) · [SIM-Card](#) · [Provider](#)

Configuration - GSM

Enable GSM: yes no

SIM PIN:

My phone number:

Admin SMS number:

Enable admin GSM status information: yes no

Enable admin GSM E-mail: yes no

Admin E-mail:

Enable DTMF/SMS access codes: yes no

Master code:

Power Port individual Authentication codes

Enable GSM: Activates the built-in GSM module

SIM PIN: Switches the PIN request of the SIM card on. A wrong Pin leads to a blocking of the SIM card. You **cannot** change the PIN of the SIM card via this menu option.

My phone number: Please enter here the phone number of the inserted SIM card

Admin SMS number: All device changes are sent via SMS to this mobile number.

Enable admin GSM status information: When active, all GSM status changes are sent via SMS to the Admin.

Enable admin GSM E-mail: When active, all GSM status changes are sent via E-Mail to the Admin. The e-mails are sent via the SMS to email gateway.

Admin E-mail: Email address to which the GSM messages are sent.

Enable DTMF/SMS access codes: When activated, the Mastercode or Portcode is needed to switch a port.

Master code: Sets the GSM Mastercode.

3.8.2 GSM Misc

General · Misc · Phonebook · SIM-Card · Provider

Configuration - GSM Misc

| | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Enable phonebook check: | <input type="radio"/> yes | <input checked="" type="radio"/> no |
| Enable freecall: | <input type="radio"/> yes | <input checked="" type="radio"/> no |
| Enable GSM for admin only: | <input type="radio"/> yes | <input checked="" type="radio"/> no |
| Enable SMS response: | <input checked="" type="radio"/> yes | <input type="radio"/> no |
| Enable SMS errors/warning: | <input checked="" type="radio"/> yes | <input type="radio"/> no |
| Enable coverage messages: | <input type="radio"/> yes | <input checked="" type="radio"/> no |
| Enable port name indication: | <input type="radio"/> yes | <input checked="" type="radio"/> no |
| Enable autosync SMS: | <input type="radio"/> yes | <input checked="" type="radio"/> no |
| Enable voice in voice call: | <input checked="" type="radio"/> yes | <input type="radio"/> no |
| machine-to-machine DTMF tones: | <input type="radio"/> yes | <input checked="" type="radio"/> no |

Apply

Enable phonebook check: If selected, only numbers registered to the phonebook can access the GSM module. All other numbers are ignored.

Enable freecall: When active, without accumulating phone charges, the functions assigned to a dialed number can be triggered.

Enable GSM for admin only: If enabled, the GSM functions can only be used when activated from the entered GSM Admin number.

Enable SMS response: When activated, every command SMS is acknowledged from an answer SMS.

Enable SMS errors/warning: Enables the sending of an error SMS when a defective command SMS was received.

Enable coverage messages: Sends status messages, when the signal quality is changing.

Enable port name indication: If selected, the complete portname is sent via SMS. E.g.,

instead of "Port 1" the name "server 1. floor". This can lead to longer SMS with higher costs.

Enable autosync SMS: When this options is enabled, the EPC tries to request date and time information from the GSM network after power-up.

Enable voice in voice call: If enabled, you hear voice samples when a call is coming in (Voicecall).

machine-to-machine DTMF tones: Enables DTMF tones in voice steering.

3.8.3 GSM Phonebook

[General](#) · [Misc](#) · [Phonebook](#) · [SIM-Card](#) · [Provider](#)

Configuration - GSM Phonebook

| Name | Phone Number | FreeCall | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| user1 | 0155555555 | | <input type="button" value="edit"/> | <input type="button" value="delete"/> |
| user2 | 0155555556 | | <input type="button" value="edit"/> | <input type="button" value="delete"/> |
| <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | Powerport 1 ▾ | None ▾ | <input type="button" value="Ok"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> |

Up to 20 telephone numbers with names can be stored in the telephone book. If the phone book is activated, only the numbers stored there can access the device.

Furthermore, the "FreeCall" option can be assigned to every number in the phone book. If this number is recognized, a preselected action is executed without accepting the call.

An active "FreeCall" number cannot activate other functions via "Voicecall". If you want to use the voice menu with a "FreeCall" number, you have to suppress the phone number.

3.8.4 GSM SIM Card

[General](#) · [Misc](#) · [Phonebook](#) · [SIM-Card](#) · [Provider](#)

Configuration - SIM-Card

The following wizard will guide you with mounting or changing the SIM-Card.

To enter a new SIM card, please press the button "Change GSM SIM-card".

3.8.5 GSM Provider

[General](#) · [Misc](#) · [Phonebook](#) · [SIM-Card](#) · [Provider](#)

Configuration - GSM Provider

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| IMSI: | <input type="text" value="26201"/> |
| SMS to Email Gateway: | <input type="text" value="8000"/> |
| Balance request code: | <input type="text" value="*100#"/> |
| Balance parsing string: | <input type="text" value="ihr guthaben"/> |

This menu only appears when you insert a SIM card from a phone company that operates outside of Germany. To receive necessary information, contact your wireless service provider.

IMSI: Your IMSI number.

The International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) is used in GSM and UMTS mobile networks to uniquely identify network nodes (internal subscriber identity). Among other data, the IMSI is stored in a special smart card, the so-called SIM (Subscriber Identity Module). A worldwide unique IMSI number is awarded every customer of a mobile network. While the IMSI has nothing to do with the telephone number that is assigned to the SIM card.

SMS to Email Gateway: The number of the SMS to email gateway for your network provider.

Balance request code: Please enter the word that names the prepaid balance: e.g. "balance", "conto", "balances".

You will find this word in the news of your provider when you query your prepaid balance. The correct spelling is important to help the device recognizing whether the current balance is communicated in a message.

Balance parsing string: Enter the query that you send to your provider to access your prepaid balance: E.g. *101#

Specifications

4 Specifications

4.1 Automated Access

The device can be accessed automatically via four different interfaces, which offer different possibilities to access the configuration data and status information. Only http and the console (telnet and serial) provide full access to the device.



This chapter is general for all Gude devices. Depending on the device model are ports, certain sensors or other features not available.

List of different access options:

| Interface | Scope of Access |
|-------------------------------|---|
| HTTP | read / write status of Power Ports (relays or eFuses) read / write all configuration data read / write all status information (full access to the device) |
| Console <small>82</small> | read / write status of Power Ports (relays or eFuses) read / write all configuration data read / write all status information (full access to the device) |
| SNMP <small>74</small> | read / write status of Power Ports (relays or eFuses) read / write names of Power Ports (relays or eFuses) read / write status of Port start configuration read / write status Buzzer read / write configuration of power sources (EPC 8291) read / write fan configuration (EPC 8291) read measurement values of external sensors read measurement values of all energy sensors read NTP time and status resetting the energy meters read the status of Overvoltage Protection |
| Modbus TCP <small>108</small> | read / write status of Power Ports (relays or eFuses) read status of Inputs read / write configuration of power sources (EPC 8291) read / write fan configuration (EPC 8291) read measurement values of external sensors read measurement values of all energy sensors read the status of Overvoltage Protection |
| MQTT | Execute console commands |

The device can be controlled via HTTP interface with CGI commands and returns the internal configuration and status in JSON format. The structure of the CGI commands and the JSON data is explained in more detail in our Wiki article:
http://wiki.gude.info/EPC_HTTP_Interface

4.2 Messages

Depending on adjustable events, various messages can be sent from the device. The fol-

Specifications

Following message types are supported:

- Sending of e-mails
- SNMP Traps
- Syslog messages

E-Mail messages

Email messages are triggered by the following events:

- Switching of the Ports
- Exceeding of the max / min values of attached sensors
- State change of digital sensor input ports

SNMP Traps

SNMP Traps are system messages that are sent via the SNMP protocol to different recipients. SNMP traps are triggered by the following events:

- Switching of the Ports
- Exceeding of the max / min values of attached sensors
- State change of digital sensor input ports

Syslog messages

Syslog messages are simple text messages that are sent via UDP to a syslog server. Under Linux, normally a syslog daemon is already running (eg. syslog-ng), for Microsoft Windows systems some freeware programs are available on the market. The syslog messages are sent for the following events:

- Turning on the device
- Enable/disable of syslog in the configuration
- Switching of the Ports
- Exceeding of the max / min values of attached sensors
- State change of digital sensor input ports

| | SNMP Trap | Console | MQTT | Syslog | Email |
|--------------------------------|-----------|---------|------|--------|-------|
| Global | | | | | |
| Device started | x | x | x | x | x |
| Switch port | x | x | x | x | x |
| Port watchdog status | x | x | x | x | x |
| Syslog switched on/off | | | | x | |
| MQTT connection established | | | x | x | |
| MQTT connection lost | | | | x | |
| Over-Voltage-Protection Status | x | x | x | x | x |
| GSM network status | x | x | x | x | x |
| GSM incoming call | x | x | x | x | x |
| Value-Threshold | | | | | |
| external sensors Current | x | x | x | x | x |
| Time-Interval | | | | | |
| external sensors Current | | x | x | | |

| Value-Delta | | | | | |
|------------------|--|---|---|--|--|
| external sensors | | | | | |
| Current | | x | x | | |

SNMP traps

There are common traps for state changes of the same device resource. For example, a SwitchExtPort trap is sent when a port is turned on or off. The state change itself is conveyed by the supplied data within the trap.

MQTT published data

Messages on the MQTT channel are sent in JSON format.

Example switch a port: `{"type": "portswitch", "idx": 2, "port": "2", "state": 1, "cause": {"id": 2, "txt": "http"}, "ts": 1632}`

Console Push Messages

Push messages can be activated on the console channels (Telnet, SSH or serial console), which output sensor values at timed intervals (every n seconds) or as of a configurable change in the magnitude of the sensor value on that channel. The generated message always starts with a "#" and ends with a CR/LF.

Example: Switch a port: `"#port 2 ON"`

If you open a telnet or SSH connection, the push messages are either preconfigured, or you switch on the push messages temporarily with `"console telnet pushmsgs set 1"` (or `"console ssh pushmsgs set 1"`). From now on, push messages will be sent asynchronously on this channel. The asynchronous nature of the messages can cause problems on a connection if you send commands yourself at the same time. There are then the possibilities:

- Filter all incoming characters between "#" and CR/LF
- or open a second channel (Telnet, SSH, serial) and switch on the push messages there.


4.3 IP ACL

IP Access Control List

The IP Access Control List (ACL IP) is a filter for incoming IP packets. If the filter is active, only the hosts and subnets whose IP addresses are registered in the list, can contact via HTTP or SNMP, and make changes. For incoming connections from unauthorized PCs, the device is not completely transparent. Due to technical restraints, a TCP/IP connection will be accepted at first, but then rejected directly.

Examples:

| Entry in the IP ACL | Meaning |
|-----------------------|---|
| 192.168.0.123 | the PC with IP Address "192.168.0.123" can access the device |
| 192.168.0.1/24 | all devices of subnet "192.168.0.1/24" can access the device |
| 1234:4ef0:eec1:0::/64 | all devices of subnet "1234:4ef0:eec1:0::/64" can access the device |

 If you choose a wrong IP ACL setting and locked yourself out, please activate the Bootloader Mode and use GBL_Conf.exe to deactivate the IP ACL. Alternatively, you can reset the device to factory default.

4.4 IPv6

IPv6 Addresses

IPv6 addresses are 128 bit long and thus four times as long as IPv4 addresses. The first 64 bit form a so-called prefix, the last 64 bit designate a unique interface identifier. The prefix is composed of a routing prefix and a subnet ID. An IPv6 network interface can be reached under several IP addresses. Usually this is the case under a global address and the link local address.

Address Notation

IPv6 addresses are noted in 8 hexadecimal blocks at 16 bit, while IPv4 normally is noted in decimal. The separator is a colon, not a period.

E.g.: 1234:4ef0:0:0:0019:32ff:fe00:0124

Leading zeros may be omitted within a block. The previous example can be rewritten as:

1234:4ef0:0:0:19:32ff:fe00:124

One may omit one or more successive blocks, if they consist of zeros. This may be done only once within an IPv6 address!

1234:4ef0::19:32ff:fe00:124

One may use the usual decimal notation of IPv4 for the last 4 bytes:

1234:4ef0::19:32ff:254.0.1.36

4.5 Radius

The passwords for HTTP, telnet, and serial console (depending on the model) can be stored locally and / or authenticated via RADIUS. The RADIUS configuration supports a primary server and a backup server. If the primary server does respond, the RADIUS re-

quest is sent to the backup server. If the local password and RADIUS are enabled at the same time, the system is first checking locally, and then in the event of a failure the RADIUS servers are contacted.

RADIUS attributes

The following RADIUS attributes are evaluated by the client:

Session-Timeout: This attribute specifies (in seconds) how long an accepted RADIUS request is valid. After this time has elapsed, the RADIUS server must be prompted again. If this attribute is not returned, the default timeout entry from the configuration is used instead.

Filter-Id: If the value "admin" is set for this attribute, then an admin rights are assigned for the login, otherwise only user access.

Service-Type: This is an alternative to Filter-Id. A service type of "6" or "7" means admin rights for the HTTP login, otherwise only limited user access.

HTTP Login

The HTTP login takes place via Basic Authentication. This means that it is the responsibility of the web server, how long the login credentials are temporarily stored there. The RADIUS parameter "Session-Timeout" therefore does not determine when the user has to login again, but at what intervals the RADIUS servers are asked again.

4.6 SNMP

SNMP can be used for status information via UDP (port 161). Supported SNMP commands are:

- GET
- GETNEXT
- GETBULK
- SET

To query via SNMP you need a Network Management System, such as HP OpenView, OpenNMS, Nagios etc., or the simple command line tools of NET-SNMP software. The device supports SNMP protocols v1, v2c and v3. If traps are enabled in the configuration, the device messages are sent as notifications (traps). SNMP Informs are not supported. SNMP Requests are answered with the same version with which they were sent. The version of the sent traps can be set in the configuration.

MIB Tables

The values that can be requested or changed by the device, the so-called "Managed Objects", are described in Management Information Bases (MIBs). These substructures are subordinate to so-called "OID" (Object Identifiers). An OID digit signifies the location of a value inside a MIB structure. Alternatively, each OID can be referred to with its symbol name (subtree name). The device's MIB table can be displayed as a text file by clicking on the link "MIB table" on the SNMP configuration page in the browser.

SNMP v1 and v2c


SNMP v1 and v2c authenticates the network requests by so-called communities. The SNMP request has to send along the so-called community public for queries (read access) and the community private for status changes (write access). The SNMP communities are read and write passwords. In SNMP v1 and v2 the communities are transmitted unencrypted on the network and can be easily intercepted with IP sniffers within this collision domain. To enforce limited access we recommend the use of DMZ or IP-ACL.

SNMP v3

Because the device has no multiuser management, only one user (default name "standard") is detected in SNMP v3. From the User-based Security Model (USM) MIB variables, there is a support of "usmStats ..." counter. The "usmUser ..." variables will be added with the enhancement of additional users in later firmware versions. The system has only one context. The system accepts the context "normal" or an empty context.


Authentication

The algorithms "HMAC-MD5-96" and "HMAC-SHA-96" are available for authentication. In addition, the "HMAC-SHA-2" variants (RFC7630) "SHA-256", "SHA-384" and "SHA-512" are implemented.

 "SHA-384" and "SHA512" are calculated purely in software. If "SHA-384" or "SHA-512" is set on the configuration page, the time for the key generation may take once up to approx. 45 seconds.

Encryption

The methods "DES", "3DES", "AES-128", "AES-192" and "AES-256" are supported in combination with "HMAC-MD5-96" and "HMAC-SHA-96." For the "HMAC-SHA-2" protocols, there is currently neither RFC nor draft that will allow for cooperation with an encryption.

 While in the settings "AES-192" and "AES256" the key calculation is based on "draft-blumenthalphoto-aes-usm-04", the methods "AES 192-3DESKey" and "AES 256-3DESKey" utilize a key generation, which is also used in the "3DES" configuration ("draft-reeder-snmpv3-usm-3desede-00"). If one is not an SNMP expert, it is recommended to try in each case the settings with and without "...- 3DESKey".

Passwords

The passwords for authentication and encryption are stored only as computed hashes for security reasons. Thus it is, if at all, very difficult to infer the initial password. However, the hash calculation changes with the set algorithms. If the authentication or privacy algorithms are changed, the passwords must be re-entered in the configuration dialog.


Security

The following aspects should be considered:

- If encryption or authentication is used, then SNMP v1 and v2c should be turned off. Otherwise the device could be accessed with it.

- If only authentication is used, then the new "HMAC-SHA-2" methods are superior to the MD5 or SHA-1 hashing algorithms. Since only SHA-256 is accelerated in hardware, and SHA-384 and SHA-512 are calculated purely in software, one should normally select SHA-256. From a cryptographic point of view, the security of SHA-256 is sufficient for today's usage.
- For SHA-1, there are a little less attack scenarios than MD5. If in doubt, SHA-1 is preferable.
- Encryption "DES" is considered very unsafe, use only in an emergency for reasons of compatibility!
- For cryptologists it's a debatable point whether "HMAC-MD5-96" and "HMAC-SHA-96" can muster enough entropy for key lengths of "AES-192" or "AES-256".
- From the foregoing considerations, we would recommend at present "HMAC-SHA-96" with "AES-128" as authentication and encryption method.

Change in Trap Design

 In older MIB tables, a separate trap was defined for each combination of an event and a port number. This results in longer lists of trap definitions for the devices. For example, from **epc8221SwitchEvtPort1** to **epc8221SwitchEvtPort12**. Since new firmware versions can generate many more different events, this behavior quickly produces several hundred trap definitions. To limit this overabundance of trap definitions, the trap design has been changed to create only one specific trap for each event type. The port or sensor number is now available in the trap as an index OID within the variable bindings.

In order to recognize this change directly, the "Notification" area in the MIB table has been moved from sysObjectID.0 to sysObjectID.3. This way, unidentified events are generated until the new MIB table is imported. For compatibility reasons, SNMP v1 traps are created in the same way as before.

NET-SNMP

NET-SNMP provides a very widespread collection of SNMP command-line tools (snmpget, snmpset, snmpwalk etc.) NET-SNMP is among others available for Linux and Windows. After installing NET-SNMP you should create the device-specific MIB of the device in NET-SMP share directory, e.g. after

```
c:\usr\share\snmp\mibs
```

or

```
/usr/share/snmp/mibs
```

So later you can use the 'subtree names' instead of OIDs:

```
Name: snmpwalk -v2c -mALL -c public 192.168.1.232 gudeads
```

```
OID: snmpwalk -v2c -mALL -c public 192.168.1.232 1.3.6.1.4.1.28507
```

NET-SNMP Examples

Query Power Port 1 switching state:

```
snmpget -v2c -mALL -c public 192.168.1.232 epc822XPortState.1
```

Switch on Power Port 1:

snmpset -v2c -mALL -c private 192.168.1.232 epc822XPortState.1 integer 1

4.6.1 Device MIB 1202

Below is a table of all device-specific OID 's which can be accessed via SNMP. In the numerical representation of the OID the prefix " 1.3.6.1.4.1.28507 " (Gude Enterprise OID) was omitted at each entry in the table to preserve space. The example for a complete OID would be "1.3.6.1.4.1.28507.43.1.1.1.1". A distinction is made in SNMP OID 's in between tables and scalars. OID scalar have the extension ".0" and only specify a value. In SNMP tables the "x" is replaced by an index (1 or greater) to address a value from the table.

| Name | Description | OID | Type | Acc. |
|--------------------------|--|-------------------|------------|------|
| epc1202TrapCtrl | 0 = off 1 = Ver. 1 2 = Ver. 2c 3 = Ver. 3 | .43.1.1.1.1.0 | Integer32 | RW |
| epc1202TrapIPIndex | A unique value, greater than zero, for each receiver slot. | .43.1.1.1.2.1.1.x | Integer32 | RO |
| epc1202TrapAddr | DNS name or IP address specifying one Trap receiver slot. A port can optionally be specified: 'name:port' An empty string disables this slot. | .43.1.1.1.2.1.2.x | OCTETS | RW |
| epc1202portNumber | The number of Relay Ports | .43.1.3.1.1.0 | Integer32 | RO |
| epc1202PortIndex | A unique value, greater than zero, for each Relay Port. | .43.1.3.1.2.1.1.x | Integer32 | RO |
| epc1202PortName | A textual string containing name of a Relay Port. | .43.1.3.1.2.1.2.x | OCTETS | RW |
| epc1202PortState | current state of a Relay Port | .43.1.3.1.2.1.3.x | INTEGER | RW |
| epc1202PortSwitchCount | The total number of switch actions occurred on a Relay Port. Does not count switch commands which will not switch the relay state, so just real relay switches are displayed here. | .43.1.3.1.2.1.4.x | Integer32 | RO |
| epc1202PortStartupMode | set Mode of startup sequence (off, on, remember last state) | .43.1.3.1.2.1.5.x | INTEGER | RW |
| epc1202PortStartupDelay | Delay in sec for startup action | .43.1.3.1.2.1.6.x | Integer32 | RW |
| epc1202PortRepowerTime | Delay in sec for repower port after switching off | .43.1.3.1.2.1.7.x | Integer32 | RW |
| epc1202PortResetDuration | Delay in sec for turning Port on again after Reset action | .43.1.3.1.2.1.8.x | Integer32 | RW |
| epc1202ActivePowerChan | Number of supported Power Channels. | .43.1.5.1.1.0 | Unsigned32 | RO |
| epc1202PowerIndex | Index of Power Channel entries | .43.1.5.1.2.1.1.x | Integer32 | RO |
| epc1202ChanStatus | 0 = data not active, 1 = data valid | .43.1.5.1.2.1.2.x | Integer32 | RO |
| epc1202AbsEnergyActive | Absolute Active Energy counter. | .43.1.5.1.2.1.3.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| epc1202PowerActive | Active Power | .43.1.5.1.2.1.4.x | Integer32 | RO |
| epc1202Current | Actual Current on Power Channel. | .43.1.5.1.2.1.5.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| epc1202Voltage | Actual Voltage on Power Channel | .43.1.5.1.2.1.6.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| epc1202Frequency | Frequency of Power Channel | .43.1.5.1.2.1.7.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| epc1202PowerFactor | Power Factor of Channel between -1.0 and 1.00 | .43.1.5.1.2.1.8.x | Integer32 | RO |

Specifications

| | | | | |
|--|---|---------------------|------------|----|
| epc1202Pangle | | .43.1.5.1.2.1.9.x | Integer32 | RO |
| | Phase Angle between Voltage and L Line Current between -180.0 and 180.0 | | | |
| epc1202PowerApparent | | .43.1.5.1.2.1.10.x | Integer32 | RO |
| | L Line Mean Apparent Power | | | |
| epc1202PowerReactive | | .43.1.5.1.2.1.11.x | Integer32 | RO |
| | L Line Mean Reactive Power | | | |
| epc1202AbsEnergyReactive | | .43.1.5.1.2.1.12.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| | Absolute Reactive Energy counter. | | | |
| epc1202AbsEnergyActiveResettable | | .43.1.5.1.2.1.13.x | Gauge32 | RW |
| | Resettable Absolute Active Energy counter. Writing '0' resets all resettable counter. | | | |
| epc1202AbsEnergyReactiveResettable | | .43.1.5.1.2.1.14.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| | Resettable Absolute Reactive Energy counter. | | | |
| epc1202ResetTime | | .43.1.5.1.2.1.15.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| | Time in seconds since last Energy Counter reset. | | | |
| epc1202ForwardEnergyActive | | .43.1.5.1.2.1.16.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| | Forward Active Energy counter. | | | |
| epc1202ForwardEnergyReactive | | .43.1.5.1.2.1.17.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| | Forward Reactive Energy counter. | | | |
| epc1202ForwardEnergyActiveResettable | | .43.1.5.1.2.1.18.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| | Resettable Forward Active Energy counter. | | | |
| epc1202ForwardEnergyReactiveResettable | | .43.1.5.1.2.1.19.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| | Resettable Forward Reactive Energy counter. | | | |
| epc1202RevEnergyActive | | .43.1.5.1.2.1.20.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| | Reverse Active Energy counter. | | | |
| epc1202RevEnergyReactive | | .43.1.5.1.2.1.21.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| | Reverse Reactive Energy counter. | | | |
| epc1202RevEnergyActiveResettable | | .43.1.5.1.2.1.22.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| | Resettable Reverse Active Energy counter. | | | |
| epc1202RevEnergyReactiveResettable | | .43.1.5.1.2.1.23.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| | Resettable Reverse Reactive Energy counter. | | | |
| epc1202LineSensorName | | .43.1.5.1.2.1.100.x | OCTETS | RW |
| | A textual string containing name of a Line Sensor | | | |
| epc1202OVPIIndex | | .43.1.5.2.1.1.x | Integer32 | RO |
| | None | | | |
| epc1202OVPSStatus | | .43.1.5.2.1.2.x | INTEGER | RO |
| | shows the status of the built-in Overvoltage Protection | | | |
| epc1202NTPTimeValid | | .43.1.5.15.1.0 | INTEGER | RO |
| | Show if valid Time is received | | | |
| epc1202NTPUnixTime | | .43.1.5.15.2.0 | Unsigned32 | RO |
| | show received NTP time as unixtime (secs since 1 January 1970) | | | |
| epc1202NTPLastValidTimestamp | | .43.1.5.15.3.0 | Unsigned32 | RO |
| | show seconds since last valid NTP timestamp received | | | |
| epc1202SensorIndex | | .43.1.6.1.1.1.x | Integer32 | RO |
| | None | | | |
| epc1202TempSensor | | .43.1.6.1.1.2.x | Integer32 | RO |
| | actual temperature | | | |
| epc1202HygroSensor | | .43.1.6.1.1.3.x | Integer32 | RO |
| | actual humidity | | | |
| epc1202InputSensor | | .43.1.6.1.1.4.x | INTEGER | RO |
| | logical state of input sensor | | | |
| epc1202AirPressure | | .43.1.6.1.1.5.x | Integer32 | RO |
| | actual air pressure | | | |
| epc1202Dew Point | | .43.1.6.1.1.6.x | Integer32 | RO |
| | dew point for actual temperature and humidity | | | |
| epc1202Dew PointDiff | | .43.1.6.1.1.7.x | Integer32 | RO |
| | difference between dew point and actual temperature (Temp - Dew Point) | | | |

| | | | |
|---|------------------|--------|----|
| epc1202ExtSensorName | .43.1.6.1.1.32.x | OCTETS | RW |
| A textual string containing name of a external Sensor | | | |

4.6.2 Device MIB 1292

Below is a table of all device-specific OID 's which can be accessed via SNMP. In the numerical representation of the OID the prefix " 1.3.6.1.4.1.28507 " (Gude Enterprise OID) was omitted at each entry in the table to preserve space. The example for a complete OID would be "1.3.6.1.4.1.28507.50.1.1.1.1". A distinction is made in SNMP OID 's in between tables and scalars. OID scalar have the extension ".0" and only specify a value. In SNMP tables the "x" is replaced by an index (1 or greater) to address a value from the table.

| Name | OID | Type | Acc. |
|--|-------------------|------------|------|
| Description | | | |
| epc1292TrapCtrl | .50.1.1.1.1.0 | Integer32 | RW |
| 0 = off 1 = Ver. 1 2 = Ver. 2 3 = Ver. 3 | | | |
| epc1292TrapIPIndex | .50.1.1.1.2.1.1.x | Integer32 | RO |
| A unique value, greater than zero, for each receiver slot. | | | |
| epc1292TrapAddr | .50.1.1.1.2.1.2.x | OCTETS | RW |
| DNS name or IP address specifying one Trap receiver slot. A port can optionally be specified: 'name:port' An empty string disables this slot. | | | |
| epc1292portNumber | .50.1.3.1.1.0 | Integer32 | RO |
| The number of Relay Ports | | | |
| epc1292PortIndex | .50.1.3.1.2.1.1.x | Integer32 | RO |
| A unique value, greater than zero, for each Relay Port. | | | |
| epc1292PortName | .50.1.3.1.2.1.2.x | OCTETS | RW |
| A textual string containing name of a Relay Port. | | | |
| epc1292PortState | .50.1.3.1.2.1.3.x | INTEGER | RW |
| current state of a Relay Port | | | |
| epc1292PortSwitchCount | .50.1.3.1.2.1.4.x | Integer32 | RO |
| The total number of switch actions occurred on a Relay Port. Does not count switch commands which will not switch the relay state, so just real relay switches are displayed here. | | | |
| epc1292PortStartupMode | .50.1.3.1.2.1.5.x | INTEGER | RW |
| set Mode of startup sequence (off, on, remember last state) | | | |
| epc1292PortStartupDelay | .50.1.3.1.2.1.6.x | Integer32 | RW |
| Delay in sec for startup action | | | |
| epc1292PortRepowerTime | .50.1.3.1.2.1.7.x | Integer32 | RW |
| Delay in sec for repower port after switching off | | | |
| epc1292PortResetDuration | .50.1.3.1.2.1.8.x | Integer32 | RW |
| Delay in sec for turning Port on again after Reset action | | | |
| epc1292ActivePowerChan | .50.1.5.1.1.0 | Unsigned32 | RO |
| Number of supported Power Channels. | | | |
| epc1292PowerIndex | .50.1.5.1.2.1.1.x | Integer32 | RO |
| Index of Power Channel entries | | | |
| epc1292ChanStatus | .50.1.5.1.2.1.2.x | Integer32 | RO |
| 0 = data not active, 1 = data valid | | | |
| epc1292AbsEnergyActive | .50.1.5.1.2.1.3.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| Absolute Active Energy counter. | | | |
| epc1292PowerActive | .50.1.5.1.2.1.4.x | Integer32 | RO |
| Active Power | | | |
| epc1292Current | .50.1.5.1.2.1.5.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| Actual Current on Power Channel. | | | |
| epc1292Voltage | .50.1.5.1.2.1.6.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| Actual Voltage on Power Channel | | | |
| epc1292Frequency | .50.1.5.1.2.1.7.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| Frequency of Power Channel | | | |
| epc1292PowerFactor | .50.1.5.1.2.1.8.x | Integer32 | RO |
| Power Factor of Channel between -1.0 and 1.00 | | | |

Specifications

| | | | | |
|--|---|---------------------|------------|----|
| epc1292Pangle | | .50.1.5.1.2.1.9.x | Integer32 | RO |
| | Phase Angle between Voltage and L Line Current between -180.0 and 180.0 | | | |
| epc1292PowerApparent | | .50.1.5.1.2.1.10.x | Integer32 | RO |
| | L Line Mean Apparent Power | | | |
| epc1292PowerReactive | | .50.1.5.1.2.1.11.x | Integer32 | RO |
| | L Line Mean Reactive Power | | | |
| epc1292AbsEnergyReactive | | .50.1.5.1.2.1.12.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| | Absolute Reactive Energy counter. | | | |
| epc1292AbsEnergyActiveResettable | | .50.1.5.1.2.1.13.x | Gauge32 | RW |
| | Resettable Absolute Active Energy counter. Writing '0' resets all resettable counter. | | | |
| epc1292AbsEnergyReactiveResettable | | .50.1.5.1.2.1.14.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| | Resettable Absolute Reactive Energy counter. | | | |
| epc1292ResetTime | | .50.1.5.1.2.1.15.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| | Time in seconds since last Energy Counter reset. | | | |
| epc1292ForwardEnergyActive | | .50.1.5.1.2.1.16.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| | Forward Active Energy counter. | | | |
| epc1292ForwardEnergyReactive | | .50.1.5.1.2.1.17.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| | Forward Reactive Energy counter. | | | |
| epc1292ForwardEnergyActiveResettable | | .50.1.5.1.2.1.18.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| | Resettable Forward Active Energy counter. | | | |
| epc1292ForwardEnergyReactiveResettable | | .50.1.5.1.2.1.19.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| | Resettable Forward Reactive Energy counter. | | | |
| epc1292RevEnergyActive | | .50.1.5.1.2.1.20.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| | Reverse Active Energy counter. | | | |
| epc1292RevEnergyReactive | | .50.1.5.1.2.1.21.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| | Reverse Reactive Energy counter. | | | |
| epc1292RevEnergyActiveResettable | | .50.1.5.1.2.1.22.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| | Resettable Reverse Active Energy counter. | | | |
| epc1292RevEnergyReactiveResettable | | .50.1.5.1.2.1.23.x | Gauge32 | RO |
| | Resettable Reverse Reactive Energy counter. | | | |
| epc1292LineSensorName | | .50.1.5.1.2.1.100.x | OCTETS | RW |
| | A textual string containing name of a Line Sensor | | | |
| epc1292OVPIIndex | | .50.1.5.2.1.1.x | Integer32 | RO |
| | None | | | |
| epc1292OVPIStatus | | .50.1.5.2.1.2.x | INTEGER | RO |
| | shows the status of the built-in Overvoltage Protection | | | |
| epc1292NTPTimeValid | | .50.1.5.15.1.0 | INTEGER | RO |
| | Show if valid Time is received | | | |
| epc1292NTPUnixTime | | .50.1.5.15.2.0 | Unsigned32 | RO |
| | show received NTP time as unixtime (secs since 1 January 1970) | | | |
| epc1292NTPLastValidTimestamp | | .50.1.5.15.3.0 | Unsigned32 | RO |
| | show seconds since last valid NTP timestamp received | | | |
| epc1292SensorIndex | | .50.1.6.1.1.1.x | Integer32 | RO |
| | None | | | |
| epc1292TempSensor | | .50.1.6.1.1.2.x | Integer32 | RO |
| | actual temperature | | | |
| epc1292HygroSensor | | .50.1.6.1.1.3.x | Integer32 | RO |
| | actual humidity | | | |
| epc1292InputSensor | | .50.1.6.1.1.4.x | INTEGER | RO |
| | logical state of input sensor | | | |
| epc1292AirPressure | | .50.1.6.1.1.5.x | Integer32 | RO |
| | actual air pressure | | | |
| epc1292Dew Point | | .50.1.6.1.1.6.x | Integer32 | RO |
| | dew point for actual temperature and humidity | | | |
| epc1292Dew PointDiff | | .50.1.6.1.1.7.x | Integer32 | RO |
| | difference between dew point and actual temperature (Temp - Dew Point) | | | |

| | | | |
|---|------------------|--------|----|
| epc1292ExtSensorName | .50.1.6.1.1.32.x | OCTETS | RW |
| A textual string containing name of a external Sensor | | | |

4.7 SSL

TLS Standard

The device is compatible with TLS v1.1 to TLS v1.3 standards, but due to lack of security, SSL v3.0, TLS 1.0, and RC4, MD5, SHA1, and DES encryption are disabled. All ciphers use Diffie-Hellman key exchange (Perfect Forward Secrecy).

TLS 1.3 performance

The interaction of TLS 1.3 and unsecure certificates and a web browser with Chromium Engine (Google Chrome or MS Edge) can lead to performance losses, and thus longer loading times. In this constellation, the Chromium Engine does not correctly support the SSL Session Cache (Session Tickets) and the math unit of the embedded CPU may be overwhelmed with continuous RSA operations. There are some possible workarounds:

- Use secure certificates (official certificate authority or marked as secure in the OS)
- or use of the Firefox browser
- or use of ECC 256 (no RSA) certificates
- or configure to "TLS v1.2 only"

Creating your own Certificates

The SSL stack is supplied with a specially newly generated self-signed certificate. There is no function to generate the local certificate anew at the touch of a button, since the required random numbers in an embedded device are usually not independent enough. However, you can create new certificates and import them to the device. The server accepts RSA (2048/4096) and ECC (Elliptic Curve Cryptography) certificates.

Usually OpenSSL is used to create an SSL certificate. For Windows for example, there is the light version of Shining Light Productions. There you open a command prompt, change to the directory "C:\OpenSSL-Win32\bin" and set these environment variables:

```
set openssl_conf=C:\OpenSSL-Win32\bin\openssl.cfg
set RANDFILE=C:\OpenSSL-Win32\bin\.rnd
```


Here are some examples for the generation with OpenSSL:

Creation of a self-signed RSA 2048-bit certificate

```
openssl genrsa -out server.key 2048
openssl req -new -x509 -days 365 -key server.key -out server.crt
```

RSA 2048-bit certificate with Sign Request:

```
openssl genrsa -out server.key 2048
openssl req -new -key server.key -out server.csr
openssl req -x509 -days 365 -key server.key -in server.csr -out server.crt
```

 The server keys should be created with "openssl genrsa". The Gude device processes keys in the traditional PKCS#1 format. This can be recognized by the fact that the generated key file starts with "-----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----". If the file starts with "-----BEGIN PRIVATE KEY-----", the file is in PKCS#8 format and the key is not recognized. If you have only a key in PKCS#8 format, you can convert it to PKCS#1 with openssl: "**openssl rsa -in pkcs8.key -out pkcs1.key**".

ECC Certificate with Sign Request:

```
openssl ecparam -genkey -name prime256v1 -out server.key
openssl req -new -key server.key -out server.csr
openssl req -x509 -days 365 -key server.key -in server.csr -out server.crt
```

If you have created your key and certificate, both files are concatenated to one file:


Linux:

```
cat server.crt server.key > server.pem
```


Windows:

```
copy server.crt + server.key server.pem
```

The created server.pem can only be uploaded in the maintenance section of the device.

 If several certificates (Intermediate CRT's) should also be uploaded to the device, one should make sure, that firstly the server certificate and secondly the Intermediates are assembled, e.g:

```
cat server.crt IM1.crt IM2.crt server.key > server.pem
```

 An uploaded certificate will be preserved, when a device is put back to factory defaults^[24].

Performance Considerations

If RSA 4096 certificates are used, the first access to the web server can take 8-10 seconds, because the math unit of the embedded CPU is highly demanded. After that, the parameters are in the SSL session cache, so all other requests are just as fast as with other certificate lengths. For a quick response even on the first access, we recommend RSA 2048-bit certificates that offer adequate security, too.

4.8 Console

For the configuration and control of the device, there is a set of commands with parameters that can be entered through a console. The console is available via Telnet, or for devices with RS232 port through using a serial terminal. It is not necessary to use Telnet, in **Raw Mode** a simple TCP/IP connection is sufficient to send commands. The communication can also be performed automated (e.g. via scripting languages). The

console features are configured through the web interface⁴⁶.

Command Set

There are several command levels. The following commands are usable from each level:

| | |
|----------|-----------------------------------|
| back | go back one level |
| help | all commands of the actual level |
| help all | show all commands |
| logout | logout (only when login required) |
| quit | quit console |

The "help" command returns all the commands of the current level. If "help" is called from the top level, e.g. the line "http [subtopics]" appears. This means that there is another level for "http". With the command "http help" all commands below "http" are shown. Alternatively, with entering "http" you can select the http level, and "help" shows all the commands on the selected level. The command "back" again selects the top level. It is possible to use "help" at any position: "http passwd help" provides all commands that have the prefix "http passwd".

You will find a complete list of all possible device commands in the chapter "Cmd Overview".

Parameter

If parameters are expected for the command, the parameter may be passed as numeric or constant. If e.g. you get the following line as help:

```
http server set {http_both=0|https_only=1|http_only=2}
```

the following instruction pairs are equivalent:

```
http server set https_only  
http server set 1
```

or

```
http server set https_both  
http server set 0
```

Numerical parameters can be entered with different bases. Here is an example of the decimal value 11:

| Base | Input |
|------------------|--------|
| decimal (10) | 11 |
| hexadecimal (16) | 0xb |
| octal (8) | 013 |
| binary (2) | 0b1011 |

Bit Field Parameter

Some parameters can take several values at the same time. In the following example, all values between 0 and 5 can be set. In the help, this can be recognized by the fact that the values are not separated by the "|" character, but by commas.

```
"{EVT_SYSLOG=0,EVT_SNMP=1,EVT_EMAIL=2,EVT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEMAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5}"
```

To set EVT_SYSLOG and EVT_EMAIL in a command, you can use the following syntax:

```
>extsensor 1 2 0 events type set "EVT_SYSLOG,EVT_EMAIL"  
OK.
```

or numeric

```
>extsensor 1 2 0 events type set "0,2"  
OK.
```

Additionally you can set all values with "ALLSET" or encode any bit pattern as hexadecimal with a syntax like "#7f1a".

Return Values

If a command is unknown or a parameter is incorrect, the output "ERR." is given at the beginning of the line, followed by a description of the fault. Successful instructions without special return value will be acknowledged by "OK.". All other return values are output within a single line. There are of two exceptions:

1. Some configuration changes, that affect TCP / IP and UDP, need a restart to be applied. These parameters are output on two lines. In the first line the current value is shown, on the second row the value after a restart. In the "Cmd Overview" table this is marked with "Note 2".
2. Other configurations (such as the assigned IPv6 addresses) have several values that can change dynamically. This is marked with "Note 3" in the "Cmd Overview" table.

Numerical Returns

For parameters that support constants, these constants are output as return values. To better deal with scripting languages, it may be easier to work only with numerical returns. The command "vt100 numeric set ON" enables that only numerical values appear.

Comments

If you use a tool to send an entire file of commands via Telnet, it is helpful, if you can place comments in there. Beginning with the comment character "#", the remaining contents of a line is ignored.


Telnet

If the configuration "Raw Mode" is turned off, it is tried to negotiate the Telnet configuration between client and server using IAC commands. If this fails, the editing functions are not active, and the "Activate echo" option determines whether the characters sent to the Telnet server will be returned. Normally the client begins with the IAC negotiation. If this

is not the case with the client, the device configuration "Active negotiation" should be turned on.

Raw Mode

If you want to use the console only automated, it may be advantageous to set the configuration "Raw mode" to "yes" and "Activate echo" to "no" to. Then there is no interfering interaction with the editor functions and there is no need to filter the sent characters to process the return values.

 If in the console "Raw mode" is activated but not in the used Telnet client, the IAC commands sent at the beginning can appear as interfering characters in the command line (partially invisible).

Editing

The following edit functions are available when the terminal supports VT100, and Raw Mode is deactivated. Entered characters are inserted at the cursor position.

| Keys | Function |
|---------------|--|
| Left, Right | moves cursor left or right |
| Pos1, End | moves cursor to the beginning or end of line |
| Del | deletes character under the cursor |
| Backspace | deletes character left of cursor |
| Up, Down | shows input lines history |
| Tab, Ctrl-Tab | completes the word at cursor |
| Ctrl-C | clears the line |

Sensor Examples

a) External Sensors

```
>extsensor all show
E=1,L="7106",0="21.3°C",1="35.1%",3="1013hPa",4="5.2°C",5="16.0°C"
E=2,L="7102",0="21.2°C",1="35.4%",4="5.3°C",5="15.9°C"
```

The command lists one connected external sensor per line, and the individual measured values are separated by commas after the label name. The digit before the equal sign corresponds to the Index field in the External Sensor Table.

```
>extsensor 1 0 value show
```

Displays temperature of the sensor at Port 1


b) Line Sensors

```
>linesensor all "0,1,2,3,12" show
L=1,L="Power Port",0="13000Wh",1="0W",2="225V",3="0A",12="998218s"
L=2,L="Power Port",0="13000Wh",1="0W",2="223V",3="0A",12="996199s"
```

This command outputs all line sensor values in one line. A list of all fields (according to the energy sensor table) is transferred as parameter. In this example these are the fields Absolute Active Energy (0), Power Active (1), Voltage (2), Current (3) and Reset Time (12).

```
>linesensor 1 "0,1,2,3,12" show
>linesensor 1 1 show
```

These variants give the sensor values of the field list or of a sensor at Line-In 1.

 For devices with Overvoltage Protection, the "linesensor all" command also outputs the state of the protection ("OVP=x"). A "1" means ok, a "0" a failure of the protection.

c) Port Sensors

```
>portsensor all "0,1,2,3,12" show
P=1,L="Power Port",0="13000Wh",1="0W",2="225V",3="0A",12="998218s"
P=2,L="Power Port",0="13000Wh",1="0W",2="225V",3="0A",12="996199s"
...
P=12,L="Power Port",0="13000Wh",1="0W",2="225V",3="0A",12="998218s"
```

This command outputs all port sensor values in one line. A list of all fields (according to the energy sensor table) is passed as parameter. In this example these are the fields Absolute Active Energy (0), Power Active (1), Voltage (2), Current (3) and Reset Time (12).

```
>portsensor 2 "0,1,2,3,12" show
>portsensor 2 1 show
```

These variants give the sensor values of the field list or a sensor to at Outlet Port 2.

d) Displaying Port Relays

```
>port all state 1 show
P1=ON,P2=OFF,P3=ON,P4=OFF,P5=OFF,P6=OFF,P7=OFF,P8=ON
```

The command "port all state {MODE0=0|MODE1=1|MODE2=2} show" returns the switching state of all relays in 3 possible formats.

e) Switching Port Relays

```
#port all state set "1,2,12" 1
OK.
```

The command syntax "port all state set "{port_list}" {OFF=0|ON=1}" sets a list of ports to ON=1 or OFF=0.

4.8.1 SSH

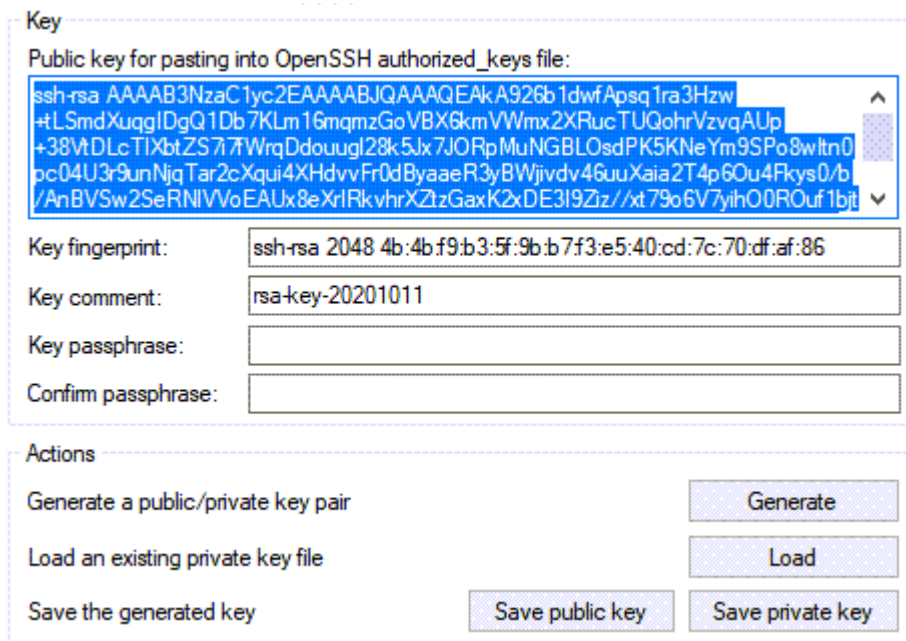
The device supports SSH-2 connections with either public key authentication or user name and password. The "login" must be enabled for SSH. Users and passwords can be stored locally or retrieved via a radius server. If you want to use SSH in a terminal, Activate echo should be enabled.

Public Keys

The following public keys are accepted:

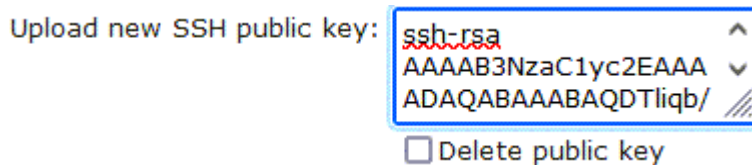
| Key type | Length |
|----------|------------|
| RSA | 2048, 4096 |
| ECDSA | 256, 384 |

Generation with PuTTYgen



The screenshot shows the PuTTYgen 'Key' dialog box. It includes a text area for the public key, a 'Key fingerprint' field, a 'Key comment' field, and fields for 'Key passphrase' and 'Confirm passphrase'. Below these are 'Actions' buttons: 'Generate a public/private key pair' (with a 'Generate' button), 'Load an existing private key file' (with a 'Load' button), and 'Save the generated key' (with 'Save public key' and 'Save private key' buttons).

Generated keys can be copied directly from e.g. PuTTYgen,



The screenshot shows the 'Upload new SSH public key' dialog box. It features a dropdown menu with 'ssh-rsa' selected and a list of key files including 'AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQABAAQDTliqb/'. There is also a checkbox labeled 'Delete public key'.

and inserted into the Configuration - Console input field. Public keys are accepted in SSH2 or OpenSSH format.

Generation with ssh-keygen

The tool ssh-keygen is mostly shipped with Linux and Windows to generate SSH keys. Here is an example to generate an ECDSA 384 key.

```
ssh-keygen -t ecdsa -b 384 -f ssh.key
```

In the file ssh.pub is then the private key, the content of ssh.key.pub is inserted into the field "Upload SSH public key:".

Specifications

Upload new SSH public key:

 Delete public key

4.8.2 Console Cmd 1202

| Command | Description | Note |
|--|--|------|
| logout | go to login prompt w hen enabled | 2 |
| quit | quits telnet session - nothing in serial console | 2 |
| back | back one cmd level | 2 |
| help | show all cmds from this level | 2 |
| help all | show all cmds | 2 |
| clock | enters cmd group "clock" | |
| clock ntp enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables ntp | |
| clock ntp enabled show | show s if ntp enabled | |
| clock timezone set {minutes} | sets timezone | |
| clock timezone show | show s timezone | |
| clock dst enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables dst | |
| clock dst enabled show | show s if dst is enabled | |
| clock manual set "{hh:mm:ss yyyy-mm-dd}" | sets time and date manually | |
| clock show | show s actual time and date | |
| clock ntp server {PRIMARY=0 BACKUP=1} set "{dns_name}" | sets ntp server name | |
| clock ntp server {PRIMARY=0 BACKUP=1} show | show s ntp server name | |
| console | enters cmd group "console" | |
| console version | show s unique console version number | |
| console telnet enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables telnet on/off | |
| console telnet enabled show | show s if telnet enabled | |
| console telnet port set {ip_port} | sets telnet port | |
| console telnet port show | show s telnet port | |
| console telnet raw set {OFF=0 ON=1} | sets raw mode (disables editing) on/off | |
| console telnet raw show | show s if raw mode enabled | |
| console telnet echo set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables echo on/off | |
| console telnet echo show | show s if echo enabled | |
| console telnet activeneg set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables telnet active negotiation (IAC) on/off | |
| console telnet activeneg show | show s if active negotiation enabled | |
| console telnet login set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables login on/off | |
| console telnet login show | show s if login enabled | |
| console telnet login local set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables local login on/off | |
| console telnet login local show | show s if local login enabled | |
| console telnet login radius set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables login for RADIUS on/off | |
| console telnet login radius show | show s if RADIUS login enabled | |
| console telnet login delay set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables delay (after 3 login fails) on/off | |
| console telnet login delay show | show s if login delay enabled | |
| console telnet pushmsgs config set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables persistent push msgs | |
| console telnet pushmsgs config show | show s if persistent push msgs are enabled | |
| console telnet pushmsgs set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables temporary push msgs | |
| console telnet pushmsgs show | show s if temporary push msgs are enabled | |
| console telnet user set "{username}" | sets login user name | |
| console telnet user show | show s login user name | |
| console telnet passw d set "{passw d}" | sets login passw ord | |
| console telnet passw d hash set "{passw d}" | sets login hashed passw ord | |
| console ssh enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables SSH | |
| console ssh enabled show | show s if SSH enabled | |
| console ssh port set {ip_port} | sets SSH port | |

Specifications

| | | |
|--|---|---|
| console ssh port show | show s SSH port | |
| console ssh echo set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables echo on/off | |
| console ssh echo show | show s if echo enabled | |
| console ssh pushmsgs config set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables persistent push msgs | |
| console ssh pushmsgs config show | show s if persistent push msgs are enabled | |
| console ssh pushmsgs set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables temporary push msgs | |
| console ssh pushmsgs show | show s if temporary push msgs are enabled | |
| console ssh public hash set "{passw d}" | sets hash of SSH public key | |
| console ssh public hash show | show s hash of SSH public key | |
| email | enters cmd group "email" | |
| email enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables email on/off | |
| email enabled show | show s if email is enabled | |
| email sender set "{email_addr}" | sets email sender address | |
| email sender show | show s email sender address | |
| email recipient set "{email_addr}" | sets email recipient address | |
| email recipient show | show s email recipient address | |
| email server set "{dns_name}" | sets email SMTP server address | |
| email server show | show s email SMTP server address | |
| email port set {ip_port} | sets email SMTP port | |
| email port show | show s email SMTP port | |
| email security set {NONE=0 STARTTLS=1 SSL=2} | sets SMTP connection security | |
| email security show | show s SMTP connection security | |
| email auth set {NONE=0 PLAIN=1 LOGIN=2} | sets email authentication | |
| email auth show | show email authentication | |
| email user set "{username}" | sets SMTP username | |
| email user show | show s SMTP username | |
| email passw d set "{passw d}" | sets SMTP passw ord | |
| email passw d hash set "{passw d}" | sets crypted SMTP passw ord | |
| email testmail | send test email | |
| ethernet | enters cmd group "ethernet" | |
| ethernet mac show | show s MAC address | |
| ethernet link show | show s ethernet link state | |
| ethernet phyprefer set {10MBIT_HD=0 10MBIT_FD=1 100MBIT_HD=2 100MBIT_FD=3} | sets preferred speed for PHY Auto Negotiation | |
| ethernet phyprefer show | show s preferred speed for PHY Auto Negotiation | |
| extsensor | enters cmd group "extsensor" | |
| extsensor all show | show s all values from connected external sensors | |
| extsensor all show | show s all plugged sensors and fields | |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_field} value show | show s sensor value | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} label set "{name}" | sets sensor name to label | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} label show | show s label of sensor | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} type show | show s type of sensor | |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} events set {off=0 on=1} | enables sensor events on/off | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} events show | show s if sensor events are enabled | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} events type set "{EVT_SYSLOG=0,EVT_SNMP=1,EVT_EMAIL=2,EVT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEMAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,EVT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8}" | enables different event types | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} events type show | show s w hat event types are enabled | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} maxval set {num} | sets maximum value for sensor | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} maxval show | show s maximum value for sensor | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} minval set {num} | sets minimum value for sensor | 6 |

Specifications

| | | |
|--|--|---|
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} minval show | show s minimum value for sensor | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} hyst set {num} | sets hysteresis value for sensor | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} hyst show | show s hysteresis value for sensor | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} publish mode set {NONE=0 INTERVAL=1 DELTA=2 INTERV_DELTA=3} | sets publish mode | |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} publish mode show | show s publish mode | |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} publish mqtt retain set {OFF=0 ON=1} | sets mqtt retain | |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} publish mqtt retain show | show s if mqtt retain set | |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} publish timer set {num_secs} | sets publish time interval | |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} publish timer show | show s publish time interval | |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} publish delta set {float} | sets publish delta value | |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} publish delta show | show s publish delta value | |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} port set {port_num} | sets Port for Power Port Switching actions | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} port show | show s Port for Power Port Switching actions | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} state set {OFF=0 ON=1 DISABLED=2} | sets Port state for Power Port Switching actions | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} state show | show s Port state for Power Port Switching actions | 6 |
| extsensor period set {24H=0 12H=1 2H=2 1H=3 30MIN=4} | sets sensor Min/Max measurement period | |
| extsensor period show | show s sensor Min/Max measurement period | |
| http | enters cmd group "http" | |
| http server set {HTTP_BOTH=0 HTTPS_ONLY=1 HTTP_ONLY=2 HTTPS_REDIR=3} | sets accepted connection types | |
| http server show | show s accepted connection types | |
| http port set {ip_port} | sets http port | |
| http port show | show s http port | |
| http portssl set {ip_port} | sets https port | |
| http portssl show | show s https port | |
| http tls mode set {TLS12=0 TLS13_12=1 TLS13=2 TLS13_12_11=3} | restricts TLS mode | |
| http tls mode show | show s TLS mode restriction | |
| http ajax enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables ajax autorefresh on/off | |
| http ajax enabled show | show s if ajax autorefresh enabled | |
| http passwd enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables http passwd on/off | |
| http passwd enabled show | show s if http passwd enabled | |
| http passwd local set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables local login on/off | |
| http passwd local show | show s if local login enabled | |
| http passwd radius set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables login for RADIUS on/off | |
| http passwd radius show | show s if RADIUS login enabled | |
| http passwd user set "{passwd}" | sets http user passwd | |
| http passwd admin set "{passwd}" | sets http admin passwd | |
| http passwd hash user set "{passwd}" | sets hashed http user passwd | |
| http passwd hash admin set "{passwd}" | sets hashed http admin passwd | |
| ip4 | enters cmd group "ip4" | |

Specifications

| | | |
|--|--|---|
| ip4 hostname set "{name}" | sets device hostname | |
| ip4 hostname show | show s device hostname | 3 |
| ip4 address set "{ip_address}" | sets IPv4 address | |
| ip4 address show | show s IPv4 address | 3 |
| ip4 netmask set "{ip_address}" | sets IPv4 netmask | |
| ip4 netmask show | show s IPv4 netmask | 3 |
| ip4 gateway set "{ip_address}" | sets IPv4 gateway address | |
| ip4 gateway show | show s IPv4 gateway address | 3 |
| ip4 dns set "{ip_address}" | sets IPv4 DNS server address | |
| ip4 dns show | show s IPv4 DNS server address | 3 |
| ip4 dhcp enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables IPv4 DHCP on/off | |
| ip4 dhcp enabled show | show s IPv4 DHCP state | 3 |
| ip6 | enters cmd group "ip6" | |
| ip6 enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables IPv6 on/off | |
| ip6 enabled show | show s if IPv6 is enabled | 3 |
| ip6 routadv enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables IPv6 router advertisement | |
| ip6 routadv enabled show | show s IPv6 router advertisement state | 3 |
| ip6 dhcp enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables IPv6 DHCP on/off | |
| ip6 dhcp enabled show | show s if IPv6 DHCP is enabled | 3 |
| ip6 address show | show all IPv6 addresses | 4 |
| ip6 gateway show | show all IPv6 gateways | 4 |
| ip6 dns show | show all IPv6 DNS server | 4 |
| ip6 manual enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables manual IPv6 addresses | |
| ip6 manual enabled show | show s if manual IPv6 addresses are enabled | 3 |
| ip6 manual address {1..4} set "{ip_address}" | sets manual IPv6 address | |
| ip6 manual address {1..4} show | show s manual IPv6 address | 3 |
| ip6 manual gateway set "{ip_address}" | sets manual IPv6 gateway address | |
| ip6 manual gateway show | show s manual IPv6 gateway address | 3 |
| ip6 manual dns {1..2} set "{ip_address}" | sets manual IPv6 DNS server address | |
| ip6 manual dns {1..2} show | show s manual IPv6 DNS server address | 3 |
| ipacl | enters cmd group "ipacl" | |
| ipacl ping enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables ICMP ping on/off | |
| ipacl ping enabled show | show s if ICMP ping enabled | |
| ipacl enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enable IP filter on/off | |
| ipacl enabled show | show s if IP filter enabled | |
| ipacl filter {ipacl_num} set "{dns_name}" | sets IP filter {ipacl_num} | |
| ipacl filter {ipacl_num} show | show s IP filter {ipacl_num} | |
| linesensor | enters cmd group "linesensor" | |
| linesensor all {field_list} show | show s energy sensors according field list of all line sensors | 5 |
| linesensor {line_num} {field_list} show | show s energy sensors according field list of one line sensor | 5 |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} value show | show s energy sensor of given line | 5 |
| linesensor {line_num} ovp show | show state of Overvoltage Protection | |
| linesensor {line_num} counter reset | resets energy metering counter | |
| linesensor {line_num} label set "{name}" | sets line meter to label | |
| linesensor {line_num} label show | show s label of line meter | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} events set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables events on/off | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} events show | show s if events are enabled | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} events type set "{EVT_SYSLOG=0,EVT_SNMP=1,EVT_EMAIL=2,EVT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEMAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5}" | enables different event types | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} events type show | show s what event types are enabled | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} maxval set {float} | sets maximum value for line meter | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} maxval show | show s maximum value for line meter | |

Specifications

| | | |
|--|---|---|
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} minval set {float} | sets minimum value for line meter | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} minval show | show s minimum value for line meter | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} hyst set {float} | sets hysteresis value for line meter | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} hyst show | show s hysteresis value for line meter | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish mode set {NONE=0 INTERVAL=1 DELTA=2 INTERV_DELTA=3} | sets publish mode | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish mode show | show s publish mode | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish mqtt retain set {OFF=0 ON=1} | sets mqtt retain | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish mqtt retain show | show s if mqtt retain set | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish timer set {num_secs} | sets publish time interval | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish timer show | show s publish time interval | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish delta set {float} | sets publish delta value | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish delta show | show s publish delta value | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} port set {port_num} | sets Port for Power Port Switching actions | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} port show | show s Port for Power Port Switching actions | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} state set {OFF=0 ON=1 DISABLED=2} | sets Port state for Power Port Switching actions | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} state show | show s Port state for Power Port Switching actions | |
| linesensor {line_num} events set {OFF=0 ON=1} | LEGACY - enables events on/off | L |
| linesensor {line_num} events show | LEGACY - show s if events are enabled | L |
| linesensor {line_num} events type set "{EVT_SYSL0G=0,EVT_SNMP=1,EVT_EMAIL=2,EVT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEMAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,EVT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8}" | LEGACY - enables different event types | L |
| linesensor {line_num} events type show | LEGACY - show s what event types are enabled | L |
| linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} | LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter | L |
| linesensor {line_num} maxval show | LEGACY - show s maximum value for line meter | L |
| linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} | LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter | L |
| linesensor {line_num} minval show | LEGACY - show s minimum value for line meter | L |
| linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} | LEGACY - sets hysteresis value for line meter | L |
| linesensor {line_num} hyst show | LEGACY - show s hysteresis value for line meter | L |
| linesensor {line_num} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} port set {port_num} | LEGACY - sets Port for Power Port Switching actions | L |
| linesensor {line_num} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} port show | LEGACY - show s Port for Power Port Switching actions | L |
| linesensor {line_num} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} state set {OFF=0 ON=1 DISABLED=2} | LEGACY - sets Port state for Power Port Switching actions | L |
| linesensor {line_num} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} state show | LEGACY - show s Port state for Power Port Switching actions | L |

Specifications

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| modbus | enters cmd group "modbus" | |
| modbus enabled set <off=0/on=1> | enables Modbus TCP support | |
| modbus enabled show | show s if Modbus is enabled | |
| modbus port set <ip_port> | sets Modbus TCP port | |
| modbus port show | show s Modbus TCP port | |
| mqtt | enters cmd group "mqtt" | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enable mqtt | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} enabled show | show s if mqtt enabled | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} server set "{dns_name}" | sets broker name | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} server show | show s broker name | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} tls enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enable TLS | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} tls enabled show | show s if TLS enabled | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} port set {ip_port} | set broker TCP/IP port | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} port show | show s broker TCP/IP port | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} user set "{username}" | sets username | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} user show | show s username | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} passw d set "{passw d}" | sets passw ord | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} passw d hash set "{passw d}" | sets hashed passw d | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} client set "{name}" | sets client name | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} client show | show s client name | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} qos set {QOS0=0 QOS1=1} | sets QoS level | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} qos show | show s QoS level | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} keepalive set {num_secs} | sets keep-alive time | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} keepalive show | show s keep-alive time | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} topic set "{name}" | sets topic prefix | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} topic show | shw os topic prefix | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} console enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | permit console cmds | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} console enabled show | show s if console cmds allow ed | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} device data timer set {num_secs} | sets telemetry interval | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} device data timer show | show s telemetry interval | |
| port | enters cmd group "port" | |
| port {port_num} state set {OFF=0 ON=1} | sets port to new state | |
| port {port_num} state show | show s port state | |
| port all state set "{port_list}" {OFF=0 ON=1} | sets several ports in one cmd - e.g. port all state set "1,3,5" 1 | |
| port all state {MODE0=0 MODE1=1 MODE2=2} show | show s all port states in 3 different view modes | 4 |
| port all set {OFF=0 ON=1 OFF_REV=2 ON_REV=3} | sw itch all ports on/off forw ard or reverse | |
| port restart all set {REINIT=0 OFF_REV_REINIT=1,OFF_REINIT=2} | reinit coldstart sequence (optional first all off) | |
| port {port_num} reset | start reset sequence for port | |
| port {port_num} toggle | toggles port | |
| port {port_num} batch set {OFF=0 ON=1} w ait {num_secs} {OFF=0 ON=1} | starts batch mode for port | |
| port {port_num} batch cancel | cancels batch mode | |
| port {port_num} label set "{name}" | sets port label name | |
| port {port_num} label show | show s port label name | |
| port {port_num} initstate coldstart set {OFF=0 ON=1 REMEMBER=2} | sets port coldstart initialization | |
| port {port_num} initstate coldstart show | show s port coldstart initialization | |
| port {port_num} initstate delay set {num} | sets port init delay | |
| port {port_num} initstate delay show | show s port init delay | |
| port {port_num} repow erdelay set {num} | sets port repow er delay | |
| port {port_num} repow erdelay show | show s port repow er delay | |
| port {port_num} resettime set {num} | sets port reset duration | |
| port {port_num} resettime show | show s port reset duration | |
| port {port_num} w atchdog enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | sets port w atchdog to on/off | |
| port {port_num} w atchdog enabled show | show s port w atchdog state | |
| port {port_num} w atchdog mode set {OFF=0 PORT_RESET=1 IP_MS=2 IP_MS_INV=3} | sets port w atchdog mode | |

Specifications

| | |
|---|---|
| port {port_num} watchdog mode show | show s port watchdog mode |
| port {port_num} watchdog type set {WD_ICMP=0 WD_TCP=1} | sets port watchdog type |
| port {port_num} watchdog type show | show s port watchdog type |
| port {port_num} watchdog link down set {OFF=0 ON=1} | sets if watchdog active when eth link down |
| port {port_num} watchdog link down show | show s if watchdog active when eth link down |
| port {port_num} watchdog host set "{dns_name}" | sets port watchdog host target |
| port {port_num} watchdog host show | show s port watchdog host target |
| port {port_num} watchdog port set {ip_port} | sets port watchdog TCP port |
| port {port_num} watchdog port show | show s port watchdog TCP port |
| port {port_num} watchdog pinginterval set {num} | sets port watchdog ping interval |
| port {port_num} watchdog pinginterval show | show s port watchdog ping interval |
| port {port_num} watchdog pingretries set {num} | sets port watchdog ping retries |
| port {port_num} watchdog pingretries show | show s port watchdog ping retries |
| port {port_num} watchdog retrybooting set {OFF=0 ON=1} | sets port watchdog retry booting to on/off |
| port {port_num} watchdog retrybooting show | show s port watchdog retry booting state |
| port {port_num} watchdog bootretries set {num} | sets port watchdog retry boot timeout |
| port {port_num} watchdog bootretries show | show s port watchdog retry boot timeout |
| radius | enters cmd group "radius" |
| radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} enabled set <off=0/on=1> | enables radius client |
| radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} enabled show | show if radius client enabled |
| radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} server set "<dns_name>" | sets radius server address |
| radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} server show | show s radius server address |
| radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} password set "{password}" | sets radius server shared secret |
| radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} password hash set "{password}" | sets radius server crypted shared secret |
| radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} auth timeout set {num_secs} | sets server request timeout |
| radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} auth timeout show | show s server request timeout |
| radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} retries set {0..99} | sets server number of retries |
| radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} retries show | show s server number of retries |
| radius chap enabled set <off=0/on=1> | enables CHAP |
| radius chap enabled show | show s if CHAP is enabled |
| radius message auth set <off=0/on=1> | enables request message authentication |
| radius message auth show | show s if request message authentication is enabled |
| radius default timeout set {num_secs} | sets default session timeout (when not returned as Session-Timeout Attribute) |
| radius default timeout show | show s default session timeout |
| snmp | enters cmd group "snmp" |
| snmp port set {ip_port} | sets SNMP UDP port |
| snmp port show | show s SNMP UDP port |
| snmp snmpget enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables SNMP GET cmds on/off |
| snmp snmpget enabled show | show if SNMP GET cmds are enabled |
| snmp snmpset enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables SNMP SET cmds on/off |
| snmp snmpset enabled show | show if SNMP SET cmds are enabled |
| snmp snmpv2 enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables SNMP v2 on/off |
| snmp snmpv2 enabled show | show if SNMP v2 is enabled |
| snmp snmpv2 public set "{text}" | enables SNMP v3 on/off |
| snmp snmpv2 public show | show if SNMP v3 is enabled |
| snmp snmpv2 private set "{text}" | sets SNMP v2 public community |
| snmp snmpv2 private show | show s SNMP v2 public community |
| snmp system {CONTACT=0 NAME=1 LOCATION=2} set "{text}" | sets sysLocation/sysName/sysContact |

Specifications

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| snmp system {CONTACT=0 NAME=1 LOCATION=2} show | gets sysLocation/sysName/sysContact | |
| snmp snmpv3 enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | sets SNMP v2 private community | |
| snmp snmpv3 enabled show | show s SNMP v2 private community | |
| snmp snmpv3 username set "{text}" | sets SNMP v3 username | |
| snmp snmpv3 username show | show s SNMP v3 username | |
| snmp snmpv3 authalg set {NONE=0 MD5=1 SHA1=2 SHA256=3 SHA384=4 SHA512=5} | sets SNMP v3 authentication | |
| snmp snmpv3 authalg show | show SNMP v3 authentication algorithm | |
| snmp snmpv3 privalg set {NONE=0 DES=1 3DES=2 AES128=3 AES192=4 AES256=5 AES192*=6 AES256*=7} | sets SNMP v3 privacy algorithm | |
| snmp snmpv3 privalg show | show SNMP v3 privacy algorithm | |
| snmp snmpv3 authpasswd set "{passwd}" | sets SNMP v3 authentication password | |
| snmp snmpv3 privpasswd set "{passwd}" | sets SNMP v3 privacy password | |
| snmp snmpv3 authpasswd hash set "{passwd}" | sets SNMP v3 authentication hashed password | |
| snmp snmpv3 privpasswd hash set "{passwd}" | sets SNMP v3 privacy hashed password | |
| snmp trap type set {NONE=0 V1=1 V2=2 V3=3} | sets type of SNMP traps | |
| snmp trap type show | show SNMP trap type | |
| snmp trap receiver {trap_num} set "{dns_name}" | sets address and port of SNMP trap receiver {trap_num} | |
| snmp trap receiver {trap_num} show | show address and port of SNMP trap receiver {trap_num} | |
| syslog | enters cmd group "syslog" | |
| syslog enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables syslog msgs on/off | |
| syslog enabled show | show if syslog enabled | |
| syslog server set "{dns_name}" | sets address of syslog server | |
| syslog server show | show s address of syslog server | |
| system | enters cmd group "system" | |
| system restart | restarts device | |
| system fabsettings | restore fab settings and restart device | |
| system bootloader | enters bootloader mode | |
| system flushdns | flush DNS cache | |
| system uptime | number of seconds the device is running | |
| system name show | show s device name | |
| system version show | show s actual firmw are version | |
| system display {disp_num} default extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} set {sen_field} | show s external sensor | |
| system display {disp_num} default linesensor {line_num} set {sen_field} | show s energy line sensor | |
| system display {disp_num} default set {BLANK=0,LOCAL_TIME=1,UTC_TIME=2} | show s other contents | |
| system display {disp_num} default show | show s default setting for display | |
| system display default hash set "{data}" | sets hashed display setting | |
| system display default hash show | show s hashed display setting | |
| system {SWITCH_PORT=0} events set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enable global events | |
| system {SWITCH_PORT=0} events show | show s if global events enabled | |
| system {SWITCH_PORT=0} events type set "{EVT_SYSLOG=0,EVT_SNMP=1,EVT_EMAIL=2,EVT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEMAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,EVT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8}" | enables different event types | |
| system {SWITCH_PORT=0} events type show | show s w hat event types are enabled | |
| system {SWITCH_PORT=0} events mqtt retain set {OFF=0 ON=1} | sets mqtt retain | |
| system {SWITCH_PORT=0} events mqtt retain show | show s if mqtt retain set | |
| system panel enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | blocks panel buttons w hen not enabled | |
| system panel enabled show | show s if panel buttons are enabled | |
| system panel port all set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enable siw tch all relays from panel buttons | |
| system panel port all show | show s if siw tch all relays from panel buttons enabled | |

Specifications

| | |
|--|---|
| system sensor {VSYS=0 VAUX=1 VMAIN=2 TCPU=3} show | shows internal sensors if model supports it |
| timer | enters cmd group "timer" |
| timer enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables timer functions |
| timer enabled show | shows if timer a enabled |
| timer syslog facility set {0..23} | sets facility level for timer syslog |
| timer syslog facility show | shows facility level for timer syslog |
| timer syslog verbose set {0..7} | sets verbose level for timer syslog |
| timer syslog verbose show | shows verbose level for timer syslog |
| timer {rule_num} enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables rule |
| timer {rule_num} enabled show | shows if rule is enabled |
| timer {rule_num} name set "{name}" | sets name of rule |
| timer {rule_num} name show | shows name of rule |
| timer {rule_num} {FROM=0 UNTIL=1} set "{yyyy-mm-dd}" | sets date range of rule |
| timer {rule_num} {FROM=0 UNTIL=1} show | shows date range of rule |
| timer {rule_num} trigger jitter set {0..65535} | sets jitter for rule |
| timer {rule_num} trigger jitter show | show jitter of rule |
| timer {rule_num} trigger random set {0..100} | sets probability for rule |
| timer {rule_num} trigger random show | shows rule probability |
| timer {rule_num} trigger {HOUR=0 MIN=1 SEC=2 DAY=3 MON=4 DOW=5} set "{time_date_list}" | sets time date list |
| timer {rule_num} trigger {HOUR=0 MIN=1 SEC=2 DAY=3 MON=4 DOW=5} show | shows time date list |
| timer {rule_num} action mode set {SWITCH=1 CLI=2} | sets switch or cli cmd |
| timer {rule_num} action mode show | shows if switch or cli cmd |
| timer {rule_num} action {SWITCH1=0 SWITCH2=1}{OFF=0 ON=1} set "{port_list}" | sets port list for switch cmd |
| timer {rule_num} action {SWITCH1=0 SWITCH2=1}{OFF=0 ON=1} show | shows port list for switch cmd |
| timer {rule_num} action delay set {0..65535} | delay between cmds |
| timer {rule_num} action delay show | shows delay between cmds |
| timer {rule_num} action console set "{cmd}" | sets cmd string |
| timer {rule_num} action console show | shows cmd string |
| timer {rule_num} action hash set "{data}" | sets action binary form |
| timer {rule_num} action hash show | shows action binary form |
| timer {rule_num} delete | delete one timer |
| timer delete all | delete all timer |
| vt100 | enters cmd group "vt100" |
| vt100 echo set {OFF=0 ON=1} | sets console echo state |
| vt100 echo show | shows console echo state |
| vt100 numeric set {OFF=0 ON=1} | sets numeric mode |
| vt100 numeric show | shows numeric mode state |
| vt100 reset | resets terminal |

Notes

1. Legacy - The command has been replaced by a newer version
2. Command can be entered on any level
3. The output may show 2 lines - the 1st line shows the actual state, the 2nd line the status after reboot
4. The output may show several lines
5. Please see the **Energy Sensor Table** for the right energy index
6. Please see the **External Type and External Sensor Field Tables** for the correct sensor index

Energy Sensor Table "{energy_sensor}"

Specifications

| Index | Description | Unit |
|-------|---|------------|
| 0 | Forward Active Energy | Wh |
| 1 | Power Active | W |
| 2 | Voltage | V |
| 3 | Current | A |
| 4 | Frequency | 0.01 hz |
| 5 | Power Factor | 0.001 |
| 6 | Power Angle | 0.1 degree |
| 7 | Power Apparent | VA |
| 8 | Power Reactive | VAR |
| 9 | Forward Active Energy Resettable | Wh |
| 10 | Forward Reactive Energy | VARh |
| 11 | Forward Reactive Energy Resettable | VARh |
| 12 | Reset Time - sec. since last Energy Counter Reset | s |
| 13 | Reverse Active Energy | Wh |
| 14 | Reverse Reactive Energy | VARh |
| 15 | Reverse Active Energy Resettable | Wh |
| 16 | Reverse Reactive Energy Resettable | VARh |
| 17 | Absolute Active Energy | Wh |
| 18 | Absolute Reactive Energy | VARh |
| 19 | Absolute Active Energy Resettable | Wh |
| 20 | Absolute Reactive Energy Resettable | VARh |
| 21 | Residual Current | A |

 Dependent on the device model Residual Current may not be supported

External Sensor Type Table "{sen_type}"

Constants "{7x01=0|7x04=0|7x02=1|7x05=1|7x06=2}"

| Index | Description | Products |
|-------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| 0 | Temperature | 7001, 7101, 7201 |
| 0 | Temperature | 7004, 7104, 7204 |
| 1 | Temperature, Humidity | 7002, 7102, 7202 |
| 1 | Temperature, Humidity | 7005, 7105, 7205 |
| 2 | Temperature, Humidity, Air Pressure | 7006, 7106, 7206 |

External Sensor Field Table "{sen_field}"

| Index | Description | Unit |
|-------|----------------------------------|------|
| 0 | Temperature | °C |
| 1 | Humidity | % |
| 2 | Digital Input | bool |
| 3 | Air Pressure | hPa |
| 4 | Dew Point | °C |
| 5 | Dew Point Temperature Difference | °C |

4.8.3 Console Cmd 1292

| Command | Description | Note |
|---------|-------------|------|
|---------|-------------|------|

Specifications

| | | |
|--|--|---|
| logout | go to login prompt w hen enabled | 2 |
| quit | quits telnet session - nothing in serial console | 2 |
| back | back one cmd level | 2 |
| help | show all cmds from this level | 2 |
| help all | show all cmds | 2 |
| <hr/> | | |
| clock | enters cmd group "clock" | |
| clock ntp enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables ntp | |
| clock ntp enabled show | show s if ntp enabled | |
| clock timezone set {minutes} | sets timezone | |
| clock timezone show | show s timezone | |
| clock dst enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables dst | |
| clock dst enabled show | show s if dst is enabled | |
| clock manual set "{hh:mm:ss yyyy-mm-dd}" | sets time and date manually | |
| clock show | show s actual time and date | |
| clock ntp server {PRIMARY=0 BACKUP=1} set "{dns_name}" | sets ntp server name | |
| clock ntp server {PRIMARY=0 BACKUP=1} show | show s ntp server name | |
| <hr/> | | |
| console | enters cmd group "console" | |
| console version | show s unique console version number | |
| console telnet enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables telnet on/off | |
| console telnet enabled show | show s if telnet enabled | |
| console telnet port set {ip_port} | sets telnet port | |
| console telnet port show | show s telnet port | |
| console telnet raw set {OFF=0 ON=1} | sets raw mode (disables editing) on/off | |
| console telnet raw show | show s if raw mode enabled | |
| console telnet echo set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables echo on/off | |
| console telnet echo show | show s if echo enabled | |
| console telnet activeneg set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables telnet active negotiation (IAC) on/off | |
| console telnet activeneg show | show s if active negotiation enabled | |
| console telnet login set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables login on/off | |
| console telnet login show | show s if login enabled | |
| console telnet login local set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables local login on/off | |
| console telnet login local show | show s if local login enabled | |
| console telnet login radius set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables login for RADIUS on/off | |
| console telnet login radius show | show s if RADIUS login enabled | |
| console telnet login delay set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables delay (after 3 login fails) on/off | |
| console telnet login delay show | show s if login delay enabled | |
| console telnet pushmsgs config set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables persistent push msgs | |
| console telnet pushmsgs config show | show s if persistent push msgs are enabled | |
| console telnet pushmsgs set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables temporary push msgs | |
| console telnet pushmsgs show | show s if temporary push msgs are enabled | |
| console telnet user set "{username}" | sets login user name | |
| console telnet user show | show s login user name | |
| console telnet passw d set "{passw d}" | sets login passw ord | |
| console telnet passw d hash set "{passw d}" | sets login hashed passw ord | |
| console ssh enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables SSH | |
| console ssh enabled show | show s if SSH enabled | |
| console ssh port set {ip_port} | sets SSH port | |
| console ssh port show | show s SSH port | |
| console ssh echo set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables echo on/off | |
| console ssh echo show | show s if echo enabled | |
| console ssh pushmsgs config set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables persistent push msgs | |
| console ssh pushmsgs config show | show s if persistent push msgs are enabled | |
| console ssh pushmsgs set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables temporary push msgs | |
| console ssh pushmsgs show | show s if temporary push msgs are enabled | |
| console ssh public hash set "{passw d}" | sets hash of SSH public key | |
| console ssh public hash show | show s hash of SSH public key | |
| <hr/> | | |
| email | enters cmd group "email" | |
| email enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables email on/off | |
| email enabled show | show s if email is enabled | |
| email sender set "{email_addr}" | sets email sender address | |

Specifications

| | | |
|--|---|---|
| email sender show | show s email sender address | |
| email recipient set "{email_addr}" | sets email recipient address | |
| email recipient show | show s email recipient address | |
| email server set "{dns_name}" | sets email SMTP server address | |
| email server show | show s email SMTP server address | |
| email port set {ip_port} | sets email SMTP port | |
| email port show | show s email SMTP port | |
| email security set {NONE=0 STARTTLS=1 SSL=2} | sets SMTP connection security | |
| email security show | show s SMTP connection security | |
| email auth set {NONE=0 PLAIN=1 LOGIN=2} | sets email authentication | |
| email auth show | show email authentication | |
| email user set "{username}" | sets SMTP username | |
| email user show | show s SMTP username | |
| email passw d set "{passw d}" | sets SMTP passw ord | |
| email passw d hash set "{passw d}" | sets crypted SMTP passw ord | |
| email testmail | send test email | |
| | | |
| ethernet | enters cmd group "ethernet" | |
| ethernet mac show | show s MAC address | |
| ethernet link show | show s ethernet link state | |
| ethernet phyprefer set {10MBIT_HD=0 10MBIT_FD=1 100MBIT_HD=2 100MBIT_FD=3} | sets preferred speed for PHY Auto Negotiation | |
| ethernet phyprefer show | show s preferred speed for PHY Auto Negotiation | |
| | | |
| extsensor | enters cmd group "extsensor" | |
| extsensor all show | show s all values from connected external sensors | |
| extsensor all show | show s all plugged sensors and fields | |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_field} value show | show s sensor value | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} label set "{name}" | sets sensor name to label | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} label show | show s label of sensor | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} type show | show s type of sensor | |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} events set {off=0 on=1} | enables sensor events on/off | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} events show | show s if sensor events are enabled | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} events type set "{EVT_SYSLOG=0,EVT_SNMP=1,EVT_EMAIL=2,EVT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEMAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,EVT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8}" | enables different event types | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} events type show | show s what event types are enabled | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} phonebook sms events set "{1..20}" | sets for what phonebook entries SMS are sent | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} phonebook sms events show | show s for what phonebook entries SMS are sent | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} maxval set {num} | sets maximum value for sensor | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} maxval show | show s maximum value for sensor | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} minval set {num} | sets minimum value for sensor | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} minval show | show s minimum value for sensor | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} hyst set {num} | sets hysteresis value for sensor | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} hyst show | show s hysteresis value for sensor | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} publish mode set {NONE=0 INTERVAL=1 DELTA=2 INTERV_DELTA=3} | sets publish mode | |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} publish mode show | show s publish mode | |

Specifications

| | | |
|--|--|---|
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} publish mqtt retain set {OFF=0 ON=1} | sets mqtt retain | |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} publish mqtt retain show | show s if mqtt retain set | |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} publish timer set {num_secs} | sets publish time interval | |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} publish timer show | show s publish time interval | |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} publish delta set {float} | sets publish delta value | |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} publish delta show | show s publish delta value | |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} port set {port_num} | sets Port for Pow er Port Sw itching actions | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} port show | show s Port for Pow er Port Sw itching actions | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} state set {OFF=0 ON=1 DISABLED=2} | sets Port state for Pow er Port Sw itching actions | 6 |
| extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} {sen_field} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} state show | show s Port state for Pow er Port Sw itching actions | 6 |
| extsensor period set {24H=0 12H=1 2H=2 1H=3 30MIN=4} | sets sensor Min/Max measurement period | |
| extsensor period show | show s sensor Min/Max measurement period | |
| gsm | enters cmd group "gsm" | |
| gsm enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | activates the built-in GSM module | |
| gsm enabled show | show s if the built-in GSM module is enabled | |
| gsm pin set "{pin_num}" | sets PIN and sw itches the PIN request on | |
| gsm pin show | show s the PIN of the SIM card | |
| gsm phonenum set "{phone_num}" | sets the phone number of the SIM card | |
| gsm phonenum show | show s the phone number of the SIM card | |
| gsm admin sms set "{phone_num}" | sets phone number for SMS status changes | |
| gsm admin sms show | show s phone number for SMS status changes | |
| gsm admin sms enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables status changes sent via SMS | |
| gsm admin sms enabled show | show s if status changes via SMS are enabled | |
| gsm admin email enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables status changes sent via email | |
| gsm admin email enabled show | show s if status changes via email are enabled | |
| gsm admin email set "{email_addr}" | sets status email recipient address | |
| gsm admin email show | show s status email recipient address | |
| gsm dtmf sms pin enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables necessary pin for port changes | |
| gsm dtmf sms pin enabled show | show s if pin is needed for port changes | |
| gsm dtmf sms master pin set "{pin_num}" | sets master pin for port changes | |
| gsm dtmf sms master pin show | show s master pin for port changes | |
| gsm phonebook check set {OFF=0 ON=1} | only allow access to calls that correspond to phonebook entries | |
| gsm phonebook check show | show s if phonebook change enabled | |
| gsm freecall enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enable functions associated w ith incoming phone numbers | |
| gsm freecall enabled show | show if freecall enabled | |
| gsm admin only set {OFF=0 ON=1} | only allow caller actions from the admin phonenum | |
| gsm admin only show | show if caller actions limited to admin phoennum | |
| gsm sms response set {OFF=0 ON=1} | send a SMS response for every SMS cmd | |
| gsm sms response show | show if a SMS respone is sent for every SMS cmd | |
| gsm sms error set {OFF=0 ON=1} | send a error SMS for a defective incoming SMS | |
| gsm sms error show | show if error SMS are sent for defective incoming SMS | |
| gsm sms signal set {OFF=0 ON=1} | send status messages w hen signal quality changes | |

Specifications

| | | |
|---|--|---|
| gsm sms signal show | shows if status messages are sent for signal quality changes | |
| gsm port name set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enable that complete port names are sent via SMS | |
| gsm port name show | show if complete port names are sent | |
| gsm sms autosync set {OFF=0 ON=1} | get date and time from GSM after power-up | |
| gsm sms autosync show | show if autosync is enabled | |
| gsm call voice enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enable voice samples when a call is coming in | |
| gsm call voice enabled show | show if voice samples are enabled | |
| gsm call dtmf enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | allow DTMF tones in voice steering | |
| gsm call dtmf enabled show | show if DTM tones are enabled | |
| gsm phonebook {1..20} name set "{name}" | set name for phonebook entry | |
| gsm phonebook {1..20} name show | show name for phonebook entry | |
| gsm phonebook {1..20} phonenum set "{phone_num}" | set number for phonebook entry | |
| gsm phonebook {1..20} phonenum show | show number for phonebook entry | |
| gsm phonebook {1..20} port set {port_num} | set power port num for freecall actions | |
| gsm phonebook {1..20} port show | set power port num for freecall actions | |
| gsm phonebook {1..20} action set {NONE=0 GSM_TOGGLE=1 GSM_ON=2 GSM_OFF=3 GSM_RESET=4 GSM_ONOFF1S=5 GSM_ONOFF5S=6 GSM_OFFON1S=7 GSM_OFFON5S=8} | set freecall action | |
| gsm phonebook {1..20} action show | show freecall action | |
| gsm imsi set "{num}" | enter your IMSI number | |
| gsm imsi show | show entered IMSI number | |
| gsm sms email gateway set "{phone_num}" | set number of SMS to email gateway | |
| gsm sms email gateway show | show number of SMS to email gateway | |
| gsm balance name set "{name}" | enter word that names prepaid balance | |
| gsm balance name show | show prepaid balance string | |
| gsm balance action set "{text}" | enter provider query for prepaid balance | |
| gsm balance action show | show prepaid balance provider query | |
| http | enters cmd group "http" | |
| http server set {HTTP_BOTH=0 HTTPS_ONLY=1 HTTP_ONLY=2 HTTPS_REDIR=3} | sets accepted connection types | |
| http server show | shows accepted connection types | |
| http port set {ip_port} | sets http port | |
| http port show | shows http port | |
| http portssl set {ip_port} | sets https port | |
| http portssl show | shows https port | |
| http tls mode set {TLS12=0 TLS13_12=1 TLS13=2 TLS13_12_11=3} | restricts TLS mode | |
| http tls mode show | shows TLS mode restriction | |
| http ajax enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables ajax autorefresh on/off | |
| http ajax enabled show | shows if ajax autorefresh enabled | |
| http passwd enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables http passwd on/off | |
| http passwd enabled show | shows if http passwd enabled | |
| http passwd local set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables local login on/off | |
| http passwd local show | shows if local login enabled | |
| http passwd radius set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables login for RADIUS on/off | |
| http passwd radius show | shows if RADIUS login enabled | |
| http passwd user set "{passwd}" | sets http user passwd | |
| http passwd admin set "{passwd}" | sets http admin passwd | |
| http passwd hash user set "{passwd}" | sets hashed http user passwd | |
| http passwd hash admin set "{passwd}" | sets hashed http admin passwd | |
| ip4 | enters cmd group "ip4" | |
| ip4 hostname set "{name}" | sets device hostname | |
| ip4 hostname show | shows device hostname | 3 |
| ip4 address set "{ip_address}" | sets IPv4 address | |
| ip4 address show | shows IPv4 address | 3 |
| ip4 netmask set "{ip_address}" | sets IPv4 netmask | |
| ip4 netmask show | shows IPv4 netmask | 3 |
| ip4 gateway set "{ip_address}" | sets IPv4 gateway address | |
| ip4 gateway show | shows IPv4 gateway address | 3 |

Specifications

| | | |
|--|--|---|
| ip4 dns set "{ip_address}" | sets IPv4 DNS server address | |
| ip4 dns show | show s IPv4 DNS server address | 3 |
| ip4 dhcp enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables IPv4 DHCP on/off | |
| ip4 dhcp enabled show | show s IPv4 DHCP state | 3 |
| ip6 | enters cmd group "ip6" | |
| ip6 enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables IPv6 on/off | |
| ip6 enabled show | show s if IPv6 is enabled | 3 |
| ip6 routadv enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables IPv6 router advertisement | |
| ip6 routadv enabled show | show s IPv6 router advertisement state | 3 |
| ip6 dhcp enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables IPv6 DHCP on/off | |
| ip6 dhcp enabled show | show s if IPv6 DHCP is enabled | 3 |
| ip6 address show | show all IPv6 addresses | 4 |
| ip6 gateway show | show all IPv6 gateways | 4 |
| ip6 dns show | show all IPv6 DNS server | 4 |
| ip6 manual enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables manual IPv6 addresses | |
| ip6 manual enabled show | show s if manual IPv6 addresses are enabled | 3 |
| ip6 manual address {1..4} set "{ip_address}" | sets manual IPv6 address | |
| ip6 manual address {1..4} show | show s manual IPv6 address | 3 |
| ip6 manual gateway set "{ip_address}" | sets manual IPv6 gateway address | |
| ip6 manual gateway show | show s manual IPv6 gateway address | 3 |
| ip6 manual dns {1..2} set "{ip_address}" | sets manual IPv6 DNS server address | |
| ip6 manual dns {1..2} show | show s manual IPv6 DNS server address | 3 |
| ipacl | enters cmd group "ipacl" | |
| ipacl ping enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables ICMP ping on/off | |
| ipacl ping enabled show | show s if ICMP ping enabled | |
| ipacl enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enable IP filter on/off | |
| ipacl enabled show | show s if IP filter enabled | |
| ipacl filter {ipacl_num} set "{dns_name}" | sets IP filter {ipacl_num} | |
| ipacl filter {ipacl_num} show | show s IP filter {ipacl_num} | |
| linesensor | enters cmd group "linesensor" | |
| linesensor all {field_list} show | show s energy sensors according field list of all line sensors | 5 |
| linesensor {line_num} {field_list} show | show s energy sensors according field list of one line sensor | 5 |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} value show | show s energy sensor of given line | 5 |
| linesensor {line_num} ovp show | show state of Overvoltage Protection | |
| linesensor {line_num} counter reset | resets energy metering counter | |
| linesensor {line_num} label set "{name}" | sets line meter to label | |
| linesensor {line_num} label show | show s label of line meter | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} events set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables events on/off | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} events show | show s if events are enabled | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} events type set "{EVT_SYSLOG=0,EVT_SNMP=1,EVT_EMAIL=2,EVT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEMAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5}" | enables different event types | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} events type show | show s what event types are enabled | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} phonebook sms events set "{1..20}" | sets for what phonebook entries SMS are sent | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} phonebook sms events show | show s for what phonebook entries SMS are sent | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} maxval set {float} | sets maximum value for line meter | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} maxval show | show s maximum value for line meter | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} minval set {float} | sets minimum value for line meter | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} minval show | show s minimum value for line meter | |

Specifications

| | | |
|--|--|---|
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} hyst set {float} | sets hysteresis value for line meter | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} hyst show | shows hysteresis value for line meter | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish mode set {NONE=0 INTERVAL=1 DELTA=2 INTERV_DELTA=3} | sets publish mode | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish mode show | shows publish mode | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish mqtt retain set {OFF=0 ON=1} | sets mqtt retain | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish mqtt retain show | shows if mqtt retain set | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish timer set {num_secs} | sets publish time interval | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish timer show | shows publish time interval | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish delta set {float} | sets publish delta value | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} publish delta show | shows publish delta value | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} port set {port_num} | sets Port for Power Port Switching actions | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} port show | shows Port for Power Port Switching actions | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} state set {OFF=0 ON=1 DISABLED=2} | sets Port state for Power Port Switching actions | |
| linesensor {line_num} {energy_sensor} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} state show | shows Port state for Power Port Switching actions | |
| linesensor {line_num} events set {OFF=0 ON=1} | LEGACY - enables events on/off | L |
| linesensor {line_num} events show | LEGACY - shows if events are enabled | L |
| linesensor {line_num} events type set {"EVT_SYSLOG=0,EVT_SNMP=1,EVT_EMAIL=2,EVT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEMAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,EVT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8"} | LEGACY - enables different event types | L |
| linesensor {line_num} events type show | LEGACY - shows what event types are enabled | L |
| linesensor {line_num} maxval set {float} | LEGACY - sets maximum value for line meter | L |
| linesensor {line_num} maxval show | LEGACY - shows maximum value for line meter | L |
| linesensor {line_num} minval set {float} | LEGACY - sets minimum value for line meter | L |
| linesensor {line_num} minval show | LEGACY - shows minimum value for line meter | L |
| linesensor {line_num} hyst set {float} | LEGACY - sets hysteresis value for line meter | L |
| linesensor {line_num} hyst show | LEGACY - shows hysteresis value for line meter | L |
| linesensor {line_num} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} port set {port_num} | LEGACY - sets Port for Power Port Switching actions | L |
| linesensor {line_num} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} port show | LEGACY - shows Port for Power Port Switching actions | L |
| linesensor {line_num} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} state set {OFF=0 ON=1 DISABLED=2} | LEGACY - sets Port state for Power Port Switching actions | L |
| linesensor {line_num} {BELOWMIN=0 ABOVEMIN=1 ABOVEMAX=2 BELOWMAX=3} state show | LEGACY - shows Port state for Power Port Switching actions | L |
| modbus | enters cmd group "modbus" | |
| modbus enabled set <off=0/on=1> | enables Modbus TCP support | |
| modbus enabled show | shows if Modbus is enabled | |
| modbus port set <ip_port> | sets Modbus TCP port | |

Specifications

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| modbus port show | show s Modbus TCP port | |
| mqtt | enters cmd group "mqtt" | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enable mqtt | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} enabled show | show s if mqtt enabled | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} server set "{dns_name}" | sets broker name | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} server show | show s broker name | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} tls enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enable TLS | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} tls enabled show | show s if TLS enabled | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} port set {ip_port} | set broker TCP/IP port | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} port show | show s broker TCP/IP port | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} user set "{username}" | sets username | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} user show | show s username | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} passw d set "{passw d}" | sets passw ord | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} passw d hash set "{passw d}" | sets hashed passw d | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} client set "{name}" | sets client name | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} client show | show s client name | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} qos set {QOS0=0 QOS1=1} | sets QoS level | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} qos show | show s QoS level | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} keepalive set {num_secs} | sets keep-alive time | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} keepalive show | show s keep-alive time | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} topic set "{name}" | sets topic prefix | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} topic show | shw os topic prefix | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} console enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | permit console cmds | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} console enabled show | show s if console cmds allow ed | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} device data timer set {num_secs} | sets telemetry interval | |
| mqtt {broker_idx} device data timer show | show s telemetry interval | |
| port | enters cmd group "port" | |
| port {port_num} state set {OFF=0 ON=1} | sets port to new state | |
| port {port_num} state show | show s port state | |
| port all state set "{port_list}" {OFF=0 ON=1} | sets several ports in one cmd - e.g. port all state set "1,3,5" 1 | |
| port all state {MODE0=0 MODE1=1 MODE2=2} show | show s all port states in 3 different view modes | 4 |
| port all set {OFF=0 ON=1 OFF_REV=2 ON_REV=3} | sw itch all ports on/off forw ard or reverse | |
| port restart all set {REINIT=0 OFF_REV_REINIT=1,OFF_REINIT=2} | reinit coldstart sequence (optional first all off) | |
| port {port_num} reset | start reset sequence for port | |
| port {port_num} toggle | toggles port | |
| port {port_num} batch set {OFF=0 ON=1} w ait {num_secs} {OFF=0 ON=1} | starts batch mode for port | |
| port {port_num} batch cancel | cancel s batch mode | |
| port {port_num} label set "{name}" | sets port label name | |
| port {port_num} label show | show s port label name | |
| port {port_num} initstate coldstart set {OFF=0 ON=1 REMEMBER=2} | sets port coldstart initialization | |
| port {port_num} initstate coldstart show | show s port coldstart initialization | |
| port {port_num} initstate delay set {num} | sets port init delay | |
| port {port_num} initstate delay show | show s port init delay | |
| port {port_num} gsm pin set "{pin_num}" | sets the individual port access code | |
| port {port_num} gsm pin show | show s the individual port access code | |
| port {port_num} repow erdelay set {num} | sets port repow er delay | |
| port {port_num} repow erdelay show | show s port repow er delay | |
| port {port_num} resettime set {num} | sets port reset duration | |
| port {port_num} resettime show | show s port reset duration | |
| port {port_num} w atchdog enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | sets port w atchdog to on/off | |
| port {port_num} w atchdog enabled show | show s port w atchdog state | |
| port {port_num} w atchdog mode set {OFF=0 PORT_RESET=1 IP_MS=2 IP_MS_INV=3} | sets port w atchdog mode | |
| port {port_num} w atchdog mode show | show s port w atchdog mode | |
| port {port_num} w atchdog type set {WD_ICMP=0 WD_TCP=1} | sets port w atchdog type | |

Specifications

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| port {port_num} watchdog type show | shows port watchdog type | |
| port {port_num} watchdog link down set {OFF=0 ON=1} | sets if watchdog active when eth link down | |
| port {port_num} watchdog link down show | shows if watchdog active when eth link down | |
| port {port_num} watchdog host set "{dns_name}" | sets port watchdog host target | |
| port {port_num} watchdog host show | shows port watchdog host target | |
| port {port_num} watchdog port set {ip_port} | sets port watchdog TCP port | |
| port {port_num} watchdog port show | shows port watchdog TCP port | |
| port {port_num} watchdog pinginterval set {num} | sets port watchdog ping interval | |
| port {port_num} watchdog pinginterval show | shows port watchdog ping interval | |
| port {port_num} watchdog pingretries set {num} | sets port watchdog ping retries | |
| port {port_num} watchdog pingretries show | shows port watchdog ping retries | |
| port {port_num} watchdog retrybooting set {OFF=0 ON=1} | sets port watchdog retry booting to on/off | |
| port {port_num} watchdog retrybooting show | shows port watchdog retry booting state | |
| port {port_num} watchdog bootretries set {num} | sets port watchdog retry boot timeout | |
| port {port_num} watchdog bootretries show | shows port watchdog retry boot timeout | |
| radius | enters cmd group "radius" | |
| radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} enabled set <off=0/on=1> | enables radius client | |
| radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} enabled show | show if radius client enabled | |
| radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} server set "<dns_name>" | sets radius server address | |
| radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} server show | shows radius server address | |
| radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} password set "{password}" | sets radius server shared secret | |
| radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} password hash set "{password}" | sets radius server crypted shared secret | |
| radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} auth timeout set {num_secs} | sets server request timeout | |
| radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} auth timeout show | shows server request timeout | |
| radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} retries set {0..99} | sets server number of retries | |
| radius {PRIMARY=0 SECONDARY=1} retries show | shows server number of retries | |
| radius chap enabled set <off=0/on=1> | enables CHAP | |
| radius chap enabled show | shows if CHAP is enabled | |
| radius message auth set <off=0/on=1> | enables request message authentication | |
| radius message auth show | shows if request message authentication is enabled | |
| radius default timeout set {num_secs} | sets default session timeout (when not returned as Session-Timeout Attribute) | |
| radius default timeout show | shows default session timeout | |
| snmp | enters cmd group "snmp" | |
| snmp port set {ip_port} | sets SNMP UDP port | |
| snmp port show | shows SNMP UDP port | |
| snmp snmpget enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables SNMP GET cmds on/off | |
| snmp snmpget enabled show | show if SNMP GET cmds are enabled | |
| snmp snmpset enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables SNMP SET cmds on/off | |
| snmp snmpset enabled show | show if SNMP SET cmds are enabled | |
| snmp snmpv2 enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables SNMP v2 on/off | |
| snmp snmpv2 enabled show | show if SNMP v2 is enabled | |
| snmp snmpv2 public set "{text}" | enables SNMP v3 on/off | |
| snmp snmpv2 public show | show if SNMP v3 is enabled | |
| snmp snmpv2 private set "{text}" | sets SNMP v2 public community | |
| snmp snmpv2 private show | shows SNMP v2 public community | |
| snmp system {CONTACT=0 NAME=1 LOCATION=2} set "{text}" | sets sysLocation/sysName/sysContact | |
| snmp system {CONTACT=0 NAME=1 LOCATION=2} show | gets sysLocation/sysName/sysContact | |

Specifications

| | | |
|--|---|--|
| snmp snmpv3 enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | sets SNMP v2 private community | |
| snmp snmpv3 enabled show | show s SNMP v2 private community | |
| snmp snmpv3 username set "{text}" | sets SNMP v3 username | |
| snmp snmpv3 username show | show s SNMP v3 username | |
| snmp snmpv3 authalg set {NONE=0 MD5=1 SHA1=2 SHA256=3 SHA384=4 SHA512=5} | sets SNMP v3 authentication | |
| snmp snmpv3 authalg show | show SNMP v3 authentication algorithm | |
| snmp snmpv3 privalg set {NONE=0 DES=1 3DES=2 AES128=3 AES192=4 AES256=5 AES192*=6 AES256*=7} | sets SNMP v3 privacy algorithm | |
| snmp snmpv3 privalg show | show SNMP v3 privacy algorithm | |
| snmp snmpv3 authpasswd set "{passwd}" | sets SNMP v3 authentication password | |
| snmp snmpv3 privpasswd set "{passwd}" | sets SNMP v3 privacy password | |
| snmp snmpv3 authpasswd hash set "{passwd}" | sets SNMP v3 authentication hashed password | |
| snmp snmpv3 privpasswd hash set "{passwd}" | sets SNMP v3 privacy hashed password | |
| snmp trap type set {NONE=0 V1=1 V2=2 V3=3} | sets type of SNMP traps | |
| snmp trap type show | show SNMP trap type | |
| snmp trap receiver {trap_num} set "{dns_name}" | sets address and port of SNMP trap receiver {trap_num} | |
| snmp trap receiver {trap_num} show | show address and port of SNMP trap receiver {trap_num} | |
| syslog | enters cmd group "syslog" | |
| syslog enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables syslog msgs on/off | |
| syslog enabled show | show if syslog enabled | |
| syslog server set "{dns_name}" | sets address of syslog server | |
| syslog server show | show s address of syslog server | |
| system | enters cmd group "system" | |
| system restart | restarts device | |
| system fabsettings | restore fab settings and restart device | |
| system bootloader | enters bootloader mode | |
| system flushdns | flush DNS cache | |
| system uptime | number of seconds the device is running | |
| system name show | show s device name | |
| system version show | show s actual firmw are version | |
| system display {disp_num} default extsensor {port_num} {sen_type} set {sen_field} | show s external sensor | |
| system display {disp_num} default linesensor {line_num} set {sen_field} | show s energy line sensor | |
| system display {disp_num} default set {BLANK=0,LOCAL_TIME=1,UTC_TIME=2} | show s other contents | |
| system display {disp_num} default show | show s default setting for display | |
| system display default hash set "{data}" | sets hashed display setting | |
| system display default hash show | show s hashed display setting | |
| system {SWITCH_PORT=0} events set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enable global events | |
| system {SWITCH_PORT=0} events show | show s if global events enabled | |
| system {SWITCH_PORT=0} events type set "{EVT_SY SLOG=0,EVT_SNMP=1,EVT_EMAIL=2,EVT_SMS=3,EVT_GSMEMAIL=4,EVT_BEEPER=5,EVT_DISPLAY=6,EVT_CONSOLE=7,EVT_MQTT=8}" | enables different event types | |
| system {SWITCH_PORT=0} events type show | show s w hat event types are enabled | |
| system {SWITCH_PORT=0} events mqtt retain set {OFF=0 ON=1} | sets mqtt retain | |
| system {SWITCH_PORT=0} events mqtt retain show | show s if mqtt retain set | |
| system panel enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | blocks panel buttons w hen not enabled | |
| system panel enabled show | show s if panel buttons are enabled | |
| system panel port all set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enable siw tch all relays from panel buttons | |
| system panel port all show | show s if siw tch all relays from panel buttons enabled | |
| system sensor {VSYS=0 VAUX=1 VMAIN=2 TCPU=3} show | show s internal sensors if model supports it | |

Specifications

| | |
|--|--|
| timer | enters cmd group "timer" |
| timer enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables timer functions |
| timer enabled show | show s if timer a enabled |
| timer syslog facility set {0..23} | sets facility level for timer syslog |
| timer syslog facility show | show s facility level for timer syslog |
| timer syslog verbose set {0..7} | sets verbose level for timer syslog |
| timer syslog verbose show | show s verbose level for timer syslog |
| timer {rule_num} enabled set {OFF=0 ON=1} | enables rule |
| timer {rule_num} enabled show | show s if rule is enabled |
| timer {rule_num} name set "{name}" | sets name of rule |
| timer {rule_num} name show | show s name of rule |
| timer {rule_num} {FROM=0 UNTIL=1} set "{yyyy-mm-dd}" | sets date range of rule |
| timer {rule_num} {FROM=0 UNTIL=1} show | show s date range of rule |
| timer {rule_num} trigger jitter set {0..65535} | sets jitter of rule |
| timer {rule_num} trigger jitter show | show jitter of rule |
| timer {rule_num} trigger random set {0..100} | sets probability for rule |
| timer {rule_num} trigger random show | show s rule probability |
| timer {rule_num} trigger {HOUR=0 MIN=1 SEC=2 DAY=3 MON=4 DOW=5} set "{time_date_list}" | sets time date list |
| timer {rule_num} trigger {HOUR=0 MIN=1 SEC=2 DAY=3 MON=4 DOW=5} show | show s time date list |
| timer {rule_num} action mode set {SWITCH=1 CLI=2} | sets sw itch or cli cmd |
| timer {rule_num} action mode show | show s if sw itch or cli cmd |
| timer {rule_num} action {SWITCH1=0 SWITCH2=1} {OFF=0 ON=1} set "{port_list}" | sets port list for sw itch cmd |
| timer {rule_num} action {SWITCH1=0 SWITCH2=1} {OFF=0 ON=1} show | show s port list for sw itch cmd |
| timer {rule_num} action delay set {0..65535} | delay betw een cmds |
| timer {rule_num} action delay show | show s delay betw een cmds |
| timer {rule_num} action console set "{cmd}" | sets cmd string |
| timer {rule_num} action console show | show s cmd string |
| timer {rule_num} action hash set "{data}" | sets action binary form |
| timer {rule_num} action hash show | show s action binary form |
| timer {rule_num} delete | delete one timer |
| timer delete all | delete all timer |
| vt100 | enters cmd group "vt100" |
| vt100 echo set {OFF=0 ON=1} | sets console echo state |
| vt100 echo show | show s console echo state |
| vt100 numeric set {OFF=0 ON=1} | sets numeric mode |
| vt100 numeric show | show s numeric mode state |
| vt100 reset | resets terminal |

Notes

1. Legacy - The command has been replaced by a newer version
2. Command can be entered on any level
3. The output may show 2 lines - the 1st line shows the actual state, the 2nd line the status after reboot
4. The output may show several lines
5. Please see the **Energy Sensor Table** for the right energy index
6. Please see the **External Type and External Sensor Field Tables** for the correct sensor index

Energy Sensor Table "{energy_sensor}"

| Index | Description | Unit |
|-------|-------------|------|
|-------|-------------|------|

Specifications

| | | |
|----|---|------------|
| 0 | Forward Active Energy | Wh |
| 1 | Power Active | W |
| 2 | Voltage | V |
| 3 | Current | A |
| 4 | Frequency | 0.01 hz |
| 5 | Power Factor | 0.001 |
| 6 | Power Angle | 0.1 degree |
| 7 | Power Apparent | VA |
| 8 | Power Reactive | VAR |
| 9 | Forward Active Energy Resettable | Wh |
| 10 | Forward Reactive Energy | VARh |
| 11 | Forward Reactive Energy Resettable | VARh |
| 12 | Reset Time - sec. since last Energy Counter Reset | s |
| 13 | Reverse Active Energy | Wh |
| 14 | Reverse Reactive Energy | VARh |
| 15 | Reverse Active Energy Resettable | Wh |
| 16 | Reverse Reactive Energy Resettable | VARh |
| 17 | Absolute Active Energy | Wh |
| 18 | Absolute Reactive Energy | VARh |
| 19 | Absolute Active Energy Resettable | Wh |
| 20 | Absolute Reactive Energy Resettable | VARh |
| 21 | Residual Current | A |

 Dependent on the device model Residual Current may not be supported

External Sensor Type Table "{sen_type}"


Constants "{7x01=0|7x04=0|7x02=1|7x05=1|7x06=2}"

| Index | Description | Products |
|-------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| 0 | Temperature | 7001, 7101, 7201 |
| 0 | Temperature | 7004, 7104, 7204 |
| 1 | Temperature, Humidity | 7002, 7102, 7202 |
| 1 | Temperature, Humidity | 7005, 7105, 7205 |
| 2 | Temperature, Humidity, Air Pressure | 7006, 7106, 7206 |

External Sensor Field Table "{sen_field}"

| Index | Description | Unit |
|-------|----------------------------------|------|
| 0 | Temperature | °C |
| 1 | Humidity | % |
| 2 | Digital Input | bool |
| 3 | Air Pressure | hPa |
| 4 | Dew Point | °C |
| 5 | Dew Point Temperature Difference | °C |


4.9 Modbus TCP

 **Important:** All calculations in this chapter are based on addresses starting at "0". For some Modbus TCP Utilities, however, the addresses start at 1, in which case a 1 must be added to the addresses in this chapter. Please try both possibilities for tests!

If Modbus TCP is activated in the configuration, the ports (relays, outputs, eFuses) can be switched and the following data is callable:

Address range overview:

| Device Resource | Start | End | Modbus Data Type |
|--------------------------|--------|--------|-------------------|
| Power/Output/eFuse Ports | 0x000 | 0x3ff | Coils |
| DC Inputs | 0x400 | 0x7ff | Discrete Inputs |
| Stop Condition active | 0x800 | 0x800 | Discrete Inputs |
| POE active | 0x801 | 0x801 | Discrete Inputs |
| Status Power Sources | 0x1000 | 0x100f | Discrete Inputs |
| OVP active (Line-Ins) | 0x1010 | 0x101f | Discrete Inputs |
| eFuse Errors | 0x1100 | 0x11ff | Discrete Inputs |
| Info Area | 0x000 | 0x005 | Input Registers |
| CPU Sensor values | 0x080 | 0x083 | Input Registers |
| External Sensors | 0x100 | 0x1ff | Input Registers |
| Fan Level | 0x200 | 0x20f | Input Registers |
| Line Energy Sensors | 0x400 | 0x39ff | Input Registers |
| Port Energy Sensors | 0x3a00 | 0x81ff | Input Registers |
| Bank Energy Sensors | 0x8200 | 0x823f | Input Registers |
| Power Source Sensors | 0x8240 | 0x827f | Input Registers |
| Residual Current Monitor | 0x8280 | 0x82cf | Input Registers |
| Bank Power Source Select | 0x000 | 0x00f | Holding Registers |
| Fan Mode | 0x010 | 0x01f | Holding Registers |

 This chapter is general for all Gude devices. Depending on the device type, some ports or certain sensors are not available.

The Unit-ID is ignored because the device is uniquely identified by its IP address.

Supported Modbus TCP Functions

| Function | Request Code |
|----------------------------------|--------------|
| Read Coils | 0x01 |
| Read Discrete Inputs | 0x02 |
| Write Single Coil | 0x05 |
| Write Multiple Coils | 0x0f |
| Read Input Registers | 0x04 |
| Read Holding Registers | 0x03 |
| Write Holding Register | 0x06 |
| Write Multiple Holding Registers | 0x10 |
| Read Device Identification | 0x2B / 0x0E |

Coils

| Device Resource | Start | End | Device Function |
|--------------------|-------|-------|----------------------------|
| Power/Output/eFuse | 0x000 | 0x3ff | Coil represents Port State |

Discrete Inputs

| Device Resource | Start | End | Function when set |
|-----------------------|--------|--------|---------------------|
| DC Inputs | 0x400 | 0x7ff | Input logically 1 |
| Stop Condition active | 0x800 | 0x800 | Stop Input active |
| POE active | 0x801 | 0x801 | POE active |
| Status Power Sources | 0x1000 | 0x100f | Power Source active |
| OVP active (Line-Ins) | 0x1010 | 0x101f | OVP active |
| eFuse Error | 0x1100 | 0x11ff | eFuse Error |

| Status Power Sources | Offset |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| EPC 8221 / 8226 | 0 = Bank A, 1 = Bank B |
| ENC 2111 / 2191 | 0 = Pwr1, 1 = Pwr2 |
| ESB 7213 / 7214 | 0 = Pwr1, 1 = Pwr2 (only 7214) |

Input Registers

| Device Resource | Start | End | Function |
|--------------------------|--------|--------|-------------------------|
| Info Bereich | 0x000 | 0x005 | see table |
| CPU Sensor values | 0x080 | 0x083 | see table |
| Externe Sensoren | 0x100 | 0x1ff | see table |
| Fan Level | 0x200 | 0x20f | 0 (aus) bis 3 (maximal) |
| Line Energy Sensors | 0x400 | 0x39ff | see table |
| Port Energy Sensors | 0x3a00 | 0x81ff | see table |
| Bank Energy Sensors | 0x8200 | 0x823f | see table |
| Power Source Sensors | 0x8240 | 0x827f | see table |
| Residual Current Monitor | 0x8280 | 0x82cf | see table |

Info Area

| Address | Width | Information |
|---------|--------|---|
| 0 | 16-bit | Number of Ports (Relay) |
| 1 | 16-bit | Number of Ports (Outlets) with Energy Measurement |
| 2 | 16-bit | Number of Banks |
| 3 | 16-bit | Number of Line-In |
| 4 | 16-bit | Phases per line |
| 5 | 16-bit | Number of Inputs |

Sensor Type Description

Specifications

| Address | Width | Information |
|------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| 0x080 to 0x083 | 16-bit (signed) | CPU Sensor values |
| 0x100 to 0x1ff | 16-bit (signed) | external Sensors |
| 0x400 to 0x39ff | 32-bit (signed) | Line Energy Sensors |
| 0x3a00 to 0x81ff | 32-bit (signed) | Port Energy Sensors |
| 0x8200 to 0x823f | 16-bit (signed) | Bank Energy Sensors |
| 0x8240 to 0x827f | 16-bit (signed) | Power Source Energy Sensors |
| 0x8280 to 0x82cf | 16-bit (signed) | Residual Current Monitor |


CPU Sensor Values

| Offset | Sensor Field | Unit |
|--------|-----------------|--------|
| 0 | Vsystem | 0.01 V |
| 1 | Vaux | 0.01 V |
| 2 | Vmain | 0.01 V |
| 3 | CPU Temperature | 0.1 °C |

External Sensors:

The measured value of the external sensors are coded as fixed point arithmetic. For a factor of e.g. 0.1 in the unit the value must be divided by 10 in order to reach the real measured value. A value of 0x8000 means that no sensor is plugged into the corresponding port, or the corresponding field in the sensor is not available. The formula for the address is (the port numbers start at zero):

$$0x100 + \text{Port} * 8 + \text{Offset}$$

 In the Expert Sensor Box 7213 / 7214 the internal sensor corresponds to the value Port = 0, and is coded Port = 1 for Sensor 2 and Port = 2 for Sensor 3.

| Offset | Sensor Field | Unit |
|--------|----------------------|------------------|
| 0 | Temperature | 0.1 °C |
| 1 | Humidity | 0.1 % |
| 2 | Digital Input | bool |
| 3 | Air Pressure | 1 hPa (millibar) |
| 4 | Dew Point | 0.1 °C |
| 5 | Dew Point Difference | 0.1 °C |

For example, the humidity of the second port has the address: $0x100 + 1 * 8 + 1 = 0x109$

Energy Sensors:

We distinguish the line sensors (which correspond to the input circuits) and the port sensors, which measure the energy that is passed over the switched port. The measured values of the energy sensors are returned as signed 32-bit integers. The high-order 16-bits are starting on the even address, followed by the low-order 16-bits on the odd address. To calculate the address, there are the following formulas (the values for line, port and phase start at zero):

$$\text{Line: } 0x0400 + \text{Line} * 0x120 + \text{Phase} * 0x60 + \text{Offset} * 2$$

Specifications

Port: $0x3a00 + \text{Port} * 0x120 + \text{Phase} * 0x60 + \text{Offset} * 2$



For devices with only one phase, the phase is set to zero in the formula.

Examples:

"Power Active" for 1st line sensor and 3rd phase: $0x400 + 0 * 0x120 + 2 * 0x60 + 1 * 2 = 0x4C2$

"Voltage" for 2nd line sensor and single phase device: $0x400 + 1 * 0x120 + 2 * 2 = 0x524$

"Power Angle" for 4th port sensor and single phase device: $0x3a00 + 3 * 0x120 + 6 * 2 = 0x3d6c$

| Offset | Sensor Field | Unit |
|--------|---|------------|
| 0 | Absolute Active Energy | Wh |
| 1 | Power Active | W |
| 2 | Voltage | V |
| 3 | Current | mA |
| 4 | Frequency | 0.01 hz |
| 5 | Power Factor | 0.001 |
| 6 | Power Angle | 0.1 degree |
| 7 | Power Apparent | VA |
| 8 | Power Reactive | VAR |
| 9 | Absolute Active Energy Resettable | Wh |
| 10 | Absolute Reactive Energy | VARh |
| 11 | Absolute Reactive Energy Resettable | VARh |
| 12 | Reset Time - sec. since last Energy Counter Reset | s |
| 13 | Forward Active Energy | Wh |
| 14 | Forward Reactive Energy | VARh |
| 15 | Forward Active Energy Resettable | Wh |
| 16 | Forward Reactive Energy Resettable | VARh |
| 17 | Reverse Active Energy | Wh |
| 18 | Reverse Reactive Energy | VARh |
| 19 | Reverse Active Energy Resettable | Wh |
| 20 | Reverse Reactive Energy Resettable | VARh |
| 21 | Residual Current Type A | mA |
| 22 | Neutral Current | mA |



Whether the measured values "Residual Current" and "Neutral Current" are supported depends on the respective device model. For measured values such as "Neutral Current", which are independent of the phase, the same value is returned for all phases.

DC Energy Sensors:

With the EPC 8291 / 8290 devices, the voltage and current of the individual banks and voltage sources can be read out. The measured values of the energy sensors are returned as signed 16-bit integers. The following formulas are available for the address (the values for Bank and PowerSrc start at zero):

Specifications

Bank: $0x8200 + \text{Bank} * 2 + \text{Offset}$

Power Source: $0x8240 + \text{PowerSrc} * 2 + \text{Offset}$

Examples:

"Voltage" at third bank: $0x8200 + 2 * 2 + 0 = 0x8204$

"Current" at first PowerSrc: $0x8240 + 0 * 2 + 1 = 0x8241$

| Offset | Sensor Field | Unit |
|--------|--------------|--------|
| 0 | Voltage | 0.01 V |
| 1 | Current | mA |

Residual Current Monitor Type B (RCMB):

Devices with a Residual Current Monitor Type B (RCMB) module separately measure the RMS and DC fault current components of the input supply. The values are returned as signed 16-bit integers. The following formulas are used for the address (the module number starts at zero):


Bank: $0x8280 + \text{ModuleNo} * 8 + \text{Offset}$.

Examples:

"Residual Current DC" at first module: $0x8280 + 0 * 8 + 1 = 0x8281$.

"Output DC" for second module: $0x8280 + 1 * 8 + 3 = 0x828b$

| Offset | Addr. Module 0 | Sensor Field | Unit |
|--------|----------------|-----------------------------|--------|
| 0 | 0x8280 | Residual Current RMS Type B | 0.1 mA |
| 1 | 0x8281 | Residual Current DC Type B | 0.1 mA |
| 2 | 0x8282 | Output RMS | bool |
| 3 | 0x8283 | Output DC | bool |
| 4 | 0x8284 | Module State | |

 Whether a Residual Current Monitor Type B (RCMB) module is present depends on the particular device model.

Holding Registers

| Device Resource | Start | End | Function |
|-------------------|-------|-------|-----------------------------|
| Bank Power Source | 0x000 | 0x00f | Sets Power Source for Bank |
| Fan Mode | 0x010 | 0x01f | 0 = Automatic / 1 = Maximum |


Device Identification

Returns manufacturer name and device identification:

| | | |
|------------------|--------|------|
| Request Code | 1 Byte | 0x2b |
| MEI Type | 1 Byte | 0x0e |
| Read Dev ID code | 1 Byte | 0x01 |
| Object Id | 1 Byte | 0x00 |

| | | |
|-------------------|----------|-------------------|
| Response Code | 1 Byte | 0x2b |
| MEI Type | 1 Byte | 0x0e |
| Read Dev ID code | 1 Byte | 0x01 |
| Conformity Level | 1 Byte | 0x01 |
| More Follows | 1 Byte | 0x00 |
| NextObjectID | 1 Byte | 0x00 |
| Number of Objects | 1 Byte | 0x03 |
| Object ID | 1 Byte | 0x00 |
| Object Length | 1 Byte | n1 |
| Object Value | n1 Bytes | "Company Id" |
| Object ID | 1 Byte | 0x00 |
| Object Length | 1 Byte | n2 |
| Object Value | n2 Bytes | "Product Id" |
| Object ID | 1 Byte | 0x00 |
| Object Length | 1 Byte | n3 |
| Object Value | n3 Bytes | "Product Version" |

4.9.1 Sensor Tables

 **Important:** All calculations in this chapter are based on addresses starting at "0". With some Modbus TCP utilities the addresses start at 1. In this case a 1 must be added to the addresses in this chapter. Please try both possibilities for tests!

External sensors addresses (Input Register)

| Sensor field | Port 1 |
|----------------------|--------|
| Temperature | 0x100 |
| Humidity | 0x101 |
| Digital input | 0x102 |
| Air Pressure | 0x103 |
| Dew Point | 0x104 |
| Dew Point Difference | 0x105 |

A value of 0x8000 means that no sensor is plugged into the corresponding port or the corresponding field in the sensor is not available.

Line-In Energy Addresses (Input Register)

| Offset | Sensor Field | Line 1 |
|--------|------------------------|--------|
| 0 | Absolute Active Energy | 0x400 |
| 1 | Power Active | 0x402 |
| 2 | Voltage | 0x404 |
| 3 | Current | 0x406 |

| | | |
|----|-------------------------------------|-------|
| 4 | Frequency | 0x408 |
| 5 | Power Factor | 0x40a |
| 6 | Power Angle | 0x40c |
| 7 | Power Apparent | 0x40e |
| 8 | Power Reactive | 0x410 |
| 9 | Absolute Active Energy Resettable | 0x412 |
| 10 | Absolute Reactive Energy | 0x414 |
| 11 | Absolute Reactive Energy Resettable | 0x416 |
| 12 | Reset Time - sec. since Reset | 0x418 |
| 13 | Forward Active Energy | 0x41a |
| 14 | Forward Reactive Energy | 0x41c |
| 15 | Forward Active Energy Resettable | 0x41e |
| 16 | Forward Reactive Energy Resettable | 0x420 |
| 17 | Reverse Active Energy | 0x422 |
| 18 | Reverse Reactive Energy | 0x424 |
| 19 | Reverse Active Energy Resettable | 0x426 |
| 20 | Reverse Reactive Energy Resettable | 0x428 |
| 21 | Residual Current Type A | 0x42a |
| 22 | Neutral Current | 0x42c |

The measured values of the energy sensors are returned as signed 32-bit integers. On the even address are first the high-order 16-bit, then follow on the odd address the low-order 16-bit.

4.10 MQTT

This device supports MQTT 3.1.1 to send configured messages and also to receive commands. This chapter is general for all Gude devices, some Gude models do not have switchable ports.

- Default port for an unencrypted connection is port 1883.
- Default port for a TLS secured connection is port 8883.
- If the broker allows anonymous login, username and password are arbitrary, but a username must be specified.
- If multiple MQTT clients are connected to a broker, the names of the clients must be different. For this reason, "client_xxxx" is generated as the default name. Here "xxxx" are the last 4 digits of the MAC address.

Message format

The MQTT messages of the device are always sent in JSON format. E.G..

```
{"type": "portswitch", "idx": 2, "port": "2", "state": 1, "cause": {"id": 2, "txt": "http"}, "ts": 1632}
```

This is a switching of the second port to the state on. The source of the switching command is CGI ("http"). The index is always numeric, "port" can also be alphanumeric for devices with multiple banks, e.g. "A2". At the end follows a timestamp ("ts"), which indicates the number of seconds the device is on, or unixtime if the device has synchronized with an NTP server.


MQTT Topic Prefix

The topic prefix for the messages can be set in the MQTT configuration. A default would be e.g. "de/gudesystems/epc/[mac]". Here "[mac]" is a placeholder for the MAC address of the device, another possible placeholder is "[host]", which contains the host name. An example topic for a switching message of the second port would then be:

```
"de/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41/switch/2".
```

Executing console commands

The device can be controlled remotely via MQTT using console commands. A list of all commands can be found in the Console [\[82\]](#) chapter. Depending on the topic, the commands are accepted in different formats.

 As default the execution of commands is not allowed, but must be enabled in the MQTT configuration! ("Permit CLI commands")


Format 1: Command in JSON Syntax

Publish Topic: "de/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41/cmd"

Publish Message: "{\"type\": \"cli\", \"cmd\": \"port 2 state set 1\", \"id\": 10}"

Response from device to "de/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41/cmdres"

```
"{\"type\": \"cli\", \"cmdres\": [\"OK.\"], \"result\": {\"num\": 0, \"hint\": \"ok\"}, \"id\": 10}"
```

 The JSON object "result" returns whether the command was valid. The object "id" in the command is optional and is passed through in the response from the device. The passed number can help to establish a synchronicity between command and response via the broker.

Format 2: Raw Text

Publish Topic: "de/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41/cmd/cli"

Publish Message: "port 2 state set 1".

Response from device to "de/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41/cmdres/cli"

```
"OK."
```


Format 3: Simplified port switching

Publish Topic: "de/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41/cmd/port/2"

Publish Message: "0" or "1".

Response from device to "de/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41/cmdres/port/2"

```
"0" or "1"
```

 This special form exists only for the port switching commands.

Device Data Summary

Specifications

In the **Device Data Summary** the most important data of the device are summarized in a JSON object and sent periodically in a configurable time interval. This summary depends on the properties of the device and the connected sensors, and could look like this:

Topic: en/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41/device/telemetry

Message:

```
{
  "type": "telemetry",
  "portstates": [{
    "port": "1",
    "name": "Power Port",
    "state": 1
  }, {
    "port": "2",
    "name": "Power Port",
    "state": 0
  }, {
    "port": "3",
    "name": "Power Port",
    "state": 0
  }, {
    "port": "4",
    "name": "Power Port",
    "state": 0
  }],
  "line_in": [{
    "voltage": 242.48,
    "current": 0.000
  }],
  "sensors": [{
    "idx": 1,
    "name": "7105",
    "data": [{
      "field": "temperature",
      "v": 21.1,
      "unit": "deg C"
    }, {
      "field": "humidity",
      "v": 71.9,
      "unit": "%"
    }, {
      "field": "dew_point",
      "v": 15.8,
      "unit": "deg C"
    }, {
      "field": "dew_diff",
      "v": 5.3,
      "unit": "deg C"
    }
  ]
  }],
  "ts": 210520
}
```

4.10.1 Example HiveMQ

What does an MQTT configuration look like using HiveMQ as an example?

Cluster Details [Back to clusters](#)

Overview **Access Management** Getting started

Details

Hostname: `f3c06b76137c48439e81c18b11bd06ab.s1.eu.hivemq.cloud`

Port (TLS): 8883

Port (Websocket + TLS): 8884

Create a free or commercial account at www.hivemq.com and create a new cluster.

Active MQTT Credentials

These credentials give access to publish and subscribe to your HiveMQ Cloud cluster.

| Username | Password | Actions |
|----------|----------|-------------------|
| epc-user | ***** | ✖ |

In the "Manage Clusters" section, go to "Access Management" and add an MQTT user with name and password.

MQTT

Enable MQTT: yes no

Broker: `f3c06b76137c48439e81c18b11bd06ab.s1.eu.hivemq`

TLS: yes no

TCP Port: (Default: 8883)

Username:

Set new password:

Repeat password:

Client ID:

Quality of Service (QoS): ▾

Keep-alive ping interval: s (minimum 10s)

Topic Prefix:
de/gudesystems/epc/00:19:32:01:16:41

Permit CLI commands: yes no

Publish device data summary interval: s (0=disabled)

In the MQTT configuration of the Gude device, transfer the hostname of the HiveMQ broker, as well as username and password. Additionally activate TLS and set the correct port.

Support

5 Support

You will find the latest product software on our website at www.gude.info available for download. If you have further questions about installation or operation of the unit, please contact our support team. Furthermore, we present in our support wiki at www.gude.info/wiki FAQs and configuration examples.

5.1 Data Security

To provide the device with a high level of data security, we recommend the following measures:

- Check that the HTTP password is switched on.
- Set up your own HTTP password.
- Allow access to HTTP via SSL (TLS) only.
- Use TLS 1.3 if possible and avoid TLS 1.1.
- Enable authentication and encryption in SNMPv3.
- Disable SNMP v2 access.
- Enable STARTTLS or SSL in the e-mail configuration.
- Archive configuration files securely, they contain sensitive information.
- In the IP ACL, enter only the devices that require access to HTTP or SNMP.
- Use SSH if possible, since Telnet is not encrypted.
- Set login for telnet or serial console.
- Use MQTT 3.1.1 only with TLS and password.
- Only permit MQTT CLI commands when the broker is trustworthy.
- Modbus TCP is not encrypted, only activate it in a secure environment.
- Activate "Message Authentication" in RADIUS.

When accessed from the Internet

- Use a randomized password with at least 32 characters.
- If possible, place the device behind a firewall.

5.2 Contact

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Value added tax identification number (VAT): DE 122778228

5.3 Declaration of Conformity

This product from the **Expert Power Control 1202 / 1292** series is in conformity with the European directives for CE marking applicable to this product. The complete CE declaration of conformity for this product can be found on the website www.gude.info in the download section of the product.

5.4 FAQ

1. What can I do if the device is no longer accessible?

- If the Status LED is red, the device has no connection to the switch. Unplug and plug the Ethernet cable. If the Status LED is still red, try other switches. If one uses no switch, but connects e.g. a laptop directly to the device, make sure you are using a crossover Ethernet cable.
- If the status LED is orange for a longer time after unplugging and plugging the Ethernet cable, then DHCP is configured, but no DHCP server was found in the network. After a timeout, the last IP address is configured manually.
- If there is a physical link (status LED is green) to the device, but you can not access the web server, bring the device into bootloader mode and search for it with GBL_Conf.exe^[18]. Then check the TCP-IP parameters and change them if necessary.
- If the device is not found by GBL_Conf.exe in bootloader mode, you can reset the settings to factory defaults^[24] as the last option.

Why is a device sporadically no longer accessible when DHCP is activated?

- If DHCP is activated but no DHCP server can be reached, the last IP-address continues to be used. However, the DHCP client tries to reach a DHCP server again every 5 minutes. The DHCP request lasts one minute until it is aborted. During this time the IP-address is not accessible! It is therefore essential to deactivate DHCP for a static IP addresses!

3. What can be done if the device is no longer accessible, but the buttons still respond?

- Entering or leaving the bootloader mode does not change the state of the relays. In the chapter Maintenance^[23] there is a description how to activate the bootloader by pressing the buttons and how to exit the bootloader afterwards. This will restart the firmware without switching relays. However, this procedure does not help if the network itself is incorrectly configured.

4. Where is the serial number stored in the device?

The serial number is not stored in the device, but only visible on the device label. However, you can display the MAC address in the IP address configuration^[42]. If you contact Gude Systems Support with the MAC address, we will be happy to give you the corresponding serial number.

5. Why does it sometimes take so long to configure new SNMPv3 passwords on the website?

The authentication methods "SHA-384" and "SHA-512" are calculated purely in software, and can not use the crypto hardware. On the configuration page, e.g. "SHA-512", needs up to 45 seconds to calculate the key.

6. Can you enter multiple e-mail recipients?

- Yes. In the E-Mail configuration in the Recipient Address field, it is possible to enter multiple e-mail addresses separated by commas. The input limit is 100 characters.

7. Why did the MIB tables change after the firmware update?

- Since the number of possible event types was increased, the previous trap design resulted in an excess of trap definitions: See Change in Trap Design^[76].

8. Importing an older firmware

- During a firmware update, old data formats are sometimes converted to new structures. If an older firmware is newly installed, the configuration data and the energy meters may be lost! If the device then does not run correctly, please restore the factory settings (e.g. from the Maintenance Page^[21]).

9. Disable switching events

- You can set the sending of syslog, emails etc. when switching ports (only concerns Gude devices with relays) under "System" in the sensor configuration^[61].

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